The Library of Congress'

EARLY STATE RECORDS PROJECT

converted from the original microfilm held by the
Vincent C. Immel Law Library, Saint Louis University

through the generous support of a grant from the

Council on Library and Information Resources

APPENDIX.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Fellow Citizens of the Senate and House of Representatives:

In obedience to the command of the constitution, it has again become my duty to give to the legislative assembly information touching the condition of the state, and recommend such measures as "I judge" to be expedient.

But first and above all, our thanks are due to Almighty God for the numerous blessings bestowed upon the people of this state; and our united prayers ought to ascend to Him that He would continue to bless our young and growing state, *in time to come*, as He has blessed it in time past.

Since the adjournment of the last legislative assembly, an unusual degree of health has been enjoyed. The earth has yielded her fruits abundantly and has bountifully rewarded the toil of the husbandman

Mineral wealth has been discovered within our borders and almost at our doors, the development of which, bids fair to startle the most sanguine and convince the most incredulous. Our great staples command high prices, and our manufacturing, mineral and mechanical occupations share lagely in the general prosperity

Our state is out of debt, with thousands in the treasury, and she possesses all the elements of material wealth in rich abundance. But the best of all is, that while there have been differences of opinion on the great questions of the day, that greatest of *scourges*, civil war, has not been visited upon us.

The Willamette valley, with its three millions of acres of rich land—with abundance of water and timber, surrounded as it is with beds of iron, copper, silver and gold, is to be the garden as well as the casket of the Pacific coast,

The early development of the agricultural, manufacturing and commercial resources of the Willamette valley, is an element to the future prosperity of the state of Oregon, that has been too much lost sight of, and obscured, by the glitter of the gold fields that lie within, and upon its eastern borders It has been impossible for the inhabitant of the valley, the mechanic, the lawyer, the doctor, the merchant, and last, not least, the farmer, upon whose labor and whose products the welfare and occupations of all the rest are based, to withstand the temptations presented by John Day, Boise and Owyhee The result has been the destruction and neglect of interests, that, properly attended, would have produced as rich a golden harvest to the many as do the mines to the fortunate few. Yet so long as little or no inducement is presented to the agriculturist, to till the fertile acres of the Willamette valley—so long as the cost of transportation of this produce to market equals or exceeds that market price, so long will the plough

and the harrow, the reaper, the loom, and all their attendant pursuits of industry and useful labor, and the comfortable and plenteous homes, be exchanged for the miner's shanty, the pick, the shovel, the quartz mill and arastra, and thousands of disappointed men, who might be useful citizens, be led to worthless lives, and much of the rich lands of the "best valley on the Pacific coast," be as useless and unproductive as an arid waste.

To change all this in this valley will not injure, but will benefit every other interest, whether agricultural, manufacturing or mining, in every other section of our state. We can double the population of the Willamette valley, or increase it in any other ratio, and yet not diminish the numbers who will still flock to the mines, or who will seek homes in other portions of Oregon—the mining population will rather increase as we increase, and as our greater prosperity will give them a better base for supplies of all kinds, and equally benefit our valley by increasing demands, supplying us with what we may call a home market, in which no other producers can successfully compete.

The question of market for our produce has been thought to be a difficult one. It has been asked what are we to do with our breadstuffs, if we exceed home and mining consumption? No difficulty need be apprehended on this score No more wheat or other cereals need be raised than the demands of the market require; other articles than breadstuffs can and will be produced that will find or make a profitable market. Our lands will grow the best of flax, of hemp, of tobacco; our sheep will give us an abundance of the best wool; we have inexhaustible forests of lumber, countless herds of cattle; and in the wake of all these we can have linen manufactories, oil mills, rope walks, woolen mills, tobacco factories, saw mills, tanneries, foundries and machine shops, and the countless pursuits of an industrious and enterprising population, growing out of a true development of the agricultural resources of one of the most beautiful and fertile valleys of this continent.

The key to this most desired change—the movement in which will follow increased intelligence, morality, wealth, benevolent institutions, education, and in short, all that serves to make a nation or a state great and prosperous, is increased facilities of trasportation and intercommunication. Where nature has not furnished great highways of navigable waters, along whose margins all is life and activity, man has by artificial channels—by canals, turnpikes and railroads—infused new life and vigor into regions which otherwise would have remained, at best, the favorite hunting grounds of wandering savages.

The Willamette valley is not entirely destitute of channels of transportation and intercommunication, but it needs, imperatively needs a railroad. There are within the subdivisional surveys of the Willamette valley, between the Coast range and Cascade mountains, and the Columbia river and the Calapooia mountains, in round numbers, three million of acres of land; of this, at least two million acres are good arable lands, capable of producing more than average crops of wheat, oats, barley, potatoes and other roots; flax, hemp, tobacco, etc.; the remainder, or one million of acres, are good hill lands, well adapted to sheep husbandry and other grazing.

It is estimated that one-third of this surveyed land (one million of acres) lying on either side of the central line of the valley, and being a strip of land one hundred and thirty miles long, north and south, with a width of twelve miles, east and west, is worth to-day at least eight dollars per acre, or eight million dollars; the remaining two million acres at least two dollars per acre, four million dollars. Estimate town property at least three million dollars, we have a total of real estate of fifteen million dollars.

It is estimated that a railroad will cost forty thousand, or perhaps fifty thousand dollars per mile, thoroughly constructed and equipped through the Willamette valley, where the character of the country presents as favorable circumstances and facilities for railroad construction, with easy grades and good lines, as any line of equal length in the United States. Such a line, say from Portland to Eugene City, or its vicinity, can be located and built, not exceeding one hundred and fifteen miles in length, which, at the larger price, fifty thousand

dollars, to be safe, amounts to five million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars. With such a road built, we should have at least one million of acres of land lying contiguous to the line, and within five or six miles of stations, worth at least twenty dollars per acre, which is twenty million; two million of acres would, at least, average five dollars per acre, which is ten million dollars more; and town property would undoubtedly advance fifty per cent., or to four million five hundred thousand dollars—making a total at the date of completion of railroad, of thirty-four million five hundred thousand dollars, or an increase of real estate valuation of nineteen million five hundred thousand dollars, and sufficient to build more than three such roads.

Compare this project for a road with any other plan for increasing the facilities of transportation, and notice first the enterprise of improving the navigation of the Willamette river, from the foot of the Clackamas rapids to the head of Rock island rapids, including locks and canal at Oregon City, it would be safe to estimate a cost of a least five hundred thousand dollars to render that part of the river navigable at all seasons for a medium sized class boats—calculations by Col. Belden, to whom I make acknowledgements. And above Rock island the river is navigable to Salem for eight, and to Corvallis for six months, and above there to Eugene City rarely more than three or four trips annually. The numerous bars, shoals and rapids will require great outlay to make this navigation good throughout the year. The character of the bottom lands through which it flows, full of side sloughs and channels, and liable at seasons of high water to cut new channels, and to destroy and render useless any improvements which may have been made, are obstacles of too much magnitude for any company to encounter; and should even a good slackwater navigation be successfully completed, the boats and river would not benefit so extensively as a railroad, and could not compete with it. A canal around the Oregon City falls, is an improvement very desirable and very important, but should be regarded as having for its primary object the control of that magnificent water-power.

In advocating a railroad for the Willamette valley, it is not intended to operate against the enterprise that some entertain, of a road continuous from Portland to the Sacramento; for the Willamette valley railroad would be one link in that route, and just so much of it provided for. When the meagre amount of congressional aid in lands or money is considered, and compared with the expense of a road through the thin population, and over the rugged mountains of southern Oregon and northern California, it does seem that if it is possible to find the men of means and of character, with courage enough to undertake the herculean task, the Willamette valley railroad ought to be considered within our means. A company can be organized with a capital of two or three million of dollars, with power to issue mortgage bonds to an equal amount; and of current dates, with actual paid amounts of installments on stock subscriptions. A portion of this capital stock could be so expended in lands lying contiguous to the line of railroad, or stock subscriptions, in part, might be taken in lands, so that the increased value of those lands would materially aid in the construction, or be made to reimburse the stockholders in lieu of dividends, until the business of the road should sufficiently increase. This large capital is not to be raised at once; it could hardly be expected that such an enterprise should be less than four years from inception to completion; therefore, not more than one-fourth of the capital would be called for annually. There are enough men in this state, abundantly able to take their share of one-half of this stock, and they certainly know of men of capital elsewhere, whom they could induce to invest in an enterprise that promises so well.

The aid of congress to a road from Portland to the Sacramento, is desirable, and the company which might undertake the valley road, would be unwise not to accept or ask for such aid, or take steps by which it might participate with the continuous road; but it would be equally unwise to regard such aid as the only inducement to embark in this railroad enterprise. We must show that we are willing in this matter to do something more than pray for aid; we must take hold of the wheel, and ourselves try to lift it from the mire to the firm land.

As an instance of enterprise that does not ask, and does not need extraneous aid, it is only necessary to mention the Oregon Steam Navigation company, which, with a property of at least two million of dollars, the creation of their own sagacity and vigor, seek no aid in developing the great resources of the Columbia river valley and Eastern Oregon, than that derived from the voluntary patronage of the public.

In view of connection with a trans-continental railroad, the Willamette valley railroad would be in position to connect with, and *aid*, either in the construction of the Sacramento route, thus connecting with the California Central Pacific, or the route of a Pacific branch railroad, from Humboldt valley, via Owyhee, Lake Harney, and middle fork of the Willamette. It would not compete with either of these railroad routes, or with a northern trans-continental route, but would be of substantial aid to all. Whatever can be done by business men and legislation to forward this great enterprise, should receive early attention.

EDUCATION.

Article VIII, section 1, of the constitution, says: "The governor shall be superintendent of Public Instruction, and his power and duties in that capacity shall be such as may be prescribed by law; but after the term of five years from the adoption of this constitution, it shall be competent for the legislative assembly to provide by law for the election of a superintendent, to provide for his compensation, and prescribe his powers and duties." Five years time has elapsed since the adoption of the constitution; two years more will expire before a superintendent of public instruction can be elected by the people. The best safeguard for republican institutions, is general intelligence among the people. I mean that culture which expands and cultivates the soul as well as the mind.

According to the census of 1850, there were nearly half a million of the native white population of the revolted states, over twenty years of age, who could neither read nor write. The number of legal voters in the United States who are in the same deplorable state of ignorance, is greater than the usual majority by which a president is elected. Where there are no common schools there are the demonstrations of treason and secession.

A good state superintendent of public instruction, well paid, so that he can devote the proper time to the duties of the office, can do very much in many ways to elevate the standard of education in this state, and to prepare the rising generation for the great future which is before them. Two thousand dollars a year cannot be better expended for the interest of this state, than by paying for the services of a competent man, who will devote his time and talents in discharging the duties of that office.

Teaching should be a profession, as permanent as it is honorable and useful. To accomplish this object, a higher rate of wages should be paid in this state. The rate of wages paid teachers in public schools, is from twenty-five to sixty-five dollars per month; in high schools, from fifty to one hundred dollars per month. What man conducting a large business would entrust it to a cheap clerk, worth only from twenty-five to fifty dollars per month? Yet many such send their children to teachers who are paid such wages. As long as the same attainments care and attention demand a greater compensation in other occupations, so long will teachers make that business a stepping-stone to something better.

A New York county superintendent remarks: "Is it true that the education of our children is really of less value than any of the other objects and pursuits in life, that men are engaged in? One thing is certain, that less wages are paid to worthy, qualified, and faithful teachers of children, than to laborers of the same qualifications in any other calling, while, at the same time, it cannot be denied that the teachers of our state, are doing more to form and direct the habits of thought, and mould the characters, mental and moral, of the next generation, than all other professions and callings combined. It is true, complaints are

made that teachers do not qualify themselves properly for the performance of their high and responsible trust; and this complaint is just in many instances, but it is equally true that more than half of our best qualified teachers are literally starved out of the profession, not because they prefer some other, but because necessity compels them to flee to something else, to get bread for themselves and families. Now, how can our schools be elevated to, and maintained at that high standard which the best interests of our common country, the prosperity of our state, and the welfare of our institutions require, so long as the present system continues, of thrusting out our devoted and experienced teachers, and supplying their places with those who will work cheap."

The law provides that a district shall not be entitled to public funds unless, through its clerk, an annual report is made to the county superintendent. In some instances, in 1863, districts lost their share of funds, for want of such report, and no remedy could be had. To provide a remedy, and for the purpose of gathering statistical information, through the county superintendents, in January last, I prepared a circular letter, had them printed and distributed to the directors of school districts, in the various counties, calling attention to the law, and urged a compliance therewith

The law also provides that the county superintendents of common schools for each county, shall, by the first Monday of April of each year, make a report to the superintendent of public instruction, of the condition of the common schools of his county.

As but few reports were received in 1863, some of which were informal and unsatisfactory, early in February, 1864, I prepared a circular letter, and obtained printed blank forms for reports, and sent them to the county superintendents of each county. The superintendents of the various counties, excepting Wasco, Tillamook and Curry, promptly responded, by filling the blanks thus furnished. In some counties the reports were imperfect, as it was the first time anything of the kind had been required, and the districts were not as prompt and careful in reporting to the county superintendents, as they ought to have been.

By the reports it appears that there are eighteen thousand six hundred and seventy-nine children in the state, between the ages of four and twenty; that there are four hundred and twenty-three school districts; three hundred and forty-one school houses; that the total value of the school houses is ninety-six thousand six hundred and eighty-two dollars, that there are twenty-one academies in the state; value, one hundred and eight thousand dollars. Total average attendance at the academies, one thousand two hundred and five Whole number of teachers employed in the state, three hundred and sixty-two Average wages paid male teachers, forty-four dollars and fifty cents, female, twenty-nine dollars and forty-three cents per month. See "Abstracts of reports," in appendix, herewith transmitted.

The proposition of the government of the United States, granting ninety thousand acres of land to this state for the endowment of an agricultural college, was duly accepted by the last legislative assembly, notice of which has been given to the secretary of the interior. At the same session five commissioners were appointed, who after giving notice, were required to meet within the next six months, at Corvallis, receive propositions and locate the college Due notice was given, by publication in newspapers and by posters, of the time of meeting, but at the time appointed there was not a quorum present, and as the law required that a majority should concur in the selection of the site, no location was made.

As will more fully appear hereafter, there is great difficulty in finding lands subject to location in this state I have considered it of paramount importance to first select the lands for the benefit of common schools. Enough of that class has not yet been found to make up the amount to which the state is entitled, therefore no lands have yet been selected for the benefit of the agricultural college. There are still three years in which the provisions of said act of congress may be complied with As appears by the report of the commissioners

of the school fund, herewith transmitted, the amount of the school fund is fifteen thousaad and thirty-six dollars and seventy-six cents; of which, five thousand one hundred and seven dollars and five cents is in the treasury. The amount of the university fund is eight thousand and nine hundred dollars and sixty-one cents, of which, four hundred and seven dollars and seventy-one cents is on hand.

The school fund derived from escheats is three thousand and seventy dollars and fifty-four cents, of which, three hundred is on hand. The funds not on hand have been loaned mostly by preceding commissioners, and secured by mortgages, drawing interest at from ten to fifteen per cent. per annum.

The school laws need revising. The State Teachers' Association, at its last meeting, appointed a competent committee to revise them. The blanks heretofore referred to, have been furnished at my own expense The law ought to allow the superintendent of public instruction to procure necessary blanks at the expense of the state

INSANE ASYLUM.

The census of 1860 showed that there were twenty-three insane persons in Oregon By act of September 27th, 1862, the governor was required to contract with some suitable person or persons in the state, for the safe keeping, care and medical treatment of all indigent insane and idiotic persons in this state. At that time it was well known that Drs. Hawthorne and Loryea, gentlemen of high standing in their profession, had erected in East Portland a private asylum and hospital. In connection therewith appeared to be every convenience for the safety, care and comfort of the insane, which could be reasonably expected in a new country. No other persons applied for the contract, and none other desired it to my knowledge Accordingly a contract was executed between the state of Oregon and Drs. Hawthorne & Loryea on the 29th day of September, 1862, requiring said persons to receive, safely keep, care for and furnish proper medical treatment and clothing to all indigent insane and idiotic persons sent to them by the county court of any county in this state until discharged—for which the state agreed to pay twelve dollars per week for each person so sent. For the faithful performance of that contract said Hawthorne and Loryea entered into bonds, with good surety in the penal sum of ten thousand dollars.

By said law I was required to appoint two visiting and inspecting physicians, whose duties should be to monthly visit the asylum and report upon the condition of the institution and its inmates. Accordingly I appointed Drs. R Glisan and R. B Wilson, gentlemen of honor and acknowledged ability and character in the medical profession. They have faithfully discharged the duties required of them, and that too, under a law which made no provision for the payment for their services. I respectfully recommend that provision be made for a just compensation for their services. It should be remembered in passing upon their claims, that those gentlemen had to cross the Willamette river on their way to and from the asylum, and also travel a distance greater than men usually wish to walk. They were also required to make monthly written reports in which they speak approvingly of the management of the asylum. I herewith transmit their annual report and call especial attention to the same

The law also requires that I shall visit the institution every six months and examine the same.

I have visited the asylum much more frequently than required by law, and take pleasure in saying that Drs. Hawthorne and Loryea have faithfully complied with their contract. I have examined the census of 1860, and the reports from a large number of insane asylums in the United States, and find the per-centage in Oregon is not near as large as in California, and is below that of many other states The per-centage of cures also compares favorably with other institutions. See following table, to-wit:

PERCENTAGE OF INSANITY AND RECOVERIES.

STATES.	Percentage of insane persons to population. Census Report, 1860.	Percentage of recoveries for total admissions to State Asylum.
Maine	1.121	46 82
New Hampshire	1 552	31.63
Massachusetts	1 710	41 83
Connecticut	0.611	43 26
Rhode Island	1.646	46 20
New York	1·112	39 55
Pennsylvania	0 952	39 26
New Jersey	0 876	37 70
Maryland	0.815	36.12
Virginia	0.738	32 47
District of Columbia	2.720	41.86
South Carolina	0 450	50 72
Mississippi	0 344	35.59
Louisiana	0.238	38.09
Ohio	0.983	50.83
Illinois	0.399	52 50
California	1.200	18 60
Oregon	0.438	32 50

(Census 1860, and summary of reports from Oregon asylum)

It must be borne in mind, that the ratio of cures to admissions must be less in a young asylum than in one long established. From nineteen patients in December, 1862, the number has increased to fifty-one in August, 1864 During that time, forty-three new cases have been admitted and fourteen have been discharged, cured. In older institutions the number of patients is usually more constant, and the admissions, in many cases, can only be made as vacancies occur by discharge and death, the percentage of recoveries is, therefore, only apparently greater. It will be observed that the percentage of recoveries in the Oregon asylum is much greater than in California; is a trifle greater than in New Hampshire, and is equal to that in Virginia.

The ratio in the foregoing table of insane persons to the population is taken from the census returns of 1860. The number of insane then was twenty-three: but there are fifty-one patients in the asylum, and supposing our population to be now about eighty thousand, the ratio for Oregon will be 0.638 per cent, in lieu of 0.438. Of the fifty-one patients in the asylum, five are private patients and not a charge upon the state I think the asylum has been well arranged and conducted. I am not as well satisfied that the prices the state is now paying are not too high. The entire expenses of the asylum to the state have been thirty-seven thousand, eight hundred and thirty-seven and fifty-six hundredths dollars, during the last two years. Last winter, the proprietors of the asylum urgently requested me to extend their contract for five years, in view of contemplated additions and improvements, referred to in the petition which I herewith transmit. It will be seen that the petition is signed by

many heavy tax payers and highly respectable citizens. But after due deliberation, I thought best to refer the matter to your honorable body. The true policy of the state requires that at some future day an asylum be built at the expense of the state, to be under the exclusive control of the legislative assembly and officers appointed by the members thereof. For that purpose, a tract of good land should be secured, at an early day, of not less than ten acres, upon which the same should be erected. Until that time, say for five years to come, the state should contract with Messrs. Hawthorne & Loryea, or some other competent person or persons, for the cure and treatment of the indigent insane.

For that purpose, I respectfully recommend that a committee be appointed from among your number for the purpose of negotiating the terms of a contract with Messrs. Hawthorne & Loryea.

The constitution requires "that all public institutions of the state hereafter provided for by the legislative assembly shall be located at the seat of government," hence the selection of lands and location must be made at Salem, the capital of the state. J. L. Parrish and wife, during the last session of the legislative assembly, very generously offered to the state, for that purpose, ten acres of excellent land, well suited to the purposes desired.

The magnanimous offer was not accepted, but I am authorized to say that the same tender will be made again, and I recommend that the same be accepted; that a small appropriation be made for the purpose of fencing the same, planting a variety of shade trees, and otherwise preparing the same for the home of those unfortunate persons, who cannot be so well cared for and made happy in any other homes.

The present law requires each county to pay the expenses of transporting its insane to the asylum. This is unjust to the distant counties. Again, it appears to me there is no special reason why the insane and idiotic should be treated together in the same institution, and that the idiotic can be as well cared for, at less expense, in the counties where they reside. The risk incurred, care required, and expenses generally, are not as great as for the insane. I further recommend that the governor have authority to procure necessary blanks, for the purpose of securing uniformity in the papers and commitments, as well as to the institute, a system of checks which shall prevent the sending of persons as "indigent" who have property.

I make these suggestions after visiting the insane asylum at Stockton, California, and giving the subject considerable attention, I hope, for the sake of humanity and the reputation of our state, these unfortunate beings will not be turned out upon the charities of the world, "but that we may do unto them as we would that others should do unto us" in like circumstances.

Herewith I transmit the report of Drs Hawthorne and Loryea:

PENITENTIARY.

The penitentiary is located in the city of Portland, partly on block number one hundred and six, which belongs to Stephen Coffin, and partly on block number one hundred and seven, and covering sixty feet of ground, between the two blocks, which is marked on the plats of the city as a public street. The street, however, has never been graded or opened in the immediate vicinity of the penitentiary, nor does the immediate wants of the city in that locality appear to demand that the street should be opened at present. The location is a very improper one. There should be at least five acres of good land connected with a penitentiary, and it should be supplied with an abundance of pure water—neither of which can be obtained where the institution is now situated. Upon this point a committee appointed by the legislature of 1860, reported "That all the land in the vicinity of the penitentiary belonging to the state is so broken and rough, that the amount required to level and prepare the ground for improvement and occupancy, is equal to the expense of erecting and completing new buildings and improvements in almost any other locality."

Eventually the penitentiary will have to be moved to some more eligible locality; and, under the constitution, if it is moved from Portland it will have to be located at the capital. This is a wise provision, as all state institutions ought to be located where their workings and management can be readily seen by the state officers and members of the legislature.

At what time such removal should take place is a question which demands careful consideration

To remove it immediately, with a view of having the convicts make the brick for the building and assist in putting them up, would require the construction of temporary buildings of wood, with more or less iron work attached to secure the convicts. Such buildings would, in my judgment, cost five or six thousand dollars, and would probably be occupied at least a year and a half, during which time the convicts could be making brick and working on the main buildings Thereafter these temporary buildings would not be of much value to the State, though they might be so constructed as to be of some service for workshops

The expense for guards, clothing and provisions during the time such work was being accomplished, considering the probable increase of the number of convicts, might be estimated at twelve thousand dollars per annum, and should it take two years to build the penitentiary, would amount to twenty-four thousand dollars, and by adding the cost of temporary buildings, would amount to thirty thousand dollars This sum would have to be drawn from the state treasury, as nothing, otherwise, could be earned by the convicts in the meantime; and that sum, in my judgment, would be the lesser part of the expenses of building a good penitentiary. In case of removal, it may be well to consider what can be done with the old building. Some of the iron work could be removed to the new one, but as the property is now situated, the balance of it would be nearly a total loss to the state.

The brick cannot be taken down and used elsewhere to any advantage, and I have endeavored to obtain, from persons most likely to buy, a proposition to purchase the building, but none are disposed to invest

Should it be thought best not to remove the penitentiary for five or ten years. it will be necessary to make appropriations, not large, for more cells and improvements in the present building, and also to pass a law vacating the street between the blocks above referred to, and for the appropriation of the block belonging to Stephen Coffin, upon which a part of the penitentiary is situated. That block can be graded and fenced by the convicts, and upon it can be erected work-shops, so as to answer the purpose for at least five years Private property can be taken for public use by making just compensation, and commissioners can be appointed to appraise the block, and the State can pay the owner the value thereof thus ascertained. The owner of the block is unwilling to sell the same to the state. I am inclined to think the latter policy is the best for the interest of the state.

Since entering upon the duties of my office, I have granted twelve pardons to convicts in the penitentiary.

As required by the constitution, I have given briefly, in the "appendix," the reasons for granting the same.

During the time the penitentiary has been in charge of the present officers, five convicts have escaped; two have been returned. During the same time before there were thirty-five escapes.

By act of the last legislative assembly, I was appointed superintendent of the penitentiary, and took charge of the same on the first day of November, 1862.

I appointed A. C. R. Shaw, warden, and John C. Gardner, assistant warden, to whom most of the credit is due for the safety with which the convicts have been kept, and for the general prosperity attending the institution during the last two years Each has been faithful in his position, and ought to have received greater compensation for services.

The entire expenses of the penitentiary, including salary of officers and guards, since I have been superintendent of the same—twenty-two months—has been twenty thousand five hundred and twenty-two dollars and sixty cents. Of this sum considerable was paid to L. Besser, former lessee, for improvements, bedding and furniture, which belonged to him, and were purchased at lower rates than we could purchase the same elsewhere. The same property is still on hand.

The entire earnings of the convicts during the same time has been seventeen thousand nine hundred and ninety-one dollars and fourteen cents; so that the expenses only exceed the amount earned by the convicts by two thousand five hundred and thirty-one dollars and fifty-two cents. For the particulars and items of the account I respectfully refer to the report of the warden, which is herewith transmitted.

It is now evident that the penitentiary, with proper work-shops and conveniences for manufacturing purposes, can be made self-sustaining.

With the limited room in the penitentiary, and in the absence of machinery, all kinds of saddle-trees, cinches and apparahoes, as well as clothing for convicts, are now made to advantage. No money has been drawn from the state treasury, excepting upon vouchers; and all the earnings, as far as collected, have been paid into the treasury. These vouchers embrace every article purchased, the date of purchase, from whom, and the price paid, as well as the salary of officers and guards. These vouchers, when certified to be correct, are the authority for the secretary to draw his warrant for the amount on the state treasurer, and the vouchers are filed in the office of the secretary of state, so that any one can go and see to whom every dollar has been paid, and for what purpose.

Unless the penitentiary is removed, I recommend that the present system be substantially retained, with an amendment, requiring the election of a superintendent of the penitentiary in place of myself; and that he be empowered to offer rewards for escaped convicts.

MILITIA.

Military men of the past generation have long forseen and prophesied the mortifying results of the apathetic condition into which the community has fallen during the last twenty years in regard to the provisions of constitutional law, which supports a militia system as one of the *fundamental institutions of our government.*

It is the moral, more than the physical power of a well organized state militia, which is felt in the execution of law, preserving order, preventing and quelling invasion and insurrection. When it is known by instigators of mobs, riots and those who would resist the execution of legal process, that there is a well organized military power at hand, little or no danger may be apprehended. Every citizen owes as much of his military service to his government, as is necessary to preserve it, as much as he owes his taxes for its support.

All of my predecessors have recommended the organization and maintaining of a well trained militia.

Gov. Whiteaker, in his message of September, 1860, very properly remarked that, "there is no state or territory belonging to the American union, in which a well trained militia is more likely to be needed than in Oregon." The last legislature passed a militia law, the main features of which are good, and with slight amendments, it ought to remain on our statute books and be enforced.

Under it sixteen independent companies have been organized in the state and nearly all are well equipped and drilled.

The law requires all able bodied persons between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, to pay two dollars a year as a military tax, or to join some independent company. Those who join such companies receive two dollars a day for the time they are required to drill. This is just, as all the benefits arising from such organization are shared by all others, and a few ought not to be required to perform the military service for the many without some compensation.

In some of the counties, this tax has not been promptly paid, and I recommend that more efficient means be provided for its collection.

At the breaking out of the rebellion, most of the troops of the regular army in Oregon were ordered east In the fall of 1861, orders came to raise a regiment of cavalry Col T. R Cornelius was requested to raise and command the same. He entered upon the work with energy, and faithfully discharged his duties until his resignation. The order came late in the season; the winter following was a severe one, and in the spring, while enlistments were being rapidly made, an order came to cease recruiting, hence but six companies were raised.

On the 5th of January, 1863, by Brig. Gen Alvord, commanding district of Oregon, I was requested to raise additional companies to fill the regiment. Accordingly, on the following day I issued my proclamation calling for volunteers, and appointed recruiting officers. Gold excitements and other causes prevented the raising of more than one company, which was mustered into the service under command of H. C. Small. Incident to the raising of that company are some small bills which the state ought to pay. One to Mr Veeder, proprietor of the Temperance House, in Portland, for meals and lodging for recruits who stopped there necessarily on their way to Fort Vancouver

After the resignation of Col Cornelius, Col. R F. Maury took command of the regiment. Before and since that time, the Snake and other tribes of Indians, in eastern Oregon, have been hostile and constantly committing depredations. The regiment has spent two summers on the plains furnishing protection to the immigration, and to the trade and travel in that region of country. During the past summer, the regiment has travelled over twelve hundred miles and the officers and men are still out on duty.

The officers and most, if not all of the men, joined the regiment through patriotic motives, and while some of the time they have been travelling over rich gold fields, where laborer's wages are from three to five dollars per day, there have been very few desertions, and that too, while they were being paid in depreciated currency, making their wages only about five dollars per month. A great majority of these men have no pecuniary interest in keeping open lines of travel, protecting mining districts and merchants and traders The benefit of their services thus inures to the benefit of others, who should help those faithful soldiers in bearing these burdens.

Oregon, in proportion to her population and wealth, has paid far less than any other state for military purposes. California pays her volunteers five dollars per month extra, in coin. It would be but an act of simple justice for this state to make good to the members of this regiment, their losses by depreciated currency.

In a few months, the members of this regiment of Oregon cavalry, will be entitled to a discharge, as their term of enlistment will soon expire. Troops to take their places are needed, and must be had Oregon is liable to be called upon to furnish two regiments, and if the call is made, they must be furnished. I think, however, only a call for one will be made, and that will be to fill the regiment of Oregon cavalry. How shall we respond to such a call? Shall we pass a law giving bounties to volunteers, sufficient to secure their services, as other states have done, or shall we do nothing and make a draft necessary and certain? In my judgment, justice and policy requires us to pursue the former course.

On the 12th day of September, 1861, by requisition of Col. George Wright, commanding department of the Pacific, his excellency Gov. Whiteaker, issued a proclamation calling for one company of volunteer cavalry On the 23d day of October, 1861, the order was rescinded In the meantime, A. P Dennison had been appointed recruiting officer, entered upon the duties of his office, appointed assistance, and incurred liabilities, it is claimed, against the state, amounting to one thousand nine hundred and eighty-five dollars and twenty-five cents; an account of which can be found in house journal of 1862, page 25 of appendix. The call was authoritatively made, and I recommended that a committee be appointed to take the matter into consideration.

COUNTIES.

I have received petitions from the citizens of Canyon city, Wasco county, praying for the organization of a new county, I have no doubt but that a new county ought to be created there, and perhaps another in the eastern part of the state. The organization of one or more counties in that judicial district, will considerably increase the duties and expenses of the circuit judge.

The salaries of all the judges are too small, and if new counties are created in the fifth judicial district, the salary of the judge ought to be increased.

CENSUS.

Sec. 1, Article IV, of the constitution, requires that "the legislative assembly shall, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and every ten years after, cause an enumeration to be made of all white population of the State." I therefore, respectfully recommend that a law be passed requiring the assessors to make such enumeration next year; and that the secretary of state be authorized and required to prepare and furnish the assessors all necessary blanks for that purpose. The secretary of state is required to do many acts in which the state is not directly interested. His salary is small, and the business of the state rapidly increasing. I therefore recommend that he be authorized to collect reasonable fees for such services, to be paid by the persons interested.

DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND.

By special request, I herewith transmit communications from the trustees of the institution, for the deaf, dumb, and blind, located at San Francisco.

LIBRARY.

In accordance with the act of October 19th, 1860, I drew seven hundred and fifty dollars from the treasury, placed the same in the hands of Hon. B. F. Harding, with a request that he expend the same in New York for law books. The trust was faithfully executed; the books were well selected, and they are now in the state library. The freight, etc., made the entire expenses of the books, seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and ninety-four cents.

FINANCES.

The amount of money in the treasury on the 8th day of September, 1862, was thirty-five thousand nine hundred and fourteen dollars and forty-three cents. At that time, however, there were outstanding, nineteen hundred and forty-one dollars and twenty-three cents in unpaid warrants, making the amount of thirty-three thousand nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty cents.

The total receipts from all sources, including the amount in the treasury, September 8, 1862, up to September, 1864, has been one hundred and sixty-four thousand four hundred and ninety-nine dollars and thirty-eight cents. The balance in the treasury at this time, is eleven thousand four hundred and fifty-four dollars and forty cents; for particulars of which, see reports of the secretary and treasurer, herewith transmitted.

In addition to the above, there is due the state for taxes of 1863, from the counties of Jackson, Josephine, Douglas, Lane, Benton and Clatsop, the sum of twenty thousand seven hundred and twelve dollars and fourteen cents.

They proposed to pay the same in United States treasury notes, now worth forty cents on the dollar: but the state treasurer could not receive them, as a majority of the justices of the supreme court of Oregon had decided in harmony with the decisions of other states, that such notes could not be received in payment for taxes. If these counties continue to refuse payment, the treasury will soon be empty.

TAXES.

The real estate of the country pays proportionately the highest rate of taxes. I respectfully recommend that a law be passed requiring every tax-payer to give to the assessor, both county and city, a sworn statement, under penalty, showing the amount of property he has, or in which he is interested, under the following heads:

First—All real property

Second—All household and kitchen furniture, all law, medical and miscellaneous libraries

Third—All stocks of goods on hand, all goods, wares, merchandise and chattels of every description.

Fourth—All money on hand, or in deposit in bank or banks, or with individuals, and all gold dust.

Fifth—All money at interest, or loaned, whether secured by pledge, mortgage or otherwise, all solvent debts, exceeding what may be due from such person, corporation, association or firm

Sixth—All horses, mules, oxen, cows, calves, beef cattle, hogs, sheep, goats, jacks and jennets, and cattle of every description, wagons, carriages, and other vehicles, whether for use, pleasure or hire

Seventh—All machines or machinery, and all works and implements not fixed to the soil; and not included in the term "real estate," as defined above.

Eighth—All storeships and hulks, all steamers, vessels and water craft of every kind and name, either owned in whole or in part by a resident or residents of this state, or registered in this state, or navigating the waters of any river or bay, within this state, giving the names and value separately of each of such storeships, hulks, steamers, vessels and water craft

Ninth—The capital stock of all corporations, companies, associations, firms or individuals doing business or having an office in this state.

Tenth—All other property which is not otherwise taxed.

CODE

At the regular session of the legislative assembly in the year 1860, a code commission was appointed to prepare a code, to be submitted to the succeeding assembly One of the gentlemen named on the commission, being desirous of going east soon after, declined the labor, and the remaining members of the commission, induced Judge Deady to take his place.

At the regular session of the assembly for the year 1862, the commission reported a complete code of civil procedure, entitled "An act to provide a code of civil procedure," together with the following general laws:

An act providing for private incorporations and the appropriation of private property therefor.

An act to provide for limited partnerships

An act to regulate marriages

An act providing for the working of public roads and highways

These acts, including the one to provide a code of civil procedure, were passed at that session of the assembly, after careful consideration, substantially as reported.

At the same session, the assembly passed an act authorizing Judge Deady to complete the code, and report to the next session of the assembly. In this act no specific compensation was provided. I suppose, however, it was understood that the commissioner would be paid as before, at the rate of five dollars per day for the time actually employed in the work

From an informal report to the executive office, I am authorized to state to you, that the commissioner is prepared to report to you, at this session, "An act to establish a code of criminal procedure and to define crimes and their punishments," consisting of forty-eight chapters and seven hundred and thirty sections. Also, an act of twelve chapters, regulating the civil and criminal pro-

cedure in justices' courts, in cases where the procedure in the courts of record is inadequate or unsuited to the subject. These two acts complete the code of the state in all matters relating to proceedings in courts, and everything connected therewith. From examination of the work as it has progressed, I feel warranted in commending it to you, and hope it will receive your careful and favorable consideration. It is much needed in the state.

Since the passage of the code of civil procedure, its merits and demerits have been very freely canvassed at the bar and among the people. The principal cause of complaint has been the insufficiency of the index. This complaint may be admitted to be true in a good measure, but the publication was a temporary one, in pamphlet form, and the time limited in which to prepare the index. However this may be, the index does not affect the merits of the code. Another objection, which was urged with some pertinacity on the first appearance of the code, is the want of a provision prohibiting persons other than white persons from testifying as witnesses in the courts. This objection has probably been made more of during the past summer than it otherwise would, for political effect at the recent election. It is founded in prejudice and error rather than reason. The rule which would exclude all others than white people from the witness box, assumes that a jury of white men cannot be trusted to determine the value of the evidence of a negro, a Chinaman, or an Indian. This experience has been shown to be incorrect. The policy of the law should be to give to the jury all evidence bearing upon the point in dispute, let it come from what source it may; and let them determine, as reasonable and just men, what is worthy of belief and what not. The probability is that an inferior class of persons, to some extent under the ban of society, will, on account of the common prejudice, more often fail to receive the credit they are entitled to from a jury, than otherwise.

Some objections have been made to that part of the code prescribing the rules of evidence. A few words upon this subject. The common law, which is the substratum of all municipal law in most of the United States, was gradually formed from the decisions of courts and the elementary treatises of learned men, running through centuries of time. These rules of law, so established, were only to be found scattered through many musty volumes, inaccessible to the mass of mankind, and often couched in technical terms and language, unintelligible to them. Besides, in the progress of time, owing to the change of manners, habits, and pursuits, interests and political condition, many of these rules of law were changed or became inapplicable or obsolete. For the past twenty years many of the best minds of the country, feeling the necessity that the laws of a free country should be made intelligible and accessible to the mass of the people, have been persistently endeavoring to eliminate from this confused mass of dead and living matter, all that was adapted to our condition and capable of being made useful to the community. The first movement was for the reform of the science of pleading, or the simplification of the statement of the cause of action or defense.

This is all there is in the science of codification. After that, it was applied to the law of evidence. Why not codify—reduce to system and declare, by legislative authority—the law of evidence as well as the law of pleading? There can be no reason urged against it, that is not inimical to the public good. Laws should not be framed or maintained to promote litigation, but prevent it, by making it unnecessary, as far as possible. A large portion of the unnecessary litigation of the past has been caused by want of a certain and definite rule in relation to evidence, and to the inherent difficulties in applying the arbitrary and technical rules intended to exclude interested parties or persons from the witness-box.

Those who are interested in perpetuating the causes of litigation, for the sake of litigation, and who only look to their own interests, may object to this portion of the code, which brings this branch of the law within the reach and comprehension of the people at large; but the assembly acting for all, and for the public good, should not be influenced by objections springing from such motives

or founded upon such partial interests. Of course, I do not presume to say the code is perfect—no mere human work is—but I think a good one for the people and country for which it is intended.

If it is deemed desirable to amend or change it in any particular, I advise to act cautiously and sparingly Time and use are necessary to accommodate a people to any code, and changes once begun may never end The legislature which succeeds you, are just as likely to attempt some changes where you may deem that none is needed. Too often an attorney or a client, finding some provision of the code in the way of his interest or success in a particular cause, seeks to have it modified at once, without considering (or perhaps caring) that the law should be a fair rule for all and calculated to promote justice, and not the interest of a particular person, or the forensic display of acumen of an advocate. Herewith I transmit the report of the commissioner.

In a few days I propose to call your attention to some other subjects, in the meantime, I submit the foregoing, with sentiments of profound gratitude to the good Providence which, during the last two years, has vouchsafed to give us peace, prosperity and the blessings of free institutions, and enables me to contemplate the result of your deliberations, as tending to the establishment of the fact that as a people, we are deserving of, and are determined to maintain the same.

ADDISON C. GIBBS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Salem, September 15th, 1864.

ABSTRACT OF REPORTS OF COUNTY SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENTS, APRIL, 1864.

COUNTIES.	Total number of Children between 4 and 20 years of age	Number of School Districts.	Number of School Houses	Value of School Houses.	Number of Academies.	Value of Academies.	Number of Academical Scholars.	Total Taxes levied and collected for School purposes.	Total expenses, including pay of Teachers.	Number of Teachers.	Pay of Teachers. Male.	Pay of Teachers. Female.	Pay of Academical Teachers.	REMARKS.
Benton	1,056	21	19	$ 6,000				$ 200 00	$3,609 00	17	$40 72	$20 10		
Baker	198	7						1,194 95	1,763 15	4				
Clackamas	1,457	42	42	10,000	1	$5,000	140		5,611 84	33	35 00	20 00	$ 55 00	
Clatsop	208	8	2	2,000				472 00	1,132 00	5	65 00	40 00		
Columbia	110	6	2	500				224 44	221 00	2	50 00	20 00		
Coos	105	5	2	250				290 47	76 50	2	50 00	40 00		
Curry														No Report
Douglas	1,100	37			3	5,000	115		1,108 00	26	45 00	30 00	100 00	Value of Academies estimated.
Jackson	736	27	15						997 98	21				
Josephine	179	7	5	1,400				1,070 44	1,100 75	5	45 00	25 00		
Linn	2,244	56	53	8,000	1	5,000	40	5,000 00	3,585 00	42	40 00	25 00	50 00	
Lane	1,863	57	57	18,000				649 51	4,333 05	30	35 00	28 00		Value of School Houses est'd.
Marion	2,715	38	45	18,000	5	45,000	85	9,072 50	7,500 00	42	45 00	30 00	80 00	
Multnomah	1,607	22	22	12,500	5	36,000	515	4,509 00	6,922 71	25	75 00	50 00	83 33	City Schools,
										40	40 00	25 00		County Schools.
Polk	1,747	31	27	10,000	3	5,000	120	599 89	2,268 00	40	33 33	25 00	80 00	
Tillamook														No Report.
Umatilla	187	6	3	1,000										
Wasco														No Report.
Washington	1,144	26	21	1,500	1	2,000	20	1,662 48	2,831 58	31	30 00	31 00	66 00	
Yamhill	1,464	32	26	4,532	2	5,000	170	1,209 51	2,313 10	28	32 00	23 40	40 00	
													33 00	
Total	18,679	423	341	$96,082	21	$108,000	1205	$20,155 19	$45,388 26	362	$44 51	$29 43	$65 26	

DRS. GLISAN AND WILSON'S REPORT.

PORTLAND, OREGON,
August 15th, 1864.

His Excellency, Addison C. Gibbs, Governor of Oregon:

SIR: We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 8th instant, requesting "a report upon the general condition of the insane of this state, and the propriety of the continuation of the present system, adopted for their cure; together with any suggestions we may be pleased to make on the subject."

The subject of insanity is, comparatively, a new theme for the consideration of our young state, yet in this age of progress, it behooves us, actuated by the noble excellencies of humanity, to embrace the privilege of alleviating the distress and contributing to the comfort and happiness of that unfortunate class of our fellow beings.

Means have been profusely expended; and the voluminous contributions from men of science, skill and experience, both in our own country and in Europe, are replete with valuable suggestions for the general management and treatment of the insane.

We look forward with pride to the future, when our infant state will be actively engaged in that philanthropic cause. The few closing lines of a description of insanity, written by a maniac in one of our eastern asylums, are expressive and not inappropriate here:

"Thou can'st not know nor feel,
O ye, whom God hath blessed with reason,
A tithe of what he suffers
For thus to know or feel,
Thou must become like him—
A MANIAC!"

The number of insane has slowly increased since the initiatory steps were taken by the state for their care and management. Many have been admitted for treatment in the asylum and discharged cured, while among the number remaining, many will prove hopelessly incurable. The deprivation of their liberty is the only complaint of a few; but although apparently hard to be separated from kindred and friends, yet it is proper that the insane should thus be isolated, in order to receive the requisite higienic, physical and moral treatment.

In view of all considerations, the general condition of the insane of the state, as presented for our inspection, is as good as could be anticipated. It affords us pleasure to state, that they are pleasantly situated, looking generally comfortable and happy, are plainly but neatly clad, healthy looking, and receive all the benefits and privileges of exercise in the open air.

The proprietors (Drs. Hawthorne and Loryea,) in the erection of their institution, have displayed a commendable degree of enterprise, and at a very considerable private outlay. The building is eligibly located in a salubrious section, abundantly supplied with water, and with sufficient cultivated and uncultivated ground to afford ample out-door exercise for the patients. With a little enlargement, and improvement outside, more especially for the benefit of the female department, the capacity of the buildings will be sufficient to accommodate many more than are at present in the institution.

In consideration of the small number of insane in the state, we deem the establishment of a state lunatic asylum upon a permanent basis, to be at present impolitic and premature.

In justice to the contractors, who have subjected themselves to a very heavy expense in their efforts to faithfully fulfil their contract with the state, we would respectfully recommend and suggest that the present system of taking care of the insane, with a few fair and judicious modifications, be adopted and continued for a few years, as in our judgements for the best interest of the state.

We have the honor to be
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servants,
R. B. WILSON, M. D.
R. GLISAN, M. D.

Visiting and Inspecting Physicians of the Oregon Asylum for the Insane.

PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF THE CONTRACT WITH DRS. HAWTHORNE AND LORYEA.

To His Excellency, Governor A. C. Gibbs:

The undersigned, physicians and proprietors of the Oregon insane asylum, beg leave, most respectfully, to call your attention to the following statement of facts, to-wit:

That in one year or less from this date, it will be absolutely necessary for the proper care and treatment of the insane under our charge, to build an additional wing to our present establishment, and that after the meeting of the next legislature, it will be too late in the fall to procure lumber properly seasoned, and the building would have to be erected during the rains of fall and winter.

That at present it requires from twelve to fifteen stoves to properly warm the various rooms and halls and we are thus continually exposed to the occurrence of fire; that we have written to parties in the east for the purpose of obtaining the necessary information regarding the price and applicability of a steam heating apparatus to our institution, and if the information should be at all satisfactory, we desire to order the same immediately, so that it may arrive and be put in position for use by next fall.

That the time of our contract being so very limited, it being less than a year, we are to a certain extent, restrained in our efforts to carry out fully, in letter and in spirit, the charitable intentions of the legislators, in their wise and munificient provisions made for this unfortunate class of our fellow citizens.

We therefore, in consideration of the foregoing facts, pray that your excellency will extend the time of our contract, so that we may be enabled to make the Oregon insane asylum a matter of pride as well as of increased usefulness.

HAWTHORNE & LORYEA,
Physicians and Proprietors, Oregon Insane Asylum.

November, 1863.

From all the information in our possession, we concur in the facts set forth in the foregoing statement, and would therefore recommend that further time be granted as prayed for in the above petition.

Thomas H. Pearne,	C. H. Lewis,	B. W Kimball,
Nelson Northrop,	Savier & Co,	Thos. F. Scott,
Silver & Fain,	Henry Law & Co,	E. M. Waite,
Jas. C. Van Rensselaer,	Joel Palmer,	J. C. Avery,
E. J. Northrup,	Walter Moffitt,	Humiston, Wilson & Co.,
J. A Strowbridge,	A. B. Richardson,	John B. Price,
C. M. Wiberg,	Tracy & King,	W. W Chapman,
P. Marquam,	Henry Failing,	Benj. F. Smith,

Harker Bros.,
William Beck,
Hodge & Calef,
S. J. McCormick,
John R. Foster & Co.,
T. B. Trevett,
E. J. DeHart,
John McCraken,
Geo. H. Flanders,
John H. Couch,
Alex. Dodge,
Wm. Morton,
H. D. Green,
J. B. Congle,
Thomas Carter,
C. M Carter,
Robt. Pittock;
James Steel,
John M. Breck,
F. DeWitt,
G. W. Vaughn,
Knapp, Burrell & Co.,
R. Glisan,
Seymour & Joint,
H. D. Hoyt,
E. W. McGraw,
E. Milwam,
H. C. Coulson,
J. F. McCoy,
Henry Miller,
Phil Wasserman,
L. F. Grover,
J. H. Mitchell,
Joseph N. Dolph,
H. W. Davis,
Smith & Davis,
W. S. Caldwell,
J. A. Chapman,
C. P Crandall,
A. F. Waller,

A. M. Starr,
H. H. Black,
J. L. Devore,
H. B. Morse,
A. D. Fitch,
L. Brooke,
A. J. Dufur,
J. & L. Veiller,
J. J. Hoffman,
W. W. Weatherford,
B. P. Quivey,
J. W. Weatherford,
W. W. Page,
Hurgren & Shindler,
W. P. Doland,
E. G. Randall,
S. D. Smith,
O. B. Gibson,
H. Patterson,
Amory Holbrook,
A. G. Watling,
Henry L. Pittock,
John F. Damon,
R. Burlson,
H. W. Corbett,
W. H. Bennett,
J. C. Ainsworth,
Danl. F. Bradford.
Geo. W Murray,
Wm. Seton Ogden,
S. N. Arrigoni,
B. G. Whitehouse,
Frank Dekum,
P. B. Chamberlain,
Wm. Cree,
Wm Sherlock,
S. Rosenblatt,
M. B. Millard,
J. D. Boon,
C. Woodworth,

Levi Anderson,
David Logan,
Lansing Stout,
R. C. Stratton,
John T. Kerns,
C. N. Terry,
Capt. John Smith,
A. Kinney,
James K. Kelly,
Milton Elliott,
Aaron Bushwiler,
J. P. O. Lownsdale,
Chas. H. Woodard,
M. P. Deady,
T. McF. Patton,
A. E. Wait,
Geo. H. Williams,
W. C. Johnson,
E. D. Shattuck,
Geo. Abernethy,
A. B. Elfelt,
Geo. L. Story,
L. H. Wakefield,
A. C. R. Shaw,
Benj. F. Goodwin,
Richard Williams,
W. S. Ladd,
Hamilton Boyd,
Joseph W. Drew,
Medorem Crawford,
A Bush,
J. W. Gale,
Wilson Bowlby,
H. B. Parker,
Cyrus A. Reed,
E. N. Cooke,
D. McCully,
B. Simpson,
L. Heath.

BIENNIAL REPORT OF THE PHYSICIANS OF THE OREGON HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

To His Excellency, A. C. Gibbs, Governor of Oregon:

Pursuant to section 9, of an act to provide for the safe keeping of insane and idiotic persons, we herewith transmit our first biennial report of the condition of the Oregon hospital for the insane, and trust that our continued exertions to make this institution as perfect as possible, will meet your approbation.

We beg to remind your excellency that on the first establishment of this hospital, we had many difficulties to encounter, the main structure not being sufficiently large to accommodate the numerous patients unexpectedly committed to our charge; we were necessarily compelled to erect additional buildings, provide suitable furniture, and what was still more difficult, to obtain faithful, honest and efficient officers for the purposes required; this necessity took place during an inclement winter, and involved more than ordinary expenses. In connection with the subject of attendance to meet the requirements of the establishment, an unusual degree of caution is necessary in the selection of men possessing the proper qualifications.

It is a well known fact that men adapted to take charge of the insane, *must* possess many attributes not required in other positions; nerve, self-possession, energy, kindness of heart and knowledge of human nature, are absolute essentials in every attendant on the insane. Dr. Conolly, the eminent physician to the Middlesex lunatic asylum, England, says, "The physician in charge is responsible for the acts of his subordinates." Painful must it then be to the physician to a hospital for the insane, to see his patients placed under the care of new attendants, often heartless, soulless men, without experience, and often seeking by the display of rude force, to exercise dominion over the unfortunate beings committed to their charge. Upon the attendants depend not only the intellect and comfort of the patients, but life itself, whether they shall live or die, whether frightful accidents, incalculable suffering, and suicides shall or shall not take place; under such circumstances, the occasional acquisitions of good "attendants," is but a happy accident. It must likewise be borne in mind that the want of a sufficient number of patients, so as to properly classify them, creates almost insurmountable difficulties in keeping apart the sick, helpless, tranquil, mild, clean, filthy, ignorant and intelligent. It is beyond question that upon this classification, much toward the recovery of the patient depends. Dr. Thomas S. Kirbride, physician to the Pennsylvania hospital for the insane, (and one of the most talented Psychological writers of the day,) says, "Every one familiar with institutions for the insane, will recall numerous instances of almost daily occurrence, where a single excitable patient introduced into a comparatively quiet ward, will in an hour have almost entirely changed its character."

In a large majority of the patients received into our establishment, the disease has been of *long standing*, and therefore seldom curable. In support of this position, we cite from Dr. Brigham, a physician of the New York state lunatic asylum, sixth report: "As a general rule we find that the longer insanity has existed, the less chance is there for recovery. It is rarely cured after it has uninterruptedly continued for two years, though there is always hope, if the patient is vigorous and the form of the insanity varies."

NUMBER OF STATE INSANE PATIENTS ADMITTED.

Males,	50
Females,	13
Total received up to September, 1864,	63

CURED.

Males,	13
Females,	1
Total number cured,	14

DIED.

Males,	1
Females,	2
Total number died,	3

ESCAPED.

Males,	3

NUMBER OF STATE INSANE PATIENTS REMAINING.

Males,	33
Females,	10
Total number of state insane patients remaining,	43

STATE IDIOTIC PATIENTS.

Males,	2
Total number of state patients admitted,	65
Total number of state patients remaining in hospital to September 1st, 1864,	15

NUMBER OF PRIVATE PATIENTS ADMITTED.

Males,	9
Females,	2
Total number received up to September, 1864,	11

CURED.

Males,	4
Females,	1
Total number cured,	5

DISCHARGED.

Females,	1

NUMBER OF PRIVATE INSANE PATIENTS REMAINING.

Males,	5
Total number of insane patients cured,	19
Total number of Patients remaining in Hospital,	50

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF PATIENTS RECEIVED FROM EACH COUNTY.

COUNTIES.	PUBLIC.	PRIVATE.
Multnomah,	15	
Wasco,	5	1
Linn,	4	1
Marion,	2	
Jackson,	5	
Polk,	7	
Josephine,	7	
Lane,	5	
Baker,	4	1
Washington,	4	2
Clackamas,	2	
Douglas,	3	
Umpqua,	1	1
Yamhill,		1
Penitentiary,	1	
Idaho Territory,		2
Washington Territory,		2
Total,	65	11

RECOVERIES.

Under the above heading, the number enumerated in our statistics will bear favorable comparison with other and older institutions

By reference to the latest official reports, it will be seen that the Malden lunatic asylum at Amherstbury, C. W., opened in 1861, containing 236 patients, 5 were cured, Friends' Asylum at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, opened 1817, 75 patients, 8 were cured; State Asylum for insane convicts at Auburn, New York, opened 1858, 96 patients, 8 were cured, Provincial Hospital for the insane at Halifax, N. S., opened 1858, 160 patients, cured 15; Provincial Lunatic Asylum at St. Johns, N B., 78 patients, 17 were cured; Brigham Hall, at Flat Bush, N. Y., opened 1855, 126 patients, 18 were cured; Butler Hospital for insane, opened 1847, 171 patients, 17 were cured But although the cure of these unhappy persons is the primary object of both the state and physician, it is likewise the duty of all communities to care for and ameliorate the condition of those from whom the light of reason has forever fled. In the valuable report of Dr. Isaac Ray, physician to the Butler Hospital for the insane, he says. "For reasons which have been stated on former occasions, results as expressed by figures are certainly not very striking, but if the only functions of such an institution were to cure and restore the disordered mind we could not claim the merit of having accomplished much, but it is something to have afforded a refuge to many whose reason has been extinguished forever, to have mitigated the sufferings of their lot, and provided for them every comfort they were able to appreciate." Dr. Andrew McFarland, of the Illinois State Hospital for the insane, eloquently indulges in the remark, "That beyond the satisfaction of seeing restored to reason and the society of their friends, those who have been mourned as lost, there is a higher one, in that unseen, unreported success, which consists in giving comfort to those whose sources of outward happiness are so nearly dried up, and prolonging for a time the twilight of sorrow which precedes the termination of incurable insanity."

ESCAPES.

In all institutions of this kind, escapes will occasionally take place. The very means taken to facilitate his recovery often affords him opportunities of doing so. To breathe the perfume of the morning air, feel the sun's warmth, view the cloudless skies, and gaze around on nature's handiwork will materially assist

in returning the mind from vacancy, and with this feeling we are often compelled to allow them considerable license in the adjoining grounds; yet we are happy to say, it rarely happens that the indulgence is taken advantage of.

HEALTH.

No one case has yet occurred in our hospital, of sickness originating in the house; the cause of this remarkable state of healthiness may be attributable to the bracing, genial climate, purity of atmosphere, and the altitude of our locality; an abundant supply of water, (which is raised to top of buildings,) promote cleanliness, and aided by internal arrangements, we ascribe the entire absence of physical disease, notwithstanding for a period of five months, the wet weather of Oregon necessarily compels the patients, for a *majority* of that time, to remain in-doors.

IDIOTS.

Some visionary theorists erroneously assert, that all attempts to create or form a mental feeling in an idiot, are but the vain efforts of an empty brain, and it is far better to give up such fruitless impossibilities. This principle is not true, but cruel and unchristian-like. Nothing can justify us in abandoning the least of God's creatures—the more helpless, the more are they entitled not only to our sympathies, but to our considerations; the higher feelings of humanity should be more strongly called into exercise, by putting forth our best ability, "to throw some few rays of sunlight, upon such a sombre picture as that of God's own image, groping its shadowed way through the desolate vale" of idiocy.

The following extract is taken from the report of the Bicetre in Paris, an institution containing over two thousand patients: "It would seem to be true of idiots as of the insane in general, that *every case may be improved or cured up to a certain point*, so that a wild ungovernable animal, calculated to excite fear, aversion and disgust, can be transformed into the manners of man."

COST OF PATIENTS.

Some persons have very erroneous impressions on the subject of costs, and contrast the expenditures of an insane hospital, with that of a poor house. This is a great mistake. The insane require a more expensive and liberal diet; more personal attention, and more and better raiment than the pauper. The crude and ancient custom of starving the body to feed the mind, has long fallen into disuse, and the spare diet system has since yielded to a method diametrically opposite. In spite of the strictest surveillance, the daily wanton destruction of property, is no small item in our expenditures, and our long experience teaches us that there is no parallel case in cost, between pauper and insane institutions, not only in diet, clothing and attendance, but likewise in the construction of the buildings in which the two classes are retained.

In the new Iowa hospital for the insane, the single item of window guards, has cost that institution over four thousand dollars. On this subject we can do no better, than quote from the able and lucid reply of the Hon. Z. Allen, chairman of the board of trustees, of the Butler hospital for the insane, to the mayor of the city of Providence, in which the local authorities of the latter, solicited a reduction in the charges for the keeping of the insane, but so thoroughly convinced were they of the correctness of the statement put forth by the chairman, that they continued their engagement with the hospital:

"You must be aware, upon reflection, that a considerable outlay will be necessary every year, to meet that depreciation of property, which goes on in no public establishment more rapidly than in a hospital for the insane. Besides all this, there will be frequently extraordinary calls upon our means, which must be answered, if we would maintain the credit and usefulness of the institution."

Allow me to remind you of what is too often forgotten: that there are other elements in the expense of maintaining hospitals for the insane, besides the cost of provisions, of attendance, of repairs and supervision. Every institution of this kind should have a progressive character, constantly availing itself of those changes and improvements which are the fruits of an inventive philanthropy, and more accurate and extensive knowledge. Every year should witness some important addition to its means and appliances for ministering to the gratification and highest welfare of its inmates, whether it appears in the shape of a piece of furniture, of a print or a book, of a more convenient water closet, or bath-tub, of a shrub or tree, of a gravel walk, an arbor, or a greenhouse. The end is the same, and justifies the requisite expenses. Were it intended merely as a receptacle for paupers, any outlay for these latter objects would be inappropriate and uncalled for, but we know very well, that its care and custody will be required for all sorts and conditions of this unfortunate class of our fellow men. Such being the case, I think we should fall far short of the high objects which the benevolent founders of the institution, proposed to themselves, and do injustice to the sentiments of those who aided the enterprise, did we act upon the idea that only the animal wants and necessities are to be provided for, and not a dollar expended for the purpose of beguiling the tedium of confinement, and softening its rougher and more repulsive features, by introducing those refinements, and even elegancies of life, which by many persons cannot be missed without serious discomfort and annoyance. We believe that our institution is second to no other as regards those appointments which are designed to excite intellectual emotions, or impart to the establishment the amenities of a domestic residence. On the difference between the cost of paupers and insane, Mr. A. says: "That it should be more in a hospital for the insane, is easily believed; but most persons have some difficulty in understanding why the difference should be so great as actually appears in the two cases. If it were a matter of food and lodging merely, there certainly would not be all this difference in the value received, but, for more reasons than one, however, there would be some. The diet in our poor houses is very simple, embracing but little animal food, except for those who labor hard, and still less of those articles which, though really luxuries, and unfitted for nutrition, are usually regarded, even by persons of humble means, as among the necessaries of life. To make the comforts of a poor house equal to those of honest, self-supporting industry, would be to wrong the latter, and offer encouragement to pauperism. The insane, however, are laboring under a disease that rapidly exhausts the vital forces, and renders necessary a more nutritious diet, to repair the loss which the system sustains. It is the concurrent testimony of all who had the medical charge of the insane that they require a diet but little less nutritious than that of the laboring classes, and any considerable variation therefrom, either by substituting vegetable for animal food, or the cheaper cereal grains for wheat, is usually followed by more or less ill health or epidemic disease. Besides, even in regard to things not strictly necessary, but which are used by all above the class of the wretchedly poor, it is impossible to draw a dividing line between paupers and those who are supported by their friends at a little higher price.

"You need not be informed that among the former are not a very few who have recently become such, solely in consequence of their mental disease. To make them feel this change in their position, in a manner the most disagreeable of all others, at a time when the mind is peculiarly irritable, would be extremely cruel, and calculated to frustrate the objects sought by placing them in a hospital. This difficulty of classifying patients solely in reference to this point, renders it necessary, in all our establishments for the insane, to furnish paupers with certain articles of food to which, as paupers, they can have no rightful claim.

"The nature and purposes of a hospital for the insane require many other expenses besides that of food, the principal of which is personal attendance on the patients. This every institution which would accomplish its ends in the most perfect manner, must supply upon a liberal scale. If poor and stinted [illegible]

that degree will it approximate to the poor house standard, which usually embraces only the attendance of a keeper and his wife. If good and abundant, you are sure of one of the highest requisites of a trustworthy institution.

"The expense of supporting ordinary paupers is considerably reduced by their labor upon the farm, which is usually attached to the house. They are expected to work according to their respective abilities, and their inclinations are much less consulted than the will of the keeper or master. In a hospital, on the contrary, although there may be abundant opportunities for labor, and the patients may be strongly urged to engage in it, yet it is entirely voluntary on their part; and between disease of mind and infirmity of body, few are able, and still fewer are inclined to do much. For one whose labor is profitable, there are a dozen who break more tools, and require more watching than their labor is worth."

Our experience only confirms this graphic truth With regard to our charges, we have the most perfect confidence that inquiry and reflection will convince every reasonable person that there is but a very limited margin left for our remuneration. We cannot better close this subject than by quoting the following paragraph from one of the reports of the superintendent of the McLean Asylum, the distinguished Dr. Bell:

"There is no such thing as a just and proper curative or ameliorating treatment of the insane, in cheaply constructed and cheaply managed institutions; but to do the greatest amount of good to the insane, the mind of the tax-paying community must be trained to understand, and admit the necessity of expensive arrangements, and that if it is worth while to have any institutions beyond those receptacles in which the most patients, or rather the most sufferers, can be crowded together at the least charge, it is worth while to establish such as will accomplish all of cure or relief which is practicable."

WAGES.

This is a subject that should not be lost sight of, as being one of the most important items in our expenditures. It is well conceded that wages of all descriptions are higher on the Pacific coast than in the Atlantic states Herewith we quote from the report of a committee, appointed by the last legislative assembly of California as to the propriety of reducing the rates of fare charged by the city railroad companies:

"EXPENSES IN CALIFORNIA —Upon this point it is scarcely necessary to speak, and we shall confine our remarks to the notice of a few prominent facts. The expenses of living and of business are necessarily much greater here than in the Atlantic states. First, because the greater portion of our merchandise supplies is derived from thence, and reaches us by a long and expensive transit. The wages of competent clerks are from fifty to one hundred per cent higher, and the same is true of interior transportation, and, in fact, of almost every charge incident to the storage, handling, and transfer of merchandise from place to place We cannot estimate all these items at less than thirty-three and one-third per cent upon prime eastern cost, exclusive of retail profits, which, for reasons already assigned, and others we shall name, are necessarily greater here than at the east. Secondly, all articles of consumption produced here, with the exception of a few agricultural products, are furnished at little, if any, less than the cost of importing the same from the Atlantic side Wherever a margin of profit exists, however trifling, the eastern shipper avails himself of it. Thirdly, the wages of labor in California, as has been already remarked, are fully one hundred per centum greater than in the eastern states, and this item affects every branch of business and of household expenditure. The banker, the capitalist, the professional man, the miner, the farmer, the manufacturer, all are compelled to pay heavy tribute to the laborer.

"It remains but to add that this elevated scale of expenditure can only be sustained by profits bearing a fair and equitable relation to them. If the neces-

sary cost of living and carrying on business is very much greater here than on the Atlantic side, the capitalist must be able to reimburse himself for this additional expense by getting more for the use of his money. If the risks of business are greater here than than there, for these also he must be compensated."

In addition, many of our outside employees express a strong feeling of dislike and unwillingness to serve in or around a hospital for the insane, and invariably demand what would be considered most exorbitant wages in any other capacity. We glean from the published report of the Longview Asylum, in Ohio, that they pay their attendants fifteen and thirty dollars a month, ours sixty and seventy-five dollars per month. Laundress, ten and twelve dollars, ours thirty and thirty-five dollars a month. Their teamster, cooks, baker, watchman, &c., twenty-two dollars, ours fifty to seventy-five dollars each. The highest wages paid in the New York city lunatic hospital to above employees is thirty-five dollars, while a majority range from fourteen to six dollars per month.

THE COST OF A HOSPITAL.

In order to convey some idea of the first cost of a state hospital, we here append a few brief memoranda on the subject:

The construction of edifices for the insane, is now reduced to scientific principles, and we confidently assert, that no state would disregard the general principles laid down.

The association of medical superintendents of American institutions for the insane, (organized in 1844,) holds annual sessions Among its members are the principal medical officers of almost every institution on the continent. They visit and carefully inspect the hospitals for the insane, and have more particularly devoted their attention, to the proper construction of these establishments, Their united experiences resulted in a series of twenty-six recommendations. having reference to the erection and interior arrangements of insane hospitals. These propositions are now generally recognized, and in accordance therewith the United States and all new state hospitals have been erected From a synopsis of their valuable information, we learn that every hospital for the insane should be in the country, not less than two miles from a large city. and easily accessible at all season of the year—by this means obtaining pure air, free from the noxious vapours of a thronged city, etc., affording unobserved exercise, and affording every facility for the patients, employment in pleasure or agricultural grounds, yet not too distant, but that friends can easily visit, and the institution be supplied from the neighboring city with all of its numerous necessities. No hospital, however limited in its capacity, should have less than one hundred acres of land, to every two hundred and fifty patients, and these should be devoted to gardens and recreation grounds. In consequence of the large quantity of water required for the insane, at least fifty gallons per day is necessary, to each patient, and it is indispensable that means be provided for raising the quantity into reservoirs in the highest part of the house

All state hospitals should be constructed of brick or stone, and be made as much as possible secure from fire. It should have distinct wards for each sex, and to each ward a parlor, corridor, single lodging rooms, an associated dormitory communicating with a chamber for two attendants, a clothes room, bath room, dining room, water closet, and dumb waiter communicating with kitchen. No chamber for the use of a single patient should be less than eight feet by ten feet, nor less than twelve feet in hight.

All departments should be above ground, with a window connecting direct with the external atmosphere. The plan of the building should be a main center with wings. Kitchens, workshops, etc., should be detached from the main buildings, and the draining under ground. All state hospitals should be heated by passing an abundance of pure fresh air, over pipes or plates, containing steam, under low pressure or hot water warmth, being absolutely necessary to the patients, it would be dangerous both to building and its inmates, to risk the

chance of stoves, being placed in or near their apartments, consequently this is considered the safest way for application and conveyance of heat through the different wards.

A complete system of forced ventilation in connection with the heating is indispensable to give purity to the air, and no expense that is required to effect this object thoroughly, can be deemed misplaced or injudicious.

Dr. R. I. Patterson, superintendent of the new Iowa hospital for the insane, 1862, says: "The cost of hospital buildings for the insane, cannot with propriety be estimated by the cubic foot, and placed in comparison with other public buildings, because the peculiar uses for which they are erected, require a peculiar and expensive construction, and fixtures, which other state edifices do not require. Insane people must have ample room and provisions for restoring health, and for the personal comfort and security of each individual."

From a close examination of the subject, in the published reports of the different institutions, we arrive at the conclusion, that in the eastern states, the average cost of buildings, is one thousand dollars to each patient, thus, the government hospital, near Washington city, accommodating three hundred patients, has cost four hundred and seventy-three thousand and forty dollars. Three new hospitals in Ohio, situated near Cincinnati, and at Dayton and Newburg, and another one in Iowa, at Mount Pleasant, (the latest built,) have each cost over a thousand dollars to each patient.

We furnished E. M. Burton, the well known architect and builder, specifications for a hospital for the insane, to accommodate seventy-five patients, on the plan of our institution, to be built of brick; and under date of August 13, he says; "I find the cost to be as near as I can estimate from said specification, *one hundred and sixteen thousand dollars.*" This estimate is low, when we compare it with our experience.

Having given the cost to the state for buildings alone, we will now briefly allude to the expenses attending the organizing of hospitals, and for this purpose shall confine our remarks to those officers, which are deemed absolutely necessary to an institution, conducted on the most economical principles.

First—Board of trustees, whose compensation should be sufficiently liberal to secure persons of active benevolence, superior to all political influences, able and willing to attend to the duties of their station.

Second—Two medical officers, one as chief superintendent, and a resident physician. These two important officers, to be competent, should receive a salary commensurate with the importance of the position, and at least as much remuneration as their talents would command in the practice of their profession.

In addition to the above, a steward, matron, and apothecary, (the latter acting as clerk,) one attendant or warden to each ten patients; in addition, one susupervisor to each ward, a gardener, who, besides having charge of the grounds, superintends the work of the patients, who may be employed in the same, a teamster, night watchman, baker, cooks, laundress, dairy maid. When to this is added out-buildings, furniture, clothing, medicine, food, etc., we may arrive at some idea of the cost of a state hospital for the insane in Oregon, where labor and material are so much in advance of eastern rates.

Should the present arrangement continue, with the official records before us of the cost of building, and maintaining state hospitals, the only question that arises: Can the state of Oregon erect and support an institution (which will for many years, answer all purposes,) on terms equally as economical as under the present arrangements?

In the present advanced condition of society, and the increasing prosperity of the state, it would be false to the community to suppose that the insane would be permitted, as formerly, to ramble through the streets, naked in person, starving in body, and a reproach and disgrace to society.

Before the establishment of our hospital, those insane that received attention, found a shelter in the felon's jail, the felon's food his fare, the bare boards his couch of rest. Shut out from the gaze of the world, abandoned by his kind, if

a faint spark of reason dawned on his benighted mind, it was but to re-echo Dantes' apostrophe to the gates of hell:

"All ye who enter here—abandon hope"

But a change has come over the spirit of their *dreams!*" The late Dr. Brigham, of the New York state lunatic asylum, says: "*It is the neglect of early treatment that fills the alms-houses and asylums of the state with the incurable insane.* We, therefore, earnestly entreat those who have the guardianship of the insane, not to neglect early treatment" In closing this important question, we quote from the distinguished Dr. Jarvis, in his report to the legislative assembly of Massachusetts, on insanity and idiocy: "It has already been stated, that insanity, if not cured in its early stages, becomes more and more difficult to be removed, and in course of a longer or shorter period, varying mostly from two to five years, becomes fixed and incurable. Then the patient is to be supported for life. On the other hand, if the disease be submitted to proper remedial measures, three-fourths, or nine-tenths may be restored, and this *proportion of the patients made again self-supporting members of society.*

The question, then, in regard to the curable cases which constitute three-fourths or nine-tenths of all, when attacked, is between the effort and expenditure needed for their support and the restorative means during the healing process, through a few months or during their lives

Between the cost of supporting for a few months, and of supporting for life, no private economist, and certainly no political economist or statesman should hesitate. Humanity would admit of no choice between these, and the state, which is the guardian of the weak and friendless, should surely not entertain a moment's doubt as to which it should choose."

SHOULD THE LAW BE AMENDED?

Compared with other institutions of a like character, the laws and regulations which govern our hospital are as perfect as possible. An improvement might be made, and the law so amended, as for the state to defray the expenses of forwarding patients to the hospital. Several counties justly complain that insane persons stroll in, and it then becomes necessary for the local authorities of the county in which the insane person is found, to defray the expenses of conveying him to the hospital. Should the recommendation be adopted, we would suggest that to avoid imposition, a schedule should be established on the same principle as that of the penitentiary, except where extra expenses are incurred. In the latter case, the additional expense should be borne by the county.

It is reported that insane persons are occasionally sent to the hospital as pauper patients, the same being possessed of sufficient property for their support. If this is a fact, *it is not the fault of the law*, but an error or oversight in the county judge; the statute is quite distinct and imperative on this point, viz:

"SEC. 3. The county judge shall also cause enquiry to be made into the ability or inability of such insane or idiotic person to bear the charge or expense for the time they may remain under treatment, and shall certify the result to the secretary of state, and in those cases where the person possessing the ability to pay the charges or expenses, or whose friends or relatives are willing to pay such charge or expense, the said judge shall cause to be placed in the hands of the secretary of state, the amount of two months' expenses in said asylum, in advance, and regularly every two months thereafter, so long as said person shall continue in said asylum"

The friends and guardians of such of our patients, who have the means of so doing, cheerfully pay the usual charges for their support—*three dollars per diem*, exclusive of clothing and washing, and in every case, have expressed themselves satisfied with our treatment. In support of the general opinion entertained by the community in relation to the management of our institution, we refer to the following report of the grand jury for the last term of the circuit court:

* * *

"THE INSANE ASYLUM.

"We were much gratified with our visit to the Oregon insane asylum. We found the most perfect cleanliness and good order in the premises in every part. We mingled freely with, and conversed with many of the unfortunate patients there confined, and found them contented and comfortable. The situation of the asylum is beautiful, an honor to the projectors and proprietors, and we believe entitled to the confidence and patronage of the people and state."

The entire press of Oregon and adjacent territories have unanimously written in a favorable tone of the hospital for the insane. To them we return our thanks.

To your excellency, Governor Gibbs, we sincerely and gratefully offer ours and our patients' heartfelt thanks.

To Drs. Glisan and Wilson, state visiting physicians, we tender our acknowledgments for their courtesy, unremitting attention and professional assistance.

It affords us extreme pleasure to state that our employees have been strictly attentive to their duties, and possess our esteem and confidence. Where all have been perfect in their parts it would be invidious to individualize them.

In conclusion, we humbly invoke the blessings of Almighty God, to prosper our honest endeavors in alleviating the sorrows that "all flesh is heir to."

J. C HAWTHORNE,
A. M. LORYEA.

East Portland, September 1st, 1864.

NAMES OF PERSONS PARDONED.

WILLIAM N. WALTON—September 16, 1862.

For the reason that petitions and affidavits were presented to me, tending to show that the evidence against him was circumstantial, and the important part was untrue. That his conduct had been good in the penitentiary and of service in managing the same The petition was signed by the judge, prosecuting attorney, and some of the jurors.

JOHN M. ADAMS—September 23, 1862

For the reason that he has heretofore borne a good character, and behaved himself well during his confinement, refusing to accept opportunities to escape. It further appeared that at his first trial the jury did not agree to a verdict of guilty Accompanying a large petition were letters from highly respectable citizens of New York city, showing that he was of a good family, and had there borne a good reputation.

FRANCIS D. SCOTT—March 7, 1863.

For the reason that his deportment had been good while in the Penitentiary, and from the representations of reliable citizens, there appeared a doubt as to his guilt. His pardon was also recommended by the officers of the penitentiary

JOHN MCLAUGHLIN—July 3, 1863.

For the reason that his conduct had been good, that he was a very young man, and the ends of justice appeared to be answered.

WILLIAM HESS—August 28, 1863.

For the reason that eight of the jurors, and about six hundred others, claiming to know the circumstances, asked his pardon, and stated circumstances, tending to show his innocence. He was also quite young, and had behaved well.

WILLIAM CROWLEY—August 28, 1863.

For the reason that a number of reliable persons, the judge who sentenced him among the number, represented that there were reasonable doubts of his guilt, and asked his pardon. His conduct had been good during his confinement.

FRANCIS PEOR—December 25, 1863.

For the reason that his deportment had been good and that his offense was not premeditated, but was committed under the influence of temporary excitement.

M. V. B. TICHENAL—January 28, 1864.

For the reason that he had been a good citizen before his sentence, and it appeared to me by petition and from a reliable person, who saw the act, that the act was committed in self defence, under the impression that he was about to receive some great bodily injury. He also had a wife and children depending wholly on him for support.

WILLIAM JOHNSON—March 19, 1864.

For the reason that I received evidence from the prosecuting attorney and others, that satisfied me that the act for which he was convicted, was done under the influence of liquor, not with an intention to steal.

FRANCIS DELORD—April 6, 1864.

For the reasons that it appeared to me from the representations of a large number of reliable citizens, who know the circumstances connected with the conviction, that the principal witness against said Delord was not entitled to credit.

WILLIAM ROBINSON—April 16, 1864.

For the reason that the judge who sentenced him, prosecuting attorney, all the grand and trial jurors, have represented to me in writing that his was a case that required the exercise of the executive clemency.

EDWARD A. TAYLOR—June 15, 1864.

For the reasons that his conduct had been good while he was in the penitentiary and his time of sentence had nearly expired. Also a large number of respectable citizens knowing the circumstances, including the judge, prosecuting attorney and a majority of the jurors, who tried him, signed a petition asking his pardon.

PENITENTIARY REPORT.

SUBMITTED WITH GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE BEFORE THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY IN JOINT CONVENTION, SEPT. 14, 1864.

Hon Addison C. Gibbs, Governor of the State of Oregon, and Superintendent of the Penitentiary.

SIR: Although I have, in accordance with law, rendered to you a monthly statement of the disbursements and receipts of the penitentiary, from the 1st day of November, 1862, to the 31st day of August, 1864, inclusive, yet for more convenient reference, and to correct some slight errors, as well as to embody such further information as experience has suggested, I beg leave to submit the following condensed report

The following tables and account current, exhibit a statement of the number of prisoners, their crimes, and sentences and how they have been disposed of. The number that have been received by the officers and lessees who have had charge of the prison, from July 16th, 1853, to November 1st, 1862; also the number of prisoners that have been under my charge from November 1st, 1862, to August 31st, 1864, and of the expenses and receipts condensed in tabular form for the same period:

TABLE EXHIBITING THE NUMBER AND NAMES OF CONVICTS THAT HAVE BEEN CONFINED IN THE PENITENTIARY OF THE STATE OF OREGON SINCE JULY 16th, 1853, TO NOVEMBER 1st, 1862, — THE COUNTY FROM WHENCE THEY WERE SENT — THE CRIME OF WHICH THEY WERE CONVICTED — DATE OF SENTENCE — DATE OF RECEPTION — LENGTH OF SENTENCE, AND HOW DISPOSED OF.

Names of Convicts.	Counties.	Crimes.	Date of Sentence.	Date of Reception.	Sentence	Date of Dismissal.	Date of Pardon.	Date of Escape.	Date of Recapture.	Remarks.
1 Indian Charley	Marion	Larceny	July 16, '53	Not noted.	3 yrs			Dec. 3, '53 June 16, '62	May 5, '59	
2 Cornelius Sharp	Clackamas	Murder in the 2d deg	Dec. 27, '53	Feb. 18, '54	Life			Dec. 22, '54		
3 William Melvin	Linn	Murder in the 2d deg	Jan. 17, '54	Feb. 18, '54	Life					Not accounted for
4 Patrick Starr	Jackson	Asslt with int. to kill	May 4, '54	May 13, '54	10 yrs			Dec 22, '54		
5 Nimrod O'Kelly	Benton	Murder	May 8, '54	May 21, '54	2 yrs	May 15, '56				Sentenced to be hung—remitted by Gov to 2 yrs in Penitentiary.
6 William Noble	Linn	Asslt with int. to kill	May 15, '54	May 21, '54	2 yrs		Feb. 21, '55			
7 Orsen Finn	Clackamas	Arson	July 11, '54	July 12, '54	4 yrs	July 11, '58				
8 Charity Lamb	Clackamas	Murder in the 2d deg	Sept. 4, '54	Sept. 18, '54	Life					Deliv'd to Warden Nov 1, '62
9 James Barker	Washington	Asslt with int. to kill	Sept. 25, '54	Oct. 7, '54	3 yrs		Mar. 10, '55			
10 Geo. W. Weston	Clackamas	Larceny	Mar. 5, '55	Mar. 13, '55	1 year	Mar. 7, '56				
11 Joseph Martin	Washington	Larceny	April 4, '55	April 9, '55	5 yrs	April 5, '58				
12 Jac. W Williams	Multnomah	Riot	May 5, '55	May 5, '55	1 year	May 5, '56				
13 John Miller	Jackson	Asslt with int. to kill	May 16, '55	May 20, '55	2 yrs	May 7, '57				
14 John Quinn	Clackamas	Burglary	Sept. 17, '55	Sept. 26, '55	1 year	Sept 16, '56				
15 John Hulf	Multnomah	Larceny	July 8, '56	July 18, '56	6 mos	Jan. 9, '57				
16 Rufus R. Eads	Multnomah	Manslaughter	July 11, '56	July 18, '56	2 yrs	July 12, '58				
17 Charles Stozer	Polk	Murder in the 2d deg	Nov 20, '56	Dec. 2, '56	10 yrs			April 10, '57		
18 Wm. B. Eddins	Linn	Larceny	May 4, '57	May 8, '57	2 yrs		July 2, '57			
19 Kanaka Jim	Clatsop	Burglary	May 22, '57	May 27, '57	3 yrs					Died Oct. 30, '59
20 Isaac Tubbs	Jackson	Asslt with int to kill	May 22, '57	June 3, '57	5 yrs			Jan. 18, '60		
21 Geo. Levingston	Jackson	Asslt with int. to kill	May 22, '57	June 29, '57	4 yrs		Dec. 4, '60			
22 Charles Stewart	Multnomah	Larceny	Oct. 9, '57	Oct 9, '57	3 yrs			Jan 4, '59	Aug. 14, '62	Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1, '62
23 Edward P. May	Multnomah	Larceny	Oct. 9, '57	Oct. 9, '57	3 yrs			Aug 17, '59 July 4, '60	Aug. 25, '59	
24 Jas. Fitzgerald	Multnomah	Larceny	Oct. 9, '57	Oct. 9, '57	5 yrs			Oct. 13, '59 July 26, '60	Oct. 17, '59	
25 Wm. Aregood	Benton	Larceny	Oct 22, '57	Nov. 3, '57	5 yrs		June 15, '61	May 10, '60	May 11, '60	
26 Enoch Fruit	Linn	Larceny	Nov. 2, '57	Nov. 5, '57	5 yrs			Sept. 14, '59 Nov. 19, '59 June 23, '60	Sept. 30, '59 Nov. 19, '59	
27 Henry Wilson	Multnomah	Asslt with int. to kill	Nov. 9, '57	Nov. 10, '57	3 yrs			Nov. 19, '59		
28 Wm. Hatwell	Josephine	Robbery	Nov. 16, '57	Nov. 26, '57	10 yrs			July 18, '59 Mar. 20, '60 June 28, '60	July 19, '59 Mar. 20, '60	

Names of Convicts	Counties	Crimes.	Date of Sentence.	Date of Reception.	Sentence	Date of Dismissal.	Date of Pardon.	Date of Escape.	Date of Recapture.	Remarks.
29 Wm. Hamilton	Josephine	Robbery	Nov 16, '57	Nov. 29, '57	10 yrs		Nov. 23, '59			
30 George Kerns	Multnomah	Larceny	Nov. 19, '57	Nov 26, '57	5 yrs			Jan. 18, '60 July 26, '60 Aug 20, '60	Feb. 15, '60 July 26, '60	
31 David O'Neal	Douglas	Larceny	Nov 26, '57	Dec 7, '57	4 yrs		Dec. 6, '61			
32 James H. Knox	Multnomah	Larceny	Jan 18, '58	Jan 30, '58	5 yrs		Dec 19, '59			
33 Wm N Walton	Multnomah	Larceny	Jan. 28, '58	Jan. 29, '58	7 yrs		Sept , '62			
34 James Jones	Douglas	Larceny	Mar 6, '58	Mar 18, '58	4 yrs			May 10, '60		
65 A. J. Owens	Jackson	Burglary	April 27, '58	June 16, '58	5 yrs			Nov. 12, '59		
36 Cleavl'd Walker	Jackson	Asst in esc. of pris'n	May 26, '58	June 16, '58	3 yrs		Pardoned.			
37 John Simpson	Douglas	Lucony	Sept. 6, '58	Sept. 17, '58	10 yrs			Oct. 11, '59		
68 Benjamin Way	Douglas	Asslt with int to kill	Sept. 6, '58	Sept 17, '58	2 yrs	Sept. 10, '60				
39 Chas. Robert	Marion	Larceny	Sept. 13, '58	Sept. 18, '58	3 yrs		Pardoned.	June 23, '60 Sept. 11, '60 Sept. 14, '59	June 23, '60 Nov. 8, '60	
40 John J. Mills	Marion	Larceny	Sept. 16, '58	Sept. 18, '58	3 yrs			Mar. 27, '60	Sept. 30, '59	
41 Patrick Hines	Curry	Larceny	Sept 20, '58	Oct 3, '58	3 yrs		Mar. 26, '61			
42 Henry Smith	Linn	Asslt with int to rape	Sept. 27, '58	Oct. 6, '58	3 yrs					Death caused by a wound inflicted with an axe in the hands of Jose Marie, a convict—died July 18, '61
43 William O'Riley	Jackson	Robbery	Oct 11, '58	Oct. 29, '58	1 year		Oct. 3, '59			
44 N C Crouch	Jackson	Larceny	Oct. 11, '58	Oct. 29, '58	5 yrs			Nov. 19, '59 Jan. 27, '60	Nov. 22, '59	
45 John Smith	Jackson	Larceny	Oct. 11, '58	Oct. 29, '58	5 yrs			Jan. 12, '60 Jan. 27, '60	Jan. 18, '60	
46 J. L. Hackney	Multnomah	Asslt with int. to kill	Nov 10, '58	Nov 11, '58	5 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1, '62
47 Fr'nk Childerson	Douglas	Manslaughter	Oct 25, '58	Nov. 15, '58	8 yrs			May 22, '60		
48 John Pinkerton	Douglas	Larceny	Oct. 25, '58	Nov. 15, '58	5 yrs			Feb. 24, '60 Oct. 16, '60	Mar. 6, '60	
49 Moses E. Milner	Benton	Asslt with int. to kill	June 16, '59	June 18, '59	1 year		May 5, '60			
50 John Burns	Linn	Larceny	June 22, '59	July 2, '59	3 yrs			Aug. 17, '59 July 10, '61	Aug. 25, '59	
51 Hon. C. Eckleston	Linn	Manslaughter	June 22, '59	July 2, '59	3 yrs		Oct 3, '59			
52 Geo W. Crites	Josephine	Larceny	June 25, '59	July 10, '59	5 yrs			Aug 20, '60		
53 Allen Smith	Jackson	Larceny	July 9, '59	July 20, '59	3 yrs		July, '62	Jan 15, '60	Jan. 13, '60	
54 Charles Clayton	Multnomah	Larceny	July 20, '59	July 21, '59	3 yrs		July 21, '62	Jan. 27, '60	Feb 10, '60	
55 Frank Gurnsey	Multnomah	Manslaughter	July 22, '59	July 20, '60	6 yrs			Aug 23, '59 Oct 15, '59	Aug 23, '59	
56 Jno McLaughlin	Clackamas	Rape	Sept 9, '59	Sept 10, '59	4 yrs			May 10, '61	May 23, '61	Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1, '62
57 Chandl Jennings	Marion	Rec'ving stolen goods	Sept. 27, '59	Sept. 30, '59	4 yrs			Dec. 8, '60 July 10, '61	April 8, '61	
Ch'dl'r Jennings	Marion	Larceny	Sept 29, '59	Sept 30, '59	1 year					
58 Pleasant Howell	Marion	Larceny	Sept. 30, '59	Sept 30, '59	1 year	Surrendered	to the Sheriff	of Marion	county by	order of the Supreme Court

PENITENTIARY EXHIBIT — Continued.

Names of Convicts	Counties.	Crimes.	Date of Sentence.	Date of Reception.	Sentence.	Date of Dismissal	Date of Pardon.	Date of Escape.	Date of Recapture.	Remarks.
59 Robert Irwin	Wasco	Larceny [extort money	Sept. 30,'59	Oct. 15,'59	4 yrs			Mar 27, '60 June 23, '60 Aug. 20, '61	June 13,'60 Aug. 7, '60	
60 Samuel Horner.	Lane	Threat with intent to	Nov. 2,'59	Nov. 12,'59	1 year	Surrendered	to Sheriff	of Lane	county by	order of the Supreme Court
61 Wm Shurley	Lane	Forgery	Nov. 2,'59	Nov 12,'59	5 yrs	Surrendered	to Sheriff	of Lane	county by	order of the Supreme Court
62 James Wilson	Jackson	Larceny	Oct 27,'59	Nov 12,'59	2 yrs			Jan. 27, '60 May 14, '60	Jan. 27, '60	
63 George McShane	Jackson	Larceny	Oct 27,'59	Nov. 12,'59	2 yrs	April 12,'62		Oct. 15, '60	April 3, '61	
64 John M. Adams.	Polk	Larceny	Nov. 18,'59	Nov 20,'59	3 yrs		Sept. 27,'62			
65 Fredrick Lane	Josephine	Larceny	Nov. 12,'59	Nov. 18,'59	5 yrs			Mar. 21,'61	Mar. 22,'61	Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
66 A. J. Pope	Josephine	Larceny	Nov. 12,'59	Nov. 18,'59	3 yrs			June 7, '60		
67 James Powell	Lane	Larceny	Jan 27,'60	Feb. 2, '60	3 yrs			April 13,'60 July 26, '60 July 19, '61	April 13, '60	
68 John Hadley	Multnomah	Larceny	Nov. 22,'59	Nov. 25,'59	2 yrs			Aug. 20, '60 Oct. 15, '60	Sept. 16, '60	
69 John Clark	Lane	Larceny	Jan. 27,'60	Feb. 2, '60	3 yrs			Aug. 29,'60 Mar. 19,'61 Apr. 24,'62	Sept. 16, '60 Mar. 26, '61	
70 Thomas Langen	Polk	Murder in the 2d deg	Feb. 10,'60	Feb. 22,'60	Life			April 13,'60 Aug. 20,'60 Mar 19,'61	Aug. 20, '60 April 13, '60	Shot by guard in retaking him Death ensued in 3 weeks. Died Sept. '60
71 David Kinney	Josephine	Asslt with int. to kill	Feb. 22,'60	Mar. 12,'60	5 yrs			Mar. 19,'61 Mar. 3,'62	Mar. 23, '61	
72 Geo. M. Bowen	Jackson	Murder in the 2d deg	Mar. 1,'60	Mar. 20,'60	Life			Sept. 11,'60		
73 Chas. Desjarles.	Marion	Larceny	Mar. 24,'60	Mar. 30, '60	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
74 Evans S. Green.	Douglas	Murder in the 2d deg	Mar 17,'60	Mar. 22,'60	Life			July, '61	July, '61	Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
75 Jose Marie	Wasco	Larceny	April 5,'60	April 12,'60	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
76 Frederic D. Scott	Benton	Burglary	April 9,'60	April 16,'60	3 yrs			May 20,'61		
77 Wm Shurley	Lane	Perjury	April 23,'60	April 26,'60	3 yrs			Aug. 9, '62		
78 Charles Rivers	Jackson	Larceny	July 4,'60	July 13,'60	1 year					
79 Jack Rogers	Jackson	Larceny	July 4,'60	July 13,'60	1 year	June 28,'62				
80 Jacob Kearn	Josephine	Larceny	June 28,'60	July 17,'60	2 yrs			Aug. 30,'62		
81 J. C. Jamesnon	Wasco	Manslaughter	Oct. 4,'60	Oct 8, '60	10 yrs					
82 John Q. Adams	Linn	Burglary	Oct 4,'60	Oct. 10, '60	2 yrs	Oct. 4, '62				
83 Jos Underwood.	Douglas	Larceny	Oct 6,'60	Oct. 12, '60	3 yrs			May 19, '61		
84 Chas Grundy	Multnomah	Asslt with int. to kill	Nov 21,'60	Nov. 21,'60	1 year	Nov. 21,'61				
85 James Taylor	Wasco	Larceny	Jan 23,'61	Feb 1,'61	2 yrs			May 26, '62		
86 B M Reynolds.	Wasco	Asslt with int. to kill	Feb 7,'61	Not noted.	1 year					
87 Fr'cis DeVelard	Wasco	Murder in the 2d deg	Jan. 28,'61	Feb. 8,'61	Life		Aug. 20,'61			
88 Perfunio Torres	Wasco	Murder in the 2d deg	Jan. 28,'61	Feb 8,'61	Life					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
89 Frank Pear	Wasco	Larceny	Jan. 26,'61	Feb. 18,'61	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
90 Julius Zena	Multnomah	Manslaughter	Mar. 18,'61	Mar. 18,'61	5 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62

PENITENTIARY EXHIBIT — Continued.

Names of Convicts.	Counties.	Crimes.	Date of Sentence.	Date of Reception.	Sentence.	Date of Dismissal.	Date of Pardon.	Date of Escape.	Date of Recapture.	Remarks.
91 Thos. McMahon.	Multnomah.	Larceny	Mar 20,'61	Mar. 20,'61	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov 1,'62
92 James Bryne.	Multnoman	Burglary	Mar. 20,'61	Not noted.	3 yrs			April 19,'62	Not noted.	Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
93 Indian Dave	Yamhill	Murder in the 2d deg	Oct. 2,'60	May 3,'61	Life			Aug. 20,'61		
94 Martin France	Yamhill	Not certified	May 9,'61	May 16,'61	2 yrs		June 12,'62			
95 Indian Culpus	Wasco	Not certified	May 27,'61	May 29,'61	3 yrs			May 26,'62		
96 Indian Hillise	Wasco	Not certified	May 27,'61	May 29,'61	3 yrs			May 26,'62		
97 Richard Carnal	Curry	Larceny	May 20,'61	June 9,'61	5 yrs			Mar. 10,'62		
98 A E. Taylor	Multnomah	Larceny	June 17,'61	June 18,'61	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
99 Indian Matt	Lane	Larceny	June 24,'61	June 26,'61	3 yrs			June 2, '62		
100 A. J, Bates	Multnomah.	Not certified	June 29,'61	July 2,'61	1 year		Oct. 29,'61			
101 Wm Hogrober	Josephine	Larceny	July 2,'61	July 19,'61	5 yrs			Oct. 22,'61		
102 Wm Crawley	Lane	Murder in the 2d deg	Aug. 8,'61	Aug 16,'61	Life					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
103 Indian Peter	Benton	Burglary	Aug. 22,'61	Aug. 24,'61	3 yrs			Mar. 3.'62		
104 Indian Bailey	Benton	Burglary	Aug. 22,'61	Aug. 24,'61	1 year			Sept. 21,'61		
105 James Williams	Marion	Larceny	Sept. 18,'61	Sept. 26,'61	3 yrs			Mar 3,'62 April 19,'62	Mar. 14,'62	
106 Wm Johnson	Marion	Larceny	Nov. 19,'61	Not noted.	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
107 George Taylor	Marion	Larceny	Nov. 19,'61	Not noted.	2 yrs			Mar. 3,'62		
108 Thos. McWinney	Yamhill	Larceny	Jan. 29,'62	Not noted.	2 yrs			June 16,'62		
109 Wm Morrison	Yamhill	Larceny	Jan. 29,'62	Not noted.	2 yrs			Mar 3,'62 April 19,'62	Mar. 11,'62	
110 Charles Crawford	Yamhill.	Assisting prisoners to [escape jail	Jan. 29,'62	Not noted.	2 yrs			Mar. 3,'62 April 19,'62	Mar. 11,'62	
111 Chas. Fairfield	Yamhill	do do	Jan 29,'62	Not noted	2 yrs		June 12,'63			
112 George Rose	Multnomah.	Not certified	Mar. 13,'62	Mar 14,'62	5 yrs			June 16,'62		
113 Brayton White	Multnomah	Not certified	Mar 16,'62	Mar 22,'62	3 yrs			June 16,'62		
114 Geo Shafer	Marion	Forgery	Mar 19,'62	Mar. 27,'62	2 yrs					
Geo. Shafer	Marion	Forgery	Mar 19,'62	Mar. 27,'62	1 year					Deliv'd to Warden Nov 1,'62
115 Jas. L Pyburn	Douglas	Larceny	Mar 18,'62	Mar 27,'62	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
116 Henry Nevil	Coos	Asslt with int. to kill	May 15,'62	May 26,'62	3 yrs			June, '62		
117 Richard Barry	Multnomah.	Not certified	June 12,'62	June 14,'62	2 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov 1,'62
118 John Huber	Jackson	Larceny	June 7,'62	June 18,'62	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62
119 Robt. Duncan	Douglas	Larceny	July 8,'62	July 16,'62	5 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov 1,'62
120 Moses Stewart	Marion	Asslt with int. to kill	Sept. 25,'62	Sept. 27,'62	3 yrs					Deliv'd to Warden Nov 1,'62
121 James A. Waller	Wasco	Murder in the 2d deg	Sept. 30,'62	Oct. 7,'62	Life					Deliv'd to Warden Nov. 1,'62

A TABLE

Exhibiting the Number of Convicts from each County that has been confined in the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon from July 16th, 1853, to Nov. 1st, 1862.

NAMES OF COUNTIES.	NUMBER OF CONVICTS.
Benton	5
Clackamas	6
Clatsop	1
Coos	1
Curry	2
Douglas	10
Jackson	15
Josephine	8
Lane	9
Linn	5
Marion	14
Multnomah	22
Polk	3
Wasco	12
Washington	2
Yamhill	6
Total	121

A TABLE

Exhibiting the Crimes for which persons have been convicted and sent to the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon from July 16th, 1853, to Nov. 1st, 1862.

CRIMES	
Arson	1
Assault with intent to kill	15
Assault with intent to commit rape	1
Assisting prisoners to escape	3
Burglary	8
Forgery	3
Larceny	58
Murder	1
Murder in the 2d degree	12
Manslaughter	6
Perjury	1
Receiving stolen goods	1
Rape	1
Riot	1
Robbery	3
Threat to extort money	1
Not certified	7
*Total	123

*Two persons were convicted at the same term of Court for two offenses each, which makes the number of convictions one hundred and twenty-three, while the convicts number but one hundred and twenty-one.

TABLE EXHIBITING THE NUMBER AND NAMES OF CONVICTS THAT HAVE BEEN CONFINED IN THE PENITENTIARY OF THE STATE OF OREGON SINCE NOVEMBER 1st, 1862, TO SEPTEMBER 1st, 1864, — THE COUNTY FROM WHENCE THEY WERE SENT — THE CRIME OF WHICH THEY WERE CONVICTED — DATE OF SENTENCE — DATE OF RECEPTION — LENGTH OF SENTENCE, AND HOW DISPOSED OF.

No.	Names of Convicts.	Counties.	Crimes	Date of Sentence.	Date of Reception	Sentence	Date of Dismissal	Date of Pardon	Date of Escape	Date of Recapture.	Remarks.
8	Charity Lamb*	Clackamas	Murder in the 2d deg.	Sept. 4, '54	Sept. 18, '54	Life					Sent to Insane Asylum Dec 2, 1862.
22	Charles Stewart*	Multnomah	Larceny	Oct. 9, '57	Oct. 9, '57	3 yrs	May 19, '54				
49	J. L. Hackney*	Multnomah	Asslt with int to kill	Nov. 10, '58	Nov. 11, '58	5 yrs	Nov 10,'63				
50	J McLaughlin*	Clackamas	Rape	Sept. 9, '59	Sept. 10, '59	4 yrs		July 3, 63			
69	Frederick Lurie*	Josephine	Larceny	Nov. 12,'59	Nov. 18, '59	5 yrs					
75	Jose Mane	Wasco	Larceny	April 5, '60	April 12,'60	3 yrs	Delivered to the sheriff of		Multnomah	county under a	warrant from the circuit court of said county Feb 19, 1863.
76	Frederic D Scott	Benton	Burglary	April 9, '60	April 16,'60	3 yrs		Mar. 7, '63			
77	William Shuley*	Lane	Perjury	April 23,'60	April 20,'60	3 yrs	April 22, '63				
85	Perfurie Torres*	Wasco	Murder in the 2d deg	Jan. 28,'61	Feb 8,'61	Life					Died March 26, 1864.
89	Frank Pear*	Wasco	Larceny	Jan. 26,'61	Feb 18,'61	3 yrs		Dec. 25, '63			
90	Julius Zena*	Multnomah	Manslaughter	Mar. 18,'61	Mar. 18,'61	5 yrs			Aug. 1, '63		
91	Thos McMahon*	Multnomah	Larceny	Mar. 20,'61	Mar 20,'61	3 yrs	Mar 19, '64				
92	James Bryne*	Multnomah	Burglary	Mar. 20,'61	Not noted.	3 yrs	July 17, '63				
98	E A. Taylor*	Multnomah	Larceny	June 17,'61	June 18,'61	3 yrs		June 15,'64			
102	Wm Crawley*	Lane	Murder in the 2d deg	Aug 8,'61	Aug. 16,'61	Life		Aug 28,'63			
106	Wm Johnson*	Marion	Larceny	Nov 10,'61	Not noted	3 yrs		Mar. 14, '64			
114	Geo. Shafer*	Marion	Forgery	Mar 19,'62	Mar. 27,'62	2 yrs					
	Geo. Shafer*†	Marion	Forgery	Mar 19,'62	Mar. 27,'62	1 year					
115	Jas L Pyburn*	Douglas	Larceny	Mar 18,'62	Mar 27,'62	3 yrs					
117	Richard Barry*	Multnomah,	Not certified	June 12,'62	June 14,'62	2 yrs	June 13 '64				
118	John Huber*	Jackson	Larceny	June 7,'62	June 18,'62	3 yrs					
119	Robt Duncan*	Douglas	Larceny	July 8,'62	July 10,'62	5 yrs					Died Nov 20, 1862.
120	Moses Stewart*	Marion	Asslt with int. to kill	Sept 25,'62	Sept 27,'62	3 yrs					
121	Jas. A Waller*	Wasco	Murder in the 2d deg	Sept 30,'62	Oct. 7,'62	Life					
122	Geo Thompson	Polk	Larceny	Nov. 12,'62	Nov. 17, '62	3 yrs					
123	In Dick alias Matt†	Douglas	Larceny	Nov 10,'62	Nov. 27,'62	3 yrs					
124	James Skeen	Lane	Larceny	Dec 26,'62	Dec 27,'62	3 yrs			May 20, '63	May 20, '63	
125	Jose Marie†	Multnomah	Manslaughter	Feb. 21,'63	Feb 24,'63	3 yrs					
126	William Riley†	Jackson	Murder in the 2d deg	Feb. 23, '63	Mar. 24,'63	Life					
127	William Hess	Yamhill	Larceny	April 15,'63	April 18, '63	3 yrs		Aug. 28, '63			
128	Em. T. Jenkins	Umatilla	Asslt with int to kill	June 5, 63	June 9, '63	3 yrs					
129	Indian Cully	Wasco	Larceny	July 16, '63	July 17,'63	3 yrs					

PENITENTIARY EXHIBIT — Continued.

Names of Convicts.	Counties.	Crimes.	Date of Sentence	Date of Reception.	Sentence.	Date of Dismissal.	Date of Pardon	Date of Escape.	Date of Recapture.	Remarks.
130 Basil Delord.....	Marion	Rape.....	Oct 20,'63	Oct 22, '63	3 yrs	.....	April 6, '64	.....	.....	
131 Marcus Newell...	Marion	Burglary.....	Oct. 20, 63	Oct 22, '63	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
132 Michell Lucier	Marion....	Burglary.....	Oct 20,'63	Oct. 22,'63	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
133 W D Quigley	Baker,...	Rec'ing stolen pro'ty	Nov. 2, '63	Nov. 14, '63	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
134 Dan Hide. ..	Baker , ..	Larceny..	Nov. 2, '63	Nov. 14,'63	1 year	.....	.....	June 1, '64	June 1, '64	
135 Jacob Williams†	Multnomah .	Assit with int. to kill	Nov. 18, '63	Nov. 19,'63	1 year	.....	.....	.....	.....	
136 Samuel King	Polk.	Arson	Nov. 19, '63	Nov. 22,'63	1 year	.....	.....	.....	.....	
137 James Sheridon .	Wasco .	Larceny	Dec. 11, '63	Dec. 28, 63	4 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
138 Thomas Graham	Wasco....	Assit with int. to kill	Dec. 21, '63	Dec 28,'63	2 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
139 Charles Honnel .	Wasco.	Larceny...	Dec. 23, '63	Dec 28, '63	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
140 Wentland Nuss ..	Wasco..... .	Larceny	Dec. 23, '63	Dec 28, '63	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
141 M V B Technel ..	Wasco	Manslaughter ..	Dec. 21, '63	Dec 28, '63	2 yrs	.....	Jan 28, '64	.....	.....	
142 James H Casey	Wasco. . .	Larceny	Dec, 29, '63	Jan. 19, '64	1 year	.....	.....	.....	.....	
143 Dick Collins ..	Jackson . .	Murder in the 2d deg	Feb. 17,'64	Mar. 4, '64	Life	.....	.....	.....	.....	
144 Lewis Walton ..	Marion ..	Seduction.	Mar. 16,'64	Mar. 23,'64	3 yrs	.....	.....	June 27, '64	.....	
145 William Bennett	Josephine	Robbery	April 13, '64	April 25,'64	5 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
146 John Martin. ..	Josephine...	Robbery.	April 13, '64	April 25,'64	5 yrs	.....	.....	June 27, '64	.....	
147 James Gregg . .	Josephine	Robbery	April 13, '64	April 25,'64	5 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
148 M. W Smyth.	Wasco,, . . .	Larceny	May 16,'64	May 23,'64	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
149 Lewis Mateo ..	Wasco .. .	Assit with int to kill	May 16,'64	May 23, '64	4 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
150 John W Patton	Wasco	En'g dwel. int. to rob	July 21, '64	July 22, '64	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
151 Charles Baggs .. .	Wasco	En'g dwel. int. to rob	July 21,'64	July 22, '64	3 yrs	.....	.....	.....	.....	
101 Wm Hogrober ‡	Josephine ...	Larceny.	July 2, '61	July 10, '61	5 yrs	.....	.....	Oct 22 '61	Aug 16, '64	

*Those marked thus were received from the lessee, Mr. Besser.
†Those marked thus are serving on their second term
‡Those marked thus escaped before I had charge, and have been recaptured since.

A TABLE

Exhibiting the Number of Convicts received from each County and confined in the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon from November 1st, 1862, to August 31st, 1864.

NAMES OF COUNTIES.	NUMBER OF CONVICTS.
Baker	2
Douglas	1
Jackson	2
Josephine	3
Lane	1
Marion	4
Multnomah	3
Polk	2
Umatilla	1
Wasco	11
Yamhill	1
Total	30

A TABLE

Exhibiting the Crimes for which persons have been convicted and sent to the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon, from Nov 1st, 1862, to Aug 31st, 1864.

CRIMES.	
Arson	1
Assault with intent to kill	1
Assault with intent to murder	3
Burglary	2
Entering dwelling with intent to commit robbery	2
Larceny	11
Manslaughter	2
Murder in the 2d degree	2
Rape	1
Receiving stolen property	1
Robbery	3
Seduction	1
Total	30

A TABLE

Exhibiting the Number of Convicts received of the Lessee, L. Besser, Nov. 1st, 1862, by the Warden of the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon, and the number received, discharged at the expiration of sentence, pardoned, died, escaped, recaptured, sent to the Insane Asylum, delivered to Sheriffs by order of Courts, and the number in charge at the end of each month, from Nov. 1st, 1862, to August 31st, 1864.

Months.	Number received in each month.	Number discharged upon expiration of sentence each month	Number discharged by pardon each month.	Number of deaths each month.	Number of escapes each month	Number of recaptures each month	Number sent to Insane Asylum each month.	Number delivered to Sheriffs by order of Courts each month.	Number in charge at the end of each month.
L. Besser.	23								
November, 1862	2			1					24
December, "	1							1	24
January, 1863								1	24
February, "	1								24
March, "	1			1					24
April, "	1	1							24
May, "					1	1			24
June, "	1								25
July, "	1	1	1						24
August, "				2		1			21
September, "									21
October, "	3								24
November, "	4	1							27
December, "	5		1						31
January, 1864	1		1						31
February, "									31
March, "	2	1	1	1					30
April, "	3		1						32
May, "	2	1							33
June, "	1	1			3	3			29
July, "	2								31
August, "	1					1			32
	54	6	9	2	5	3	1	1	

Average number in charge per month 26 9-11

A TABLE

Exhibiting the number of Convicts received at the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon,—the number discharged upon expiration of sentence, pardoned, died, escaped, recaptured, delivered to Sheriffs upon order of Supreme Court, of those not accounted for and of the number in charge on 31st day of December of each year from July 16th, 1853, to November 1st, 1862, and of the number delivered to the Warden November 1st, 1862.

Years.	Number received in each year	Number discharged upon expiration of sentence.	Number discharged upon Pardon.	Number of deaths.	Number of escapes.	Number of recaptures.	Number of final escapes.	Number delivered to Sheriffs up on order of Supreme Court.	Number not accounted for.	Number in charge Dec. 31st of each year.	Number delivered to Warden, Nov. 1st, 1862.
1853	2				1		1			1	
1854	7				2		2		1	5	
1855	5		2							8	
1856	3	4								7	
1857	14	2	1		1		1			17	
1858	17	3	1							30	
1859	19	1	4	1	14	10	4			39	
1860	18	1	2		39	18	21	3		30	
1861	22	1	6	2	14	7	7			36	
1862 (Nov. 1st)	14	3	7		21	4	17			23	22
	121	15	23	3	92	39	53	3	1	Average 19 3-5	22

TABLE EXHIBITING THE MONTHLY EXPENDITURES OF THE PENITENTIARY OF THE STATE OF OREGON FROM NOVEMBER 1ST, 1862, TO AUGUST 31ST, 1864, AND THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE SAME WAS EXPENDED.

Dates.	Advertising.	Ammunition.	Burial Expenses.	Cartage.	Clothing and Material for Clothing.	Clothing for discharged prisoners	Doctors' bills and Medicine.	Furniture and Bedding and material for Furniture and Bedding.	Fuel and Lights.	For searching and returning of escaped prisoners	Fire-arms and repairs	Irons for Prisoners.	Materials for Repairs and Repairs of Prison	Materials for Manufacturing Purposes	Provisions.	Printing.	Salaries of Officers and Guards.	Sanitary purposes.	Tools and Repairs.	Stationery.	Total.
Nov. '62.	.. ..	$ 75	$8 25	$ 9 00	$130 20	....	$120 50	$482 17	$98 25	.. ..	$04 00	$11 00	*$530 60	$ 75	$309 00	..... .	$340 20	$19 50	$142 50	$27 75	$2,225 40
Dec. "	.. .. ..	.....	.....	2 00	269 10	.....	6 00	50 52	.. ..	...	. ...	.....	32 10	108 82	211 18	.. .. ..	336 66	1 75	52 25	4 00	1,098 31
Jan. '63.	.. .	3 25	.....	56 25	17 29	.. ..	5 00	20 75	27 50	.. .. ..	....	.....	....	38 90	163 41	.. ..	336 66	1 87	63	. ....	680 51
Feb "	$11 00	. .	...	1 00	13 19	.....	6 50	27 50	60	... .. .	.....	16 25	3 70	32 31	136 20	.....	326 66	1 88	7 75	.. ..	584 47
Mar "	... .	. .	. ..	3 26	.....	$ 4 50	21 50	31 63	... .	.....	50	. .. ..	..... .	267 19	210 22	.....	326 66	1 88	24 42	.. ..	831 76
April "	11 00	..... .	... ..	1 00	8 50	11 75	71 00	64 87	... .	. .	.....	. .	....	137 68	209 92	.....	326 66	2 38	13 75	.....	848 07
May "	. .....	.....	.....	2 94	50	.....	116 00	11 42	9 00	40 00	25 00	.	37 10	165 00	74 62	. .....	326 66	9 01	. . .	30	818 45
June "	.....	..... .	.. .	4 25	6 50	....	31 00	12 50	.. .	.. .	1 00	. . ...	13 15	237 47	142 19	$13 00	324 00	13 78	5 82	.. ..	802 46
July "	. .... .	.... .	. .	1 00	16 00	15 00	118 50	4 50	14 55	.. ..	.....	. ..	18 00	112 83	184 77	. ....	326 66	... .	1 00	....	813 71
Aug. "	23 50	.....	. . ..	63 83	7 75	8 00	25 50	28 50	.... .	.....	.. .. ..	.. ..	3 90	163 87	134 62	.....	326 66	8 30	2 00	1 00	796 53
Sept. "	10 00	..... .	. . ..	. .....	....	.....	25 00	5 50	4 50	. .. ..	.... ..	..... .	6 00	131 00	145 00	. . ...	326 66	.....	5 00	.....	658 75
Oct. "	... .. .	1 25	.....	3 00	7 28	. .... .	20 13	10 75	7 00	... .. .	..... .	2 50	..... .	187 29	153 00	.. ..	326 66	....	19 50	.....	744 42
Nov. "	.. . ..	5 00	.....	5 28	45 68	19 00	23 00	55 35	9 00	... .	80 00	.....	42 05	226 65	241 79	6 00	326 66	17 52	13 62	2 50	1,121 10
Dec. "	. ...	.....	.....	2 00	.....	27 38	25 00	90 00	1 50	. .....	. .	.. . ...	.....	125 18	245 48	.. ..	326 66	... .	24 44	.....	870 62
Jan. '64	... .. .	.....	... .	2 00	160 00	.. . .	23 62	21 25	13 50	.. .. .	. .	. ...	.....	81 90	223 66	.....	326 66	.....	41 50	1 00	895 10
Feb. "	. .....	1 00	.....	5 00	4 12	.. ..	60 00	2 58	8 50	... ..	. . ..	11 00	. . . .	172 49	211 32	.....	326 66	8 75	10 25	3 20	1,124 87
Mar. "	..... .	50	1 25	7 25	.. ..	31 50	90 00	4 23	4 25	.....	.....	... .	. . . ...	267 73	109 71	.....	366 66	3 75	1 00	. .....	963 88
April "	.....	.....	.....	58 10	21 00	10 00	137 04	14 75	8 75	.....	.....	.....	123 95	152 25	214 73	..... .	306 66	5 63	3 00	.....	1,124 92
May "	.....	1 00	.....	2 00	..... .	17 75	52 36	39 40	4 00	.....	.....	... . .	1 50	74 75	211 20	.....	337 41	15 96	39 00	..	856 26
June "	6 50	.....	.. ....	4 45	3 13	37 75	17 50	...	75	8 00	61 50	.....	3 00	13 15	210 95	176 02	. .....	416 66	.. . .	10 50	. ....	975 86
July "	6 50	.....	....	1 00	. .....	....	8 75	1 25	.... .	4 50	. ....	3 12	4 85	122 25	215 37	. .....	416 66	0 35	3 00	6 25	802 35
Aug. "	.....	.. . .	.....	.. ..	.....	....	39 25	2 50	9 78	64 75	. ... .	....	....	111 04	177 93	23 32	414 76	5 50	1 00	.....	849 32
	$68 00	$12 75	$9 50	$234 67	$731 29	$191 63	$1057 06	$900 05	†231 55	$170 75	†200 50	$46 87	$829 15	$3364 32	$1191 51	$47 33	$7636 34	$120 75	$425 75	$46 00	$20,522 66

*Of this amount, $466 60-100 was allowed to the lessees for lumber, materials and improvements made on the premises by them.

†There should be deducted from the cartage account $170 33-100, which should be added to Fuel; also about $50 should be taken from the amount expended for materials for manufacturing purposes, and added to that of Fuel, which would increase that account to $451 91-100, but would not add to the sum total.

A TABLE

Exhibiting the Expenses incurred by the Warden of the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon; the Earnings of the Convicts, including the cost of material used; and the amount collected and paid into the Treasury of the State, for each month, from Nov. 1st, 1862, to August 31st, 1864.

Date.	Expenses	Earnings.	Collections	Paid in Treas'y.
November, 1862	$2,225 49	$379 25	$14 00	
December, "	1,098 31	369 34	36 75	
January, 1863	680 61	428 25	52 00	
February, "	584 47	113 16	9 25	
March "	831 76	682 88	182 37	
April "	848 07	841 76	48 50	
May, "	818 45	825 62	550 70	
June, "	897 46	908 43	368 95	$500 00
July, "	813 71	784 69	244 83	
August, "	796 53	776 50	459 00	
September, "	658 75	747 12	920 25	2,000 00
October, "	744 42	604 05	391 12	
November, "	1,121 10	598 36	412 16	
December, "	870 62	626 04	785 00	1,825 00
January, 1864	895 10	685 67	124 87	
February, "	1,124 87	958 83	629 98	
March, "	983 83	1,027 81	1,534 62	2,175 00
April, "	1,124 92	835 75	511 76	
May, "	856 26	861 29	364 66	
June, "	975 86	965 56	567 40	1,500 00
July, "	802 35	1,004 87	13 62	
August "	849 82	922 75	1,335 71	1,500 00
	$20,522 66	$15,947 48	$9,537 50	$9,500 00

A TABLE

Exhibiting the price paid for the principal articles of provisions delivered at the Penitentiary each month, from November 1, 1862, to August 31, 1864.

Date.	Beef, per lb.	Mutton, per lb.	Flour, per barrel	Beans, per lb.	Potatoes, per bushel.
November, 1862	fore q'rter, 4	6	7 00	5½	1 00
December, "	" " 4	6	7 00	6	80
January, 1863	" " 4	6	7 00	6	80
*February, "	round 4½		6 50	6	80
*March, "	" 4⅞		6 50	6	80
*April, "	" 4⅞		6 50	6	40
May, "	fore q'rter, 2½	12½	6 00	6	40
June, "	" " 2½	12½	5 50	6	40
July, "	" " 2½	12½	5 50	5½	50
August, "	" " 2½	12½	5 00	5½	1 00
September, "	" " 3	8	5 00	5½	58
October, "	" " 3	8	5 25	5	50
November, "	" " 3	8	4 75	5	50
*December, "	round 5		5 00	5	50
*January, 1864	" 5		5 00	5	50
*February, "	" 5		4 50	4	50
*March, "	" 6½		4 50	4	50
*April, "	" 6½		5 50	4	50
*May, "	" 6½		5 50	3	50
June, "	fore q'rter, 3	9	7 00	3	50
July, "	" " 3	9	7 00	3	50
August, "	" " 3	9	7 00	3	50
Average	fore qr. 3 1-13	9 2-13	5.84	4.9	.59

*During the winter and spring months, the contract for furnishing the beef has been awarded to farmers, and the beef bought by the carcass, for which the average has been 5 7-18c. per lb.

ACCOUNT CURRENT

Of the Penitentiary of the State of Oregon, from Nov. 1st, '62, to August 31st, '64.

	Dr.	
To Advertising	$ 68 00	
Ammunition	12 75	
Burial expenses	9 50	
Cartage	234 67	
Clothing, and material for clothing	731 20	
Clothing for discharged prisoners	191 63	
Doctors' bills and medicine	1,057 06	
Furniture and bedding and materials for same	890 97	
Fuel and lights	231 58	
Searching for and returning escaped prisoners	170 75	
Fire-arms and repairs of same	200 50	
Irons for prisoners	46 87	
Materials for repairs and repairs of prison	829 15	
Materials for manufacturing purposes	3,564 32	
Provisions	4,191 51	
Printing	47 33	
Salaries of officers and guards	7,636 24	
Sanitary purposes	126 75	
Tools and repairs of same	425 73	
Stationery	46 00	
		$20,522 66

	Cr	
By amount paid into State Treasury	$9,500 00	
751 saddle trees on hand, for sale @ $3 50	2,628 50	
6 large sinches on hand, for sale	9 00	
10 leather apparahoes on hand, for sale @ $26	260 00	
11 gunny " " @ $13	143 00	
12 pack saddles " " @ $ 1 66	20 00	
Material for manufacturing	123 14	
Clothing	275 00	
Book accounts	1,866 75	
Bills receivable	1,081 50	
Fire-arms	165 50	
Ammunition	3 75	
Furniture and bedding	500 00	
Fuel	00 00	
Irons for prisoners	35 00	
Materials for repairs and repair of prison	1,000 00	
Tools	300 00	
Stationery	20 00	
Balance	2,561 52	
	$20,522 66	$20,522 66

The foregoing tables show that the total expenses incurred during the time that I have had charge of the institution, have been twenty thousand five hundred and twenty-two dollars and sixty-six cents, and that the labor performed on contract, and as estimated by me in my monthly reports, including the cost price of the material consumed, has been fifteen thousand nine hundred and forty-seven dollars and forty-eight cents, leaving a balance against the institution of four thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars and eighteen cents, while my account current shows only a balance of two thousand five hundred and thirty-one dollars and fifty-two cents against the institution. Thus showing that I have at all times kept my estimates of the value of the articles manufactured by the convicts within the selling price. There has been expended for provisions, four thousand one hundred and ninety-one dollars and fifty-one cents, for which there has been furnished twenty-one thousand one hundred and thirteen days' board, including officers and prisoners, being at the rate of not quite twenty cents per day per man. The officers who have had board at the prison, number nearly one-fifth as many as the prisoners, and about one-third of the expenses for provisions has been incurred upon their account, leaving two thousand seven hundred and ninety-four dollars and thirty-four cents for the cost of the provisions consumed by the convicts in seventeen thousand seven hundred and thirty-nine days, or at the rate of fifteen cents and seven mills per day per man. The expenditure for clothing of convicts has been seven hundred and thirty-one dollars and twenty-nine cents, being about four and one eighth cents per day per man, making for provisions and clothing less than twenty cents per day per man.

You are aware that in taking charge of the institution, it was my determination to bring its expenses to the lowest figure possible, consistent with due regard to the health of the convicts. My endeavors have been to furnish wholesome plain food and substantial coarse clothing.

I took charge of the institution as an experiment to ascertain for myself if it was necessary that the dishonest part of the community should live off and be supported by the labor, industry and economy of the honest, as well after being convicted of their crimes as before. Believing that all that was necessary, was that their muscle should be governed and directed by honest minds to make them capable of sustaining themselves by some rightful occupation. What has been accomplished in this direction, I leave with you and the public to judge.

When I took charge of the prison it was without order and discipline, without material, without credit, with the convicts almost naked, and with much of the wood-work in a decayed and dilapidated condition. I have established a credit for the institution so that the enquiry is not now "when shall this bill be paid? will you guarantee it?" but it is, "will you not give us your bill, we will fill it upon as good terms as any house in the city?" Order and discipline have been established and maintained. The building has been overhauled; much of the floors relaid, and its general appearance and cleanliness (both inside and out,) much improved.

I have sought such employment for the convicts as the situation and condition of the prison warranted, and as would pay the greatest remuneration with the use of the least capital.

Allow me to say, that for much of the good order and discipline of the prison and prisoners, I am greatly indebted to my assistant warden, Mr. J. C. Gardner. I have also been able, generally, to secure the services of gentlemen as guards that have rendered satisfaction by a prompt discharge of their duties.

OUR LAWS.

Concerning our prison system and prisoners, our laws need such modification as experience has suggested and as has been adopted within a short time by almost all of the states of the east, and by California at the last session of their legislature. I refer principally to laws granting a remission of a portion

of their sentence to all convicts for good behavior and attention to their work. It has been well said that men are but grown up children. All men recognize the principle that a system of just rewards and punishments is the most effectual mode to induce good behavior and obedience in family and school Then why not in the government of our prisoners? This matter struck me so forcibly soon after my connection with our prison, that before I was aware that the principle had been adopted in any state, I had determined to recommend it for trial in this. Since that time, through correspondence with the wardens of other prisons, I have ascertained that such laws had been adopted within a few years by many of the states. Wherever adopted, all bear testimony to their beneficial effects. The warden of New Hampshire says, "that their laws do not allow any remission, but that he thinks very favorably of the system and believes that it would have a very gratifying result." He has been connected with that prison for twenty years.

The warden of Massachusetts says, "the law is a decided success in that state, and that the effect is good in every respect."

The warden of Connecticut says, "that the tendency is to reform, from the fact that it leads the convicts to feel that the community has not lost its interest in them, notwithstanding they are convicts."

The warden of Sing Sing, New York, says, "the law by which prisoners may earn a commutation or deduction from the term of their sentences by good behavior and industry, is working well, and I am pleased to report that nearly all the prisoners take advantage of it"

The warden of Auburn, New York, says, "in that prison the law is conducive to reformation"

The warden of Indiana says, "I think it has a good effect, both as to dicipline and reformation"

The warden of Iowa says, "it has a good effect upon the prisoners."

Of the good effect of such law, the evidence is universal wherever they have been adopted

I close with an extract from the report of the inspectors of the state prisons of the state of New York, for the year 1863. "The object for which prisons are provided, is two-fold, one to punish the offender—public interest and safety demanding it—the other, and certainly the not less important, to reclaim and reform him, and the leading idea in prison dicipline and in the management of convicts, should be to adopt such a course as shall be most successful in the accomplishment of that object, so that when restored to freedom, they may become virtuous and useful citizens; a comfort to themselves and friends, and a blessing to the community.

"We are happy to know that there is great progress being made in the right direction in the management of our prisoners more in accordance with the genius of our institutions and the dictates of humanity and christian philanthropy.

"The "Commutation Bill," as it is called, which has been in operation since last February, is meeting fully the expectations of its friends; in its salutary influence upon the conduct of convicts, the encouragement it gives for good behavior is appreciated by most of them."

ALLOWANCES.

That our discharged convicts should have allowance made them of a small sum of money, reason dictates It is inhuman and wrong to turn a man out upon the community, even if he has been guilty of the violation of its laws and good order, without some amount of money, that he may purchase a meal of vituals or a night's lodging. What man is there, that, place him without money, friends or character, would not be easier led estray than if he had in his possession those necessary adjuncts of comfort and independence? Although we cannot give him character, (a thing that he must make for himself,) we can give him money to

* * *

supply his immediate wants, and we can look after him with a friendly eye; thus relieving him from immediate temptation and assisting him to establish a good character that he may become a useful member of society.

HOW ACCOMPLISHED.

In many of the states there is an admission fee collected from visitors to the prison. In some, it is very justly set apart as a fund to be divided among the discharged convicts. As a further inducement to good conduct and industry, I would recommend that a percentage be allowed each man upon the value of work performed by him, during the time that he is a convict, to be paid to him upon his discharge, subject, however, to deductions for injury done to tools through negligence, carelessness or willful waste of material.

SALARIES.

Having taken the position of warden of our penitentiary as an experiment, and the time drawing near for the meeting of our legistature, when, no doubt, much needed and radical changes will be made in our laws organizing our prison system, I feel that I would not be doing my duty if I did not give my opinion, founded upon my experience on the subject of salaries. There appears to be a prevailing opinion that almost any person is qualified to fill the various situations connected with the management and government of our prison. Those unacquainted with the requirements, seem to think that the positions are such as may be properly filled by any person capable of unlocking a door, or holding a gun or revolver, whether they are endowed with mind and industry sufficient to judge of the proper time to use the one or the other. I must tell you plainly such men will never keep our convicts or work them with profit. What would be thought of the capitalist that should entrust the amount necessary to carry on business that would employ from fifty to one hundred men, to a foreman and assistants without energy, order or character—such as could be employed at nominal salaries and wages? Every business man would predict that the investment would be sunk, and, if the course was continued, that the man would become a bankrupt *"Like causes produce like effects," whether it be for man or State.* There is another item that must be taken into account in making up the proper amount of remuneration to induce honest and competent men to assume the responsibilities of the position: that is, the danger to life and limb incident to the government and management of a number of the most reckless and desperate characters in our State All reflecting men will at once see that if the institution is to prosper and accomplish the end for which it is aimed, a necessity exists that such salaries shall be allowed as will warrant honest, business men, that are qualified for the situations, to assume the responsibilities.

Nor does it lessen the necessity or argument for the advancement of salaries, that there are plenty of men willing to take the positions at present rates.—There would be quite as many, no doubt, if the salaries were one-half what they now are. There will always be applicants enough for any office, let the salary be what it will, where there is an annual expenditure of from thirty to forty thousand dollars.

COMMITMENTS.

There appears to be no uniformity in the commitments or sentences of prisoners convicted, even from the same district and in some cases from the same counties, there is no settled mode of stating the time. Some Sheriffs—which is the more common way—bring a transcript of the proceedings had in the Court, in which it is certified that the persons had their trial upon one day, their sentence upon another, and the clerk certifies to it upon a 3d day, and from the phra-

seology it is quite impossible to say which day it is intended the time of sentence is to commence, and sometimes even whether it commences before the convict arrives at the Penitentiary or not; which makes a difference oftentimes of from one day to two weeks in the time of the commencement of their sentence. Others bring what purports to be a commitment, and in some cases I defy any judge, lawyer clerk or sheriff, not cognizant of the trial and sentence, to state with a certainty when the time of the sentence commences. To remedy this uncertainty, I would suggest that there be a form provided in our statutes wherein the exact time of the commencement of the time of the sentence be stated, also the crime of which they were convicted.

LOCATION.

The notoriously inconvenient location of the present Penitentiary buildings, with their inadequacy, is evident to all casual observers. There was not the requisite quantity of land secured in the first place. It is without water, and very badly located for obtaining a supply. The land purchased by the commissioners was so broken and unevenly situated, that the present building could not be placed upon it, consequently it was partly erected upon an adjoining street, and upon lands belonging to individuals, situated upon the margin of the overflowed bottom lands of the Willamette river, which, in connection with the bad drainage in the building, renders the inmates subject to fever and ague and disorders arising therefrom. The unfinished condition of the building, the lack of cells, shops, and all the necessary appliances of a prison, after the expenditure of the liberal appropriation made by Congress and our own Legislature, shows a lack of proper economy and management, to say the least, in those that made the location and spent the appropriations.

The warden of the Sing Sing prison, of New York, in his report of last year, in speaking of the location and arrangement of that prison, says. "The frequent changes in the management of this institution, resulting from our present defective political system, I think chargeable with a very bad location and general arrangement of our prison buildings."

This language will well apply to our own prison, whether we can trace the cause to the school of N Y. politics, or not

I would here suggest, after my limited experience, what are, in my opinion, the pre-requisites to a proper location of a prison. It should be located near some of our largest towns, convenient to water communication. There should not be less than twenty acres of ground, secured in a healthy situation, well watered, if possible, with running water, if the requisite quantity for a good water-power, so much the better, with proper buildings and machinery, and with due economy in management a prison in such a location would soon be able to sustain itself. That a new location is necessary to be made near this place, or at some other point before long, is certain. and in my opinion, the sooner the better for the interest of the State.

A. C. R SHAW, WARDEN

PORTLAND, September 2, 1864.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

STATE OF OREGON, DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
SALEM, Sept. 12th, 1864.

To His Excellency Addison C. Gibbs,
Governor of the State of Oregon

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith, through you, to the legislative assembly, my report as secretary of state, together with that of the state treasurer, for the fiscal years, 1863-64.

SAMUEL E. MAY,
Secretary of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
SALEM, Sept, 12th, 1864.

To the Hon. the Senate and House of Representatives.

In compliance with the statutes of the state, I respectfully submit the third biennial report from this and the treasury department, embracing a complete statement of the funds of the state, of its revenues, and of the public expenditures, from Sept. 9th, 1862, to Sept. 4th, 1864, inclusive, with a detailed estimate of the expenditures to be defrayed from the treasury for two years ensuing, specifying therein each object of expenditure, and also referring to all other matters properly pertaining to this office.

The secretary of state, as auditor, keeps separate and distinct accounts of the revenues and funds of the state, as follows, to wit:

I. The general fund
II. The legislative fund.
III. The executive fund.
IV. The judicial fund.
V. The convict fund
VI. The penitentiary fund.
VII. The incidental fund.
VIII. The printing fund.
IX. The library fund.
X. The insane asylum fund
XI. The military fund.
XII. The military tax fund
XIII. The common school fund
XIV. The university fund.
XV. The escheat fund.

At the close of the fiscal year, September 8th, 1862, there was in the treasury, belonging to the several funds, then established, the sum of	$ 35,914 43
The receipts from all sources, from Sept. 9th, 1862, to Sept. 4th, 1864, were	128,584 95
Making a total of	$164,499 38
The amount of warrants drawn on account of the several funds embraced in the same period, have been	$141,699 16
Outstanding warrants redeemed by the state treasurer, not shown in the report of 1862,	1,941 23
Loaned from school, university and escheat funds	9,404 59
Total,	$153,044 98
Leaving a balance in the treasury, of all funds, amounting to,	$ 11,454 40

The complete transactions, showing the receipts and expenditures on account of and in each of the several funds before enumerated, during two years, ending Sept. 4th, 1864, will be found herewith. These various funds are formed and explained as follows;

I.—THE GENERAL FUND.

Embraces all of the revenues of the state, the avails of which are applicable to the payment of the ordinary expenses of the state government, and other general and specific appropriations, and is derived from the following sources, to wit:

The annual taxes levied in each county for state purposes.

The expenditures from this fund are authorized by permanent and temporary appropriations of the legislature, and by the several acts requiring the secretary of state to audit accounts.

II.—THE LEGISLATIVE FUND.

The appropriation made for the payment of the mileage and per diem of members of the legislative assembly, and the per diem of clerks, sergeants-at-arms, and door-keepers

III.—THE EXECUTIVE FUND.

The appropriation made for the payment of the salaries of the governor, secretary of state, treasurer, assistant secretary of state, private secretary to the governor, librarian, and the contingent expenses of the three first officers.

IV.—THE JUDICIARY FUND.

The appropriation made for the payment of the salaries of the circuit judges, prosecuting attorneys and pilot commissioners.

V.—THE CONVICT FUND.

The appropriation made for the payment of the expenses of conveying convicts to the penitentiary.

VI.—THE PENITENTIARY FUND.

The appropriation made for the payment of the expenses for the support of the penitentiary; salaries of its officers, and all incidental expenses.

VII.—INCIDENTAL FUND.

The appropriation made for rents, stationery, lights, fuel, and other incidental expenses of the executive, legislative, and administrative departments, and the supreme court.

VIII.—PRINTING FUND.

The appropriation made for the public printing, folding, stitching and binding.

IX.—THE LIBRARY FUND.

The appropriation made for the purchase of books for the state library.

X.—INSANE ASYLUM FUND.

This fund represents the appropriation made for the support of the indigent insane and idiotic, as provided by the law passed Sept. 27th, 1862, and the amount paid by patients, in charge of Messrs. Hawthorne and Loryea, the contractors with the state for this purpose.

In this connection, it may be proper for me to state that the legislative assembly of 1862 appropriated for this charity, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, "or as much thereof as may be necessary;" that the payment made in December, 1863, exhausted the fund, with the exception of $1,561 07. When the March payment fell due, amounting to $5,965 66, there was only the former amount in the fund, leaving a balance due the contractors of $4,404 59 beyond the appropriation and receipts, for which I refused to draw my warrant other than upon the insane asylum fund. The contractors made application to Judge Boise for a mandamus to compel me to draw upon the general fund, who, in deciding the case, said:

"The legislature at its last session made provision by law for the safe keeping of insane and idiotic persons, and that law authorized the governor to contract with suitable persons for the care and custody of such insane persons. The governor made a contract with the plaintiffs, and they entered on the duties of their trust under the contract.

"The eleventh section of the act provides as follows: 'The secretary of state is hereby authorized and required to draw his warrant upon the state treasurer, in favor of said contractors, for all moneys due them as per contract, and the state treasurer is hereby authorized and required to pay the same out of any moneys in his hands belonging to the general fund, not otherwise appropriated.'

"At the same session of the legislature, in the general appropriation bill providing for the current expenses of the state, twenty thousand dollars was specially appropriated to defray the expenses of keeping the insane under this contract.

"This sum has already been drawn by the contractors, on the warrants of the secretary.

"The warrants on which the money has been drawn, and this warrant which the plaintiff asks to have audited, are in form as follows, to-wit:

"'Treasurer of Oregon, pay to Hawthorne & Loryea, or order, ——, and charge to insane asylum fund.'

"On these warrants the state treasurer refuses to pay money from the treasury exceeding the special appropriation of twenty thousand dollars; and this court is asked (by a writ of mandamus), to direct the secretary to draw his warrant on the treasurer, directing payment out of any money in the treasury not appropriated. And it is claimed that section 11 of the act providing for taking care of the insane, &c., makes an appropriation of an indefinite sum sufficient to meet these expenses, whatever they may be, out of any funds in the treasury not otherwise specially appropriated; and if there is or should be any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, plaintiffs are entitled to draw the same."

"The constitution of this state, article 9, section 4, provides: 'No money shall be drawn from the treasury but in pursuance of appropriations made by law.' Sec. 7, of the same article, also provides: 'Laws making appropriations for salaries of public officers and current expenses of the state, shall contain provisions upon no other subject.'

"In order, therefore, to authorize the payment of money out of the treasury, there must be: 1st, An appropriation by law. 2d, The law making such appropriation can contain provisions on no other subject. The act of which section 11 is a part, is an act to provide for the care and custody of insane and idiotic persons, and contains provisions on that subject. Section 11 appropriates an indefinite amount of money to defray the expenses of such care and custody, which expenses are a part of the current expenses of the state, and are provided for as such, and twenty thousand dollars specially appropriated for that purpose, (as before stated). It is very obvious that this act contains provisions on subjects other than the appropriations of money. I think, therefore, that so much of section 11 as appropriates money from the treasury is in conflict with the provisions of section 7, of article 9, of the constitution, and is consequently void.

"The warrant of the secretary is drawn in conformity with the laws defining and regulating the duties of that officer, and is, I think, correct

"The object of this provision of the constitution is to prevent appropriations made inadvertently, and for which no adequate provision is made in the estimate of current expenses; and also to prevent appropriations from the treasury being inserted in laws on other subjects, and passed without due consideration."

Although not required by law, I have visited the asylum, and am pleased to be able to testify to the good management and humane treatment of the unfortunate inmates. The maintenance of this necessary institution has become onerous to the state, and far exceeding the expectations of the legislature that established it, and will require at your hands the utmost care and vigilance to provide for its continuance.

From my own observations, I am satisfied that there is a radical defect in the law, or in the execution thereof, and the state is liable to be burdened with the expense of those who have property in the possession of relatives and friends. This is a glaring injustice, and the law of commitment should be exceedingly stringent, and thorough investigation should be had by the committing judge, as to the ability of the patient to pay.

XI.—THE MILITARY FUND.

The appropriations made and placed at the disposal of the governor of the state, to be expended at his discretion for the organization of the militia of the state.

XII.—THE MILITARY TAX FUND.

Derived from the tax provided in the "act to organize the militia," approved October 16, 1862, section 3, and disbursed under the direction of the board of military auditors:

XIII.—THE COMMON SCHOOL FUND.

This fund will be fully explained by reference to "an act to provide for the sale of common school lands of the territory of Oregon," passed January 26, 1856, and to "an act amendatory," passed January 30, 1858, and again amended January 22, 1859, the whole subject matter of which requires immediate and careful revision.

XIV.—THE UNIVERSITY FUND.

This fund is composed of the net proceeds that arose from the sale of university lands granted to the territory of Oregon by Congress, September 27, 1850.

To trace its history and give an accurate statement of the receipts and disbursements derived therefrom, would be a laborious task and eminently worthy, and should receive the most rigid investigation.

XV.—ESCHEAT FUND.

Is derived from the sale of real and personal property of persons who may die without heir, and held in trust by the State for the period of fifteen years.

The detailed transactions of this office, and other matters connected therewith of a financial nature, are classified under the following

GENERAL HEADS.

Exhibit A.—Showing the amount of the taxable property of the state, and the amount of state tax thereon for the year 1862.

Exhibit B.—Showing the amount of taxable property of the state, and the amount of state tax thereon for the year 1863.

Exhibit C.—Abstract of balance in state treasury on the 9th of September, 1862, and receipts from all sources from that date to September 4, 1864, inclusive, together with all disbursements for the same period, and showing the balance in the treasury of all funds at the close of the fiscal year, 1863–4.

Statement D.—Showing the balances on the books of this office due from the several counties on the 1st day of September, 1864, exclusive of forfeitures and military tax.

Statement E.—Showing appropriations made by the legislative assembly, Oct. 17, 1862; amount expended, unexpended and overdrawn.

Tabular Statement F.—Of all warrants drawn on the state treasurer from Sept. 13, 1862, to Sept. 4, 1864, inclusive.

Tabular Statement G.—Of all warrants drawn on the state treasurer and not paid for want of appropriation, from Sept. 13, 1862, to September 14, 1864, inclusive.

Tabular Statement H.—Estimated expenditures for the two fiscal years commencing September 1st, 1864, and ending August 31, 1866, exclusive of extraordinary appropriations for special purposes.

EXHIBIT A.

Showing the amount of taxable property of the State and the amount of State tax thereon for the year 1862.

NAME OF COUNTY.	Amount of taxable property.	Amount of State Tax.
Benton	$ 921,061 00	$1,842 12
Clackamas	1,315,649 00	2,631 29
Clatsop	230,090 00	460 18
Coos	156,169 00	312 33
Curry	114,271 50	228 54
Columbia	135,020 65	271 24
Douglas	815,002 35	1,630 00
Jackson	1,631,778 00	3,063 55
Josephine	351,998 00	703 99
Lane	1,717,277 00	3,434 55
Linn	2,218,975 00	4,437 94
Marion	2,468,049 00	4,936 08
Multnomah	2,971,090 00	5,942 18
Polk	1,362,958 00	2,725 91
Tillamook	84,395 00	68 79
Umpqua	368,830 00	787 67
Washington	898,330 00	1,796 66
Wasco	1,007,307 00	2,014 61
Yamhill	1,257,272 00	2,514 54
Total	$19,866,125 50	$39,782 17

EXHIBIT B.

Showing the amount of taxable property of the State and the amount of State tax thereon for the year 1863.

Name of County	Amount of taxable property.	Amount of State Tax
Baker	$591,753 00	$1,775 26
Benton	862,161 00	2,586 48
Clackamas	1,205,213 00	3,615 63
Clatsop	218,480 00	655 44
Coös	136,630 00	409 89
Curry	86,737 72	260 21
Columbia	121,190 50	363 57
Douglas	1,057,156 00	3,171 46
Jackson	1,388,414 00	4,150 24
Josephine	381,301 09	1,143 90
Lane	1,526,323 00	4,578 96
Linn	2,075 713 00	6,227 14
Marion	2,302,622 00	7,177 87
Multnomah	3,768,430 00	11,305 29
Polk	1,353,476 00	4,060 42
Tillamook	32,514 25	97 54
Umatilla	$32,184 00	996 55
Washington	831,240 00	2,493 72
Wasco	1,577,664 00	4,732 99
Yamhill	977,730 00	2,933 19
Total	$20,911,931 47	$62,735 75

C

ABSTRACT OF BALANCE

In State Treasury, on the 9th of September, 1862, and receipts from all sources, from that date, to September 4th, 1864, inclusive, together with all disbursements for the same period, and showing the balance in State Treasury of all funds at the close of the fiscal year 1863—4.

FROM WHAT SOURCE RECEIVED.	On what Account.				Total.	Disbursements.	
	Miscellaneous.	Property Tax.	Poll Tax	Military Tax.			
Bal. in Treas'y	$3914 43				$ 3914 43	General Fund	$ 16115 95
Baker County.		$ 1286 52	$ 350 33	$ 611 24	2248 09	Legislative "	9060 95
Benton "		1842 12			1842 12	Executive "	9434 41
Clackamas "		1246 92	685 00		1931 92	Judicial "	24880 59
Clatsop "		460 18			460 18	Convict "	5077 59
Coos "		679 85	15 00		194 85	Penitentiary "	20501 59
Curry "		228 00			228 00	Incidental "	7000 00
Columbia "		633 75		126 00	759 75	Printing "	4783 67
Douglas "		1755 00			1755 00	Library "	787 94
Jackson "		3990 85			3990 85	Ins. Asylum "	38677 44
Josephine "		1758 25			1758 25	Military "	4221 51
Lane "		3365 49			3365 49	Military tax "	3190 75
Linn "		10665 08	1223 00	1250 00	13138 08		
Marion "		12093 95	1367 00	1000 00	14460 95	Balance	20858 99
Multnomah "		17247 47	395 92	1050 56	18693 95		
Polk "		6786 33	716 00	862 00	8364 33		
Tillamook "		166 33			166 33		
Umpqua "		806 99			806 99		
Washington "		4290 38	369 00	455 00	5114 38		
Umatilla "		996 55	504 00		1500 55		
Wasco "		6745 02	868 00	616 00	8229 02		
Yamhill "		5447 73	600 00	466 81	6514 54		
Escheat Fund	2081 00				2081 00		
Insane Asy'm Fund.	839 88				839 88		
Comm'n school Fund.	9511 64				9511 64		
Univer'y Fund	2720 71				2720 71		
Penitentiary Fund.	9500 00				9500 00		
Sale of Code	200 00				200 00		
Sale of Safe.	140 00				140 00		
Jackson coun'y Chinese Tax	345 00				345 00		
Forfeit'e Treas Linn county.	1000 00				1000 00		
Judgm'nt from Multnomah	317 10				317 10		
Total,	$63475 76	$87492 76	$7093 25	$6437 61	$164499 88	Total,	$164499 38

STATEMENT D.

Showing the balances on the books of this office, due from the several Counties on the 1st day of September, 1864, exclusive of forfeitures and military tax.

Counties.	Amount.	Remarks
Benton	$3,633 41	
Baker	1 8 41	Made no return of poll tax.
Columbia	118 36	
Clatsop	713 74	
Coos	185 91	
Curry	247 35	Made no return of poll tax.
Douglas	3,916 46	
Jackson	4,745 14	
Josephine	5,022 67	
Lane	5,460 96	
Multnomah	1,742 32	
Total,	$25,524 73	

STATEMENT E.

Showing appropriations made by the Legislative Assembly, October 17th, 1862, amount expended, unexpended, and overdrawn.

What Fund.	Amount.	Expended.	Unexpended.	Overdrawn.
Legislative	$10,000 00	$9,060 95	$939 05	
Executive	12,500 00	9,434 41	3,065 59	
Judicial	25,700 00	24,880 59	819 41	
Convict	8,000 00	5,077 59	2,922 41	
Penitentiary	30,000 00	20,501 59	9,498 41	
Incidental	7,000 00	7,000 00		
Printing	7,500 00	4,783 67	2,716 33	
Library	800 00	787 94	12 49	
Asylum	20,000 00	37,837 56		
Military	5,000 00	4,221 51	778 48	$17,837 56
Total,	126,500 00	$123,585 81	$20,751 75	$17,837 56

TABULAR STATEMENT F.

Of all warrants drawn on the State Treasurer from September 13th, 1862, to September 4th, 1864, inclusive.

1862.	NO	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
September 13	1	J. G. Hustler.....	Judicial.....	$ 100 00
" 17	2	Jones, Reed & Co.	Incidental	115 00
" 19	3	Benjamin Strang	do.	20 25
" 23	4	S. J. McCormick.	do.	171 50
October 11	5	D. S. Holton	Legislative	210 00
" "	6	A. Stevenson.....	do.	117 00
" "	7	D M. Fields	do.	120 00
" "	8	Solomon Fitzhugh	do.	180 00
" "	9	A G. Hovey.....	do.	132 00
" "	10	James Munroe	do.	147 00
" "	11	Richard A. Barker.	do	120 00
" "	12	John R. McBride.....	do.	129 00
" "	13	Joseph W. Drew.....	do.	187 00
" "	14	W. B. Daniels.	do.	120 00
" "	15	A. J. Dufur	do.	137 10
" "	16	Samuel A Clarke..... ..	do.	200 00
" "	17	Wiley Chapman.	do...	120 00
" 13	18	Henry Cummins.	do.	120 00
" 13	19	William Taylor.....	do.	126 00
" 14	20	Bartlett Curl.....	do.	132 00
" "	21	H. L Pittock	General.	75 00
" 15	22	John Cummins..	Legislative	127 50
" "	23	D. W. Ballard	do.	132 00
" "	24	A. M. Withan	do.	130 80
" "	25	Wilson Bowlby....	do.	218 00
" "	26	C. E. Chrisman.....	do.	147 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1862.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
October 15	27	Addison C. Gibbs	Library	$ 750 00
" "	28	W. H. Wilson	Legislative	156 30
" "	29	P. W. Gillette	do.	170 40
" "	30	O. Humason	do.	171 00
" "	31	C P. Blair	do.	133 50
" "	32	Isaac R. Moores	do.	120 00
" "	33	Cyrus A. Reed	do.	120 00
" "	34	H. M. Brown	do.	127 50
" "	35	Jacob Wagner	do.	204 00
" "	36	John T. Kearns	do.	133 50
" "	37	Ralph Wilcox	do.	138 00
" "	38	G. W. Richardson	do.	123 90
" "	39	F. A. Collard	do.	132 00
" "	40	M. Ramsby	do.	135 90
" "	41	John Smith	do.	131 25
" "	42	P. Wasserman	do.	135 30
" "	43	Joseph Engle	do.	124 50
" "	44	William McCoy	do.	135 00
" "	45	William Greenwood	do.	126 00
" 16	46	James K. Kelly	do.	132 00
" "	47	J. H. Mitchell	do.	138 00
" "	48	John W. Grim	do.	126 00
" "	49	V. S. McClure	do.	140 40
" "	50	M. Wilkins	do.	141 00
" "	51	E. W. Conyers	do.	159 90
" "	52	A A. Hemenway	do.	143 10
" "	53	Rufus Mallory	do.	165 00
" "	54	A. A. McCully	do.	135 00
" "	55	H B. Parker	do.	120 00
" "	56	John Fullerton	General	410 22
" "	57	Joseph Myers	Legislative	120 00
" "	58	H. W. Hedrick	Convict	56 00
" "	59	John Minto	Legislative	121 50
" "	60	M. P. Deady	General	1025 00
" "	61	James Watson	Legislative	169 80
" "	62	A. Stevenson	do.	123 00
" "	63	A. C. Gibbs	do.	100 00
" "	64	James K. Kelly	General	75 00
" "	65	James D. Fay	General	210 00
" "	66	Lindsey Applegate	Legislative	204 00
" "	67	S D. Vandyke	do	198 00
" "	68	S. T Church	do.	200 00
" "	69	I. D. Haines	do.	195 00
" "	70	F. P. Foster	do.	30 00
" "	71	Joel Palmer	do.	206 30
" 17	72	Benj Simpson	do.	129 00
" "	73	Samuel A. Clarke	do.	63 00
" "	74	Paul Crandall	do.	120 00
" 18	75	Theodore Burmester	General	59 00
" "	76	Samuel Headrick*	Convict	58 50
" "	77	Joseph G. Wilson	Judicial	52 00

* Claimed $80 00.

STATEMENT—Continued.

1862.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
October 20	78	Matheny & Wright	General	$ 35 00
" "	79	J. C. Peebles	Executive	15 58
" "	80	Asahel Bush	General	70 22
" 21	81	R. D. Austin & Co.	do.	39 50
" "	82	J. L. Allison	do.	6 00
" "	83	D. W. Craig	do.	12 13
" "	84	Thomas H. Pearne,	do.	5 37
" "	85	A. G. Walling	do.	8 00
" "	86	Chester N. Terry	do.	4 50
" "	87	Wm. H. Newell,	do.	23 00
" 22	88	H. M. Waller	do.	100 00
" "	89	N. Fish,	Incidental	29 75
" "	90	H. C. Sterling,	do.	24 00
" 29	91	Asahel Bush	Printing	1674 48
" "	92	James R. Herren	General	25 00
" 31	93	Ralph C. Geer,	do.	100 00
November 3	94	James Brown	Incidental	28 50
" 5	95	Fred. Loose	do.	8 00
" 6	96	Samuel A. Lobdell	do.	24 75
" 7	97	Luzerne Besser	Penitentiary	1066 85
" 17	98	Joseph G. Wilson	General	800 00
" 20	99	William S. Barker	Incidental	8 00
" 24	100	M. B. Holmes,	Penitentiary	22 25
" 28	101	Wm. S. Dryden	Convict	159 60
" "	102	I. M. Butler,	do.	74 00
" 29	103	Leonard Howe,	do.	259 00
" "	104	Ladd, Reed & Co.	General	325 00
December 1	105	Riley E. Stratton,	Judicial	455 56
" 2	106	E D. Shattuck,	do.	500 00
" "	107	R. P. Boise,	do.	455 56
" "	108	P. P. Prim	do.	455 56
" "	109	Joseph G. Wilson	do.	247 32
" "	110	James F. Gazley	do.	113 89
" "	111	A. J. Thayer	do.	113 89
" "	112	Rufus Mallory	do.	61 83
" "	113	W. C. Johnson	do.	113 89
" "	114	C. R. Meigs,	do.	113 89
" "	115	P. S. Knight,	Executive	18 55
" "	116	Chester N. Terry,	do.	182 22
" "	117	Addison C. Gibbs	do.	341 67
" "	118	Samuel E. May	do.	341 67
" "	119	Edwin N. Cook	do.	182 22
" "	120	Cohen, Lyon & Co.	Penitentiary	6 83
" "	121	Luzerne Besser	do.	63 50
" 3	122	Joseph Holman	Incidental	182 22
" 4	123	J. L Parrish & Co.	Penitentiary	27 75
" "	124	Jones, Reed & Co.	Incidental	14 00
" "	125	James Brown	do.	68 33
" 9	126	J. R. Foster,	Penitentiary	6 25
" "	127	Richards & McCraken,	do.	12 00
" "	128	Addison C. Gibbs,	do.	33 33
" "	129	John Hamilton	Incidental	146 15

STATEMENT—Continued.

1862.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
December 9	130	Henry Deulinger	General	$ 27 00
" "	131	Asahel Bush	Printing	118 40
" "	132	Asahel Bush	do.	13 00
" "	133	Asahel Bush	Military	12 00
" "	134	Asahel Bush	Incidental	126 50
" "	135	R. Pittock	Penitentiary	29 25
" 11	136	H. W. Corbett	do.	119 50
" "	137	Wiberg & Strowbridge	do.	35 05
" 12	138	Pleasant Howell	do.	44 00
" "	139	J. A. Chapman	do.	100 50
" "	140	J. A. Chapman	do.	19 00
" 13	141	Joseph N. Dolph	do.	19 00
" "	142	Weeks, Gilmore & Co.	do.	80 82
" 15	143	Silver & Faun	do.	154 02
" "	144	Clinton Kelley	do.	20 00
" "	145	Joseph Watt	Incidental	11 50
" "	146	Wasco County	General	264 00
" "	147	A. C. R. Shaw	Penitentiary	83 33
" "	148	Joseph D. Stewart	do.	35 99
" 16	149	James Brown	Military	7 00
" 17	150	Samuel D. King	Penitentiary	34 56
" "	151	Benjamin DeForrest	do.	33 33
" 29	152	John C. Gardner	do.	50 00
" "	153	Patrick Hines	do.	50 00
" 30	154	Hawthorne & Loryea	Insane Asylum.	2177 17
1863.				
January 3	155	I. R. Moores, Trustee	Incidental	40 00
" 5	156	Thos. J. Brattaine	Convict	145 83
" 7	157	N. O Parrish & Co	Incidental	7 62
" 8	158	W. H. Newell	do.	27 00
" "	159	Asahel Bush	Printing	100 00
" 9	160	Cyrus A. Reed	Military	106 66
" 12	161	Henry W. Corbett	Penitentiary	281 50
" "	162	Matheny & Wright	General	13 61
" 13	163	Weeks, Gilmore & Co.	Penitentiary	100 72
" 14	164	Knapp, Burrell & Co.	General	287 00
" 17	165	H. McDonald	do.	20 00
" 30	166	Samuel W. Carter	Penitentiary	9 90
" "	167	Edwin N. Cook	General	20 00
" "	168	Samuel E. May	do.	30 00
February 4	169	M. Alexander	Incidental	3 75
" "	170	M. Alexander	General	2 00
" 6	171	Patrick Hines	Penitentiary	100 00
" 7	172	Asahel Bush	Printing	1007 02
" "	173	Asahel Bush	Incidental	32 50
" "	174	Asahel Bush	Military	7 50
" 9	175	Knapp, Burrell & Co	Penitentiary	40 75
" 11	176	J. B. & M. Hersch	Incidental	36 00
" 16	177	R. Pittock	Penitentiary	88 35
" "	178	R. Pittock	do.	26 26
" 19	179	Weeks, Gilmore & Co.	do.	93 88
" 23	180	Dr. R. Glisan	do.	5 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

CLAIMANT.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
February 23	181	Thomas Frazar	Penitentiary	$ 11 00
" 26	182	Harker Brothers	do.	46 84
" 28	183	Hawthorne & Loryea	Insane Asylum	2434 25
" "	184	Silver & Fain	Penitentiary	45 04
March 2	185	Addison C. Gibbs	Executive	375 00
" "	186	Samuel E. May	do.	375 00
" "	187	Edwin N. Cook	do.	200 00
" "	188	Chester N. Terry	do.	200 00
" "	189	P. S. Knight	do.	37 50
" "	190	P. P. Prim	Judicial	500 00
" "	191	Riley E. Stratton	do.	500 00
" "	192	R. P. Boise	do.	500 00
" "	193	Erasmus D. Shattuck	do.	500 00
" "	194	Joseph G. Wilson	do.	500 00
" "	195	James F. Gazley	do.	125 00
" "	196	A. J. Thayer	do.	125 00
" "	197	Rufus Mallory	do.	125 00
" "	198	W. C. Johnson	do.	125 00
" "	199	C. R. Meigs	do.	125 00
" "	200	Cyrus A. Reed	Military	133 33
" "	201	Joseph Holman	Incidental	200 00
" "	202	J. R. Moores, Trustee	do.	20 00
" "	203	James Brown	do.	75 00
" 4	204	Cohen, Lyon & Co	Penitentiary	8 63
" 6	205	A. C. R. Shaw	do.	250 00
" "	206	John C. Gardner	do.	150 00
" "	207	Samuel D. King	do.	120 00
" "	208	Benj. DeForrest	do.	120 00
" "	209	Joseph D. Stewart	do.	120 00
" "	210	Hay & Burch	do.	23 75
" 9	211	Addison C. Gibbs	do.	100 00
" 10	212	W. H. S. Hyde	Convict	348 00
" "	213	W. H. S Hyde	do.	370 00
" 16	214	Knapp, Burrell & Co	Penitentiary	32 50
" "	215	B. F. Bonham	General	16 19
" 17	216	N. Fish	Incidental	7 50
" 20	217	James M. Curley	do.	6 00
" "	218	Asahel Bush	do.	44 60
" "	219	R. D. Austin & Co	Penitentiary	5 00
" 24	220	Samuel E. May	Incidental	1,000 00
" 30	221	David Powell	Penitentiary	178 86
April 3	222	J. T. Moulsby	do.	40 00
" "	223	Samuel Stover	do.	80 00
" "	224	H. L Pittock	do.	6 00
" 4	225	Linn County	General	51 90
" 7	226	R. Pittock	Penitentiary	50 51
" 11	227	Hodgo & Calef	do.	45 00
" 13	228	Asahel Bush	Printing	1,767 77
" 14	229	Hawthorne & Chapman	Penitentiary	31 50
" "	230	M. Seller & Co	do.	8 50
" "	231	R. D. Austin & Co	do.	5 00
" "	232	W. P. Duwyer	do.	6 30

STATEMENT—Continued.

1863.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
April.....14	233	Wiberg & Strowbridge...	Penitentiary. ...	$ 30 95
" 16	234	Addison C. Gibbs.....	Military.....	100 00
" 21	235	Wells, Fargo & Co.....	Incidental.....	45 00
" 27	236	David Powell.....	Penitentiary.....	119 13
" 30	237	Edward Fitz Henry.....	do.	108 72
May..... 7	238	Hawthorne & Chapman..	do.	69 50
" 9	239	Jones, Reed & Co.....	Military.....	6 00
" 11	240	R. Pittock,.....	Penitentiary.....	48 80
" 13	241	Rufus Mallory	General,.....	400 00
" "	242	Rufus Mallory.....	do.	100 00
" 16	243	Cohen, Lyon & Co..	Penitentiary.....	65 20
" "	244	Cohen, Lyon & Co.....	do.	30 63
" "	245	Henry L. Pittock.....	do.	5 00
" "	246	Jones, Reed & Co	General.....	15 00
" 18	247	H. W. Corbett	Penitentiary....	15 50
" 25	248	D. W. Williams & Co....	do.	8 84
" "	249	D. W. Williams & Co....	do.	26 82
" "	250	Edward Fitz Henry	do.	119 00
" 26	251	A. B Shoemaker....	Military.....	10 50
June..... 1	252	R. P. Boise...	Judicial.....	500 00
" "	253	Erasmus D. Shattuck.....	do.	500 00
" "	254	P. P. Prim	do.	500 00
" "	255	Riley E. Stratton.....	do.	500 00
" "	256	Joseph G. Wilson	do.	500 00
" "	257	Hawthorne & Loryea	Insane Asylum.	4,429 67
" "	258	Cyrus A. Reed.....	Military	200 00
" "	259	P. S Knight.....	Executive	37 50
" "	260	Chester N. Terry	do.	200 00
" "	261	Jones, Reed & Co..... ...	Military.....	7 75
" "	262	Edwin N. Cook	Executive	200 00
" "	263	Addison C. Gibbs.....	do.	375 00
" "	264	Addison C Gibbs.....	Penitentiary.. .	100 00
" "	265	James Brown	Incidental.....	75 00
" "	266	Joseph Holman..	do.	200 00
" "	267	J R. Moores, Trustee ..	do.	30 00
" "	268	Rufus Mallory.....	Judicial.....	125 00
" "	269	James F. Gazley.....	do.	125 00
" "	270	A. J. Thayer..	do.	125 00
" "	271	W. C. Johnson	do.	125 00
" "	272	C R. Meigs	do.	125 00
" "	273	Samuel E. May.....	Executive	375 00
" "	274	Silver & Fain.....	Penitentiary....	71 14
" "	275	Hurgren & Shindler.... .	do.	25 00
" "	276	R D. Austin & Co..... .	do.	6 00
" "	277	E. L Jones.....	do.	25 00
" "	278	W. H. Shields	General . ..	4 00
" 4	279	Addison C Gibbs.....	do.	46 00
" "	280	Addison C. Gibbs.....	Incidental	5 25
" "	281	Hawthorne & Chapman.	Penitentiary...	116 00
" "	282	Adolphus J. Rieley.....	Military.....	5 00
" "	283	Weeks, Gilmore & Co....	Penitentiary....	6 00
" "	284	Samuel D. King.....	do.	128 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1863.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
June 12	285	Andrew Simmons	Military.....	20 00
" "	286	Matheney & Wright.....	Incidental.....	3 45
" 15	287	R. Pittock.....	Penitentiary...	33 06
" "	288	J. L. Parrish & Co.....	Military.....	48 00
" 16	289	N. O. Parrish & Co.....	do.	6 50
" "	290	Matheney & Wright.....	do.	4 00
" "	291	M. G. McCarty	do.	2 00
" "	292	Joseph Bergman.....	Penitentiary....	40 79
" 24	293	A. C. R. Shaw.....	do.	250 00
" "	294	A. Ebinger.....	do.	4 50
" "	295	Geo. Smith	do.	11 00
" "	296	A. R. Wright.	do.	20 00
" "	297	Phineas Nichols.....	do.	58 00
" "	298	Jacob Grazer.....	do.	20 00
" "	299	W. W. Baker & Co.....	do.	26 00
" 16	300	John P. Walker.....	do.	7 00
" "	301	A. A Mathews	do.	5 87
" "	302	A. A. Mathews.....	do.	75 20
" "	303	John Fries	do.	9 36
" "	304	John Fries	do.	2 25
" "	305	J D. Stewart.....	do.	120 00
" "	306	John C. Gardner.....	do.	150 00
" "	307	Edward FitzHenry.....	do.	126 87
" "	308	Harbaugh & Stitzel.....	do.	20 90
" 25	309	John T. Hamilton.	Incidental.....	106 97
" "	310	John T. Hamilton.....	do.	11 24
July..... 1	311	William M. King.....	General.....	1170 51
" "	312	J. N. Gale	do.	11 12
" "	313	C. Adams & Co.....	Military.....	13 38
" 7	314	M. G. McCarty.....	do.	1 00
" 9	315	Benjamin Strang.....	Incidental.....	5 00
" 14	316	Hawthorne & Chapman..	Penitentiary....	31 00
" 16	317	J B. & M. Hirsch	Incidental.....	8 00
" 22	318	Nathan Olney.....	Convict.....	44 00
" 24	319	J. W. Kittlestring.....	Penitentiary....	100 00
" 25	320	Samuel E May..	Incidental.....	24 00
" "	321	Wm. E. Goldsmith	do.	20 00
" 31	322	Henry Warren..	Convict	37 00
August... 8	323	Crandall & Waite..... ..	Military.....	79 00
" "	324	Crandall & Waite.....	General.....	12 00
" "	325	Crandall & Waite.... ..	Incidental.....	24 50
" 11	326	A. C. Gibbs.....	General.....	40 00
" 19	327	Cohen, Lyon & Co.....	Penitentiary.....	9 00
" 24	328	Jones, Reed & Co.....	Military.....	55 00
" 26	329	James R. Robb.....	Incidental.....	10 00
" "	330	C H Dray	Library.....	6 00
" 29	331	N. O. Parrish & Co.....	Military.....	39 75
" "	332	J. L. Parrish & Co	do.	16 67
" 31	333	Alfred Marshall	Convict	268 00
September 1	334	P. P. Prim.....	Judicial.....	500 00
" "	335	Riley E Stratton.....	do.	500 00
" "	336	R. P. Boise.....	do.	500 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1863.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	NO.
September 1	337	E. D. Shattuck	Judicial	$ 500 00
" "	338	Joseph G. Wilson	do.	500 00
" "	339	James F. Gazley	do.	125 00
" "	340	A. J. Thayer	do.	125 00
" "	341	Rufus Mallory	do.	125 00
" "	342	W. C. Johnson	do.	125 00
" "	343	C. R. Meigs	do.	125 00
" "	344	P. S. Knight	Executive	37 50
" "	345	Chester N. Terry	do.	200 00
" "	346	Edwin N. Cook	do.	200 00
" "	347	Addison C. Gibbs	do.	375 00
" "	348	Samuel E. May	do.	375 00
" "	349	Michael Walther	Incidental	75 00
" "	350	Joseph Holman	do.	200 00
" "	351	I. R Moore, Trustee	do.	30 00
" "	352	Hawthorne & Loryea	Insane Asylum.	4,866 85
" "	353	A. J. Riley	Military	16 00
" "	354	Cyrus A. Reed	do.	200 00
" 3	355	John T. Hamilton	do.	11 88
" "	356	John T. Hamilton	Incidental	15 44
" 4	357	John Barrett	Military	15 36
" 5	358	James R. Robb	Incidental	31 60
" "	359	A B. Shoemaker	Military	3 00
" 11	360	Addison C. Gibbs	Library	13 12
" "	361	Benj. F. Harding	do.	18 82
" "	362	Addison C. Gibbs	Penitentiary	100 00
" 15	363	C. H. Clark	do.	80 00
" "	364	Edward FitzHenry	do.	77 05
" 18	365	Alexander Dodge	Judicial	111 10
" 19	366	Seymour & Joynt	Penitentiary	118 35
" 21	367	A. A. Mathews	do.	101 40
" "	368	J. Sonneberg	do.	2 85
" "	369	John Hulery	do.	4 00
" "	370	C. J. Cook	do.	13 50
" "	371	W. B. Meade & Co	do.	9 78
" "	372	R D. Austin	do	11 00
" "	373	J. L. Parrish & Co	do.	4 00
" "	374	J. B. Congle	do.	6 48
" "	375	Richards & McCraken	do.	7 00
" "	376	Wiberg & Strowbridge	do.	16 14
" "	377	J. Levy & Bro	do.	45 00
" "	378	D. W. Williams & Co	do.	3 18
" "	379	J. D. Stewart	do.	120 00
" "	380	A. C. R. Shaw	do.	250 00
" "	381	Hodge & Calof	do.	22 75
" "	382	J. C. Gardner	do.	150 00
" "	383	John P. Walker	do.	4 65
" "	384	Hawthorne & Chapman	do.	118 00
" "	385	Milwain & Morse	do.	45 75
" "	386	Sherry Ross	do.	63 29
" "	388	J. H. Kirgin	do.	92 00
" "	389	E. J. Northrup & Co	do.	45 62

* * *

STATEMENT—Continued.

1863.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
September 2	390	E. J. Northrup & Co.....	Penitentiary.....	$ 90 71
" "	391	Bergman & Co	do.	50 46
" "	392	Bergman & Co.	do.	57 67
" "	393	Bergman & Co	do.	57 13
" "	394	J. Scram.....	do.	5 33
" "	395	S. B. Latherman.....	do.	40 00
" "	396	S. B. Latherman.....	do.	24 00
" "	397	W. Weatherford.....	do.	26 75
" "	398	W. Weatherferd	do.	28 63
" "	399	W. Weatherford.....	do.	10 63
" "	400	W. P. Blake.....	do.	40 00
" "	401	W. P. Blake.	do.	80 00
" "	402	R. Pittock	do.	54 00
" "	403	R. Pittock.....	do.	9 52
" "	404	R. Pittock.....	do.	83 87
" "	405	R Pittock...	do.	25 23
" "	406	R. Pittock.....	do.	137 04
" 24	407	Addison C Gibbs	Military.....	167 75
" 29	408	Brown & Myers.....	Incidental	17 11
" "	409	E. Fitz Henry	Penitentiary... ...	198 62
October..... 6	410	N. Fish,.....	Incidental.....	8 75
" 8	411	J. H. Starr.....	do.	4 37
" 9	412	William S. Ladd.....	Judicial.....	111 10
" "	413	J. H. & I. R. Moores.....	Incidental	13 00
" "	414	J. H. Haas.....	do.	17 50
" 10	415	N. O. Parrish & Co	do.	11 00
" "	416	Samuel Headrick	do.	78 50
" "	417	Michael Walther.....	do.	78 00
" 26	418	Samuel Headrick.....	Convict	58 00
" "	419	Samuel Headrick.....	do.	58 00
" "	420	Samuel Headrick.	do.	36 00
November.. 4	421	D. William Douthitt.....	General.....	427 30
" 6	422	Benjamin Donaca.....	Incidental	4 00
" 11	423	A. M. Pringle.....	do.	14 00
" 12	424	Addison C. Gibbs,.....	Military.....	1,500 00
" 17	425	R. W. Parks.....	Convict	860 00
" 20	426	O. C. Pratt.....	General.....	5,108 94
" 28	427	Wm. Johnson	Incidental.....	5 00
" 30	428	J. M Butler..	Convict.....	74 00
December.. 1	429	P. P. Prim....	Judicial.....	500 00
" "	430	Riley E. Stratton.....	do.	500 00
" "	431	R. P. Boise,.....	do.	500 00
" "	432	Erasmus D. Shattuck.....	do.	500 00
" "	433	Joseph G. Wilson	do.	500 00
" "	434	James F. Gazley.....	do.	125 00
" "	435	A. J. Thayer,.....	do.	125 00
" "	436	Rufus Mallory.....	do.	125 00
" "	437	W. C. Johnson.....	do.	125 00
" "	438	C. R. Meigs,.....	do.	125 00
" "	439	P. S. Knight,.....	Executive	37 50
" "	440	Chester N. Terry,.....	do.	200 00
" "	441	Edwin N. Cook,.....	do.	200 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1863.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
December.. 1	442	Addison C. Gibbs.	Executive.....	$ 375 00
" "	443	Samuel E. May.....	do.	375 00
" "	444	Michael Walther.	Incidental.....	75 00
" "	445	Joseph Holman.....	do.	200 00
" "	446	I. R. Moores, Trustee.. .	do.	30 00
" "	447	Cyrus A. Reed	Military	200 00
" "	448	Hawthorne & Loryea	Insane Asylum	5,213 00
" 3	449	J. H. Starr.....	Incidental...	25 25
" "	440	William S. Barker.....	do.	20 50
" 8	441	J. Levy & Co.....	Penitentiary.....	13 00
" "	452	J. Levy & Co	do.	41 51
" 16	453	Oregon P. & P. Co	Incidental.	31 00
" 22	454	Smith & Cartwright	do.	7 87
" "	455	Samuel P. Starr.....	Penitentiary....	77 33
" "	456	Hiram Warner.....	do.	120 00
" "	457	J. H Kirgin	do.	120 00
" "	458	W. P. Blake.....	do.	120 00
" "	459	J. C. Gardner.....	do.	190 00
" "	450	J. & J. Bergman	do.	66 63
" "	451	J. & J. Bergman.....	do.	32 81
" "	462	J. & J. Bergman	do.	54 70
" "	463	L. Hicklin	do.	25 00
" "	464	L. Hicklin.....	do.	25 00
" "	465	L. Hicklin.	do.	25 00
" "	466	L Hicklin.....	do.	25 00
" "	467	Melwain & Morse..... ..	do.	6 00
" "	468	Hay & Burch..... ..	do.	17 12
" "	469	Harker & Brother.....	do.	35 85
" "	460	Cohen & Lyon.....	do.	8 00
" "	461	Henry L Pittock.....	do.	5 00
" "	472	Thomas H. Pearne.....	do.	10 00
" "	473	R. Pittock.....	do.	82 59
" "	474	R. Pittock.....	do.	60 66
" "	475	R. Pittock..... ...	do.	16 71
" "	476	R Pittock.....	do.	164 05
" "	477	William Ralston	do.	12 00
" "	478	H. R Hill.....	do.	42 66
" "	479	Philip Wiman.....	do.	8 64
" "	470	A. J. Dufur..... .	do.	36 37
" "	471	E. L. Jones	do.	45 00
" "	482	John Friey...	do.	7 95
" "	483	J. C. Jamieson.	do.	7 00
" "	484	Thomas H. Pearne,.	do.	6 00
" "	485	E. J. Northup & Co.....	do.	33 35
" "	486	E J Northup & Co.....	do.	19 12
" "	487	E. Fitz Henry.....	do.	204 12
" "	488	Harbaugh & Stitzel.....	do.	83 63
" "	489	Cohen & Lyon.....	do.	45 68
" "	480	Beck & Walderman.....	do.	28 50
" "	481	R. Pittock.....	do.	56 01
" "	492	R. Pittock,.....	do.	85 68
" "	493	Wiberg & Strowbridge...	do.	7 82

STATEMENT—Continued.

IN 1863.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
December..22	494	W. B. Meade.....	Penitentiary.....	$ 7 90
" "	495	A C. R. Shew.	do.	250 00
" "	496	Frank Hornstrom	do.	4 00
" "	497	Hodge & Calef.....	do.	18 75
" "	498	Silver & Fain	do.	24 75
" "	499	A. J. Dufur	do.	57 00
" "	500	B. F Smith.....	do.	4 00
" "	501	W. Weatherford.	do.	28 01
" "	502	Thomas Stephens.....	do.	16 12
" 30	503	J. D. Holman.	do.	3 50
" "	504	Holman, Hogan & Co.....	do.	2 00
" "	505	Hogan & Co..	do.	1 00
1864				
January.... 1	506	Bergman & Bro.....	do.	54 89
" 8	507	Addison C. Gibbs	do.	100 00
" "	508	Ivon D. Applegate..	Military.....	92 00
" 9	509	Henry L Pittock.....	Military Tax ...	2 50
" "	510	C. H. Dray.....	do.	30 00
" "	511	J. M Pomeroy	Military.....	7 00
" "	512	J. B. Emery.	do.	17 50
" "	513	Samuel E. May...	do	75 00
" "	514	Samuel E. May.....	do.	546 00
" "	515	Wells, Fargo & Co.....	Incidental.....	61 50
" "	516	Cyrus A. Reed.....	Military Tax...	255 50
" 11	517	Adolphus J. Rieley...	do.	168 00
" "	518	Adolphus J. Rieley.....	do.	75 00
" 12	519	Adolphus J. Rieley.....	do.	96 00
" "	520	John T. Hamilton.....	Incidental.....	21 50
" 13	521	William S. Powell.....	Military Tax....	940 00
" "	522	William S Powell.....	do.	40 00
" "	523	John T. Hamilton.....	Military	7 46
" 18	524	Benjamin Strang.....	do.	57 00
" 19	525	S Beary	Penitentiary....	72 50
" "	526	Wm. H. Shields.....	Military Tax ...	300 00
" 20	527	Nathan Olney.....	Convict.....	269 00
" 23	528	Matheny & Wright.....	Military.....	5 88
" "	529	Matheny & Wright.....	do.	2 00
" 25	530	Nathan Olney.....	Convict.....	128 50
" 26	531	William Adams.....	Military	1 50
" 28	532	D. W. & M. R. Cox.	Incidental.....	11 50
February... 5	533	Beck & Waldman	Penitentiary.....	60 00
" 8	534	John Rowland.....	Military Tax...	402 00
" "	535	Chester N. Terry.....	General.....	25 00
" 9	536	Michael Walther	Incidental.....	22 00
" 17	537	Benjamin Strang	do.	7 50
" 18	538	Wil Woolen Man. Co....	Penitentiary...,	92 25
March 1	539	P P. Prim.....	Judicial.	500 00
" "	540	Riley E. Stratton.....	do.	500 00
" "	541	R. P. Boise.....	do.	500 00
" "	542	E. D. Shattuck.....	do.	500 00
" "	543	Joseph G. Wilson.....	do.	500 00
" "	544	James F. Gazley.....	do.	125 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1864.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
March 1	545	A. J. Thayer	Judicial.....	$ 125 00
" "	546	Rufus Mallory.....	do.	125 00
" "	547	W. C. Johnson	do.	125 00
" "	548	C. R Meigs	do.	125 00
" "	549	P. S. Knight	Executive	37 50
" "	550	Chester N. Terry.....	do.	200 00
" "	551	Edwin N. Cook	do.	200 00
" "	552	Addison C. Gibbs.	do.	375 00
" "	553	Samuel E. May.	do.	375 00
" "	554	Hawthorne & Loryea.....	Insane Asylum.	1561 07
" "	555	Hawthorne & Loryea ...	do.	404 59
" "	556	Hawthorne & Loryea.....	do.	1000 00
" "	557	Hawthorne & Loryea. ...	do.	1000 00
" "	558	Hawthorne & Loryea	do.	1000 00
" "	559	Hawthorne & Loryea	do.	1000 00
" "	560	Joseph Holman.....	Incidental.....	200 00
" 3	561	Smith & Cartwright	do.	36 00
" "	562	David McCully.....	do	12 00
" "	563	D. W & M. R. Cox.....	do.	11 50
" "	564	N O. Parrish & Co	do.	10 75
" "	565	John L. Starkey.....	do.	8 00
" "	566	Brown, Myers & Co	do.	19 25
" 4	567	Michael Walther.	do.	75 00
" "	568	Cyrus A. Reed	Military	200 00
" 8	569	N. O. Parrish & Co.....	do.	6 00
" "	570	Matheny & Wright	do.	12 65
" 15	571	Addison C. Gibbs.....	Penitentiary.....	100 00
" 25	572	A. C. R. Shaw.....	do.	250 00
" "	573	F. Klashel.....	do.	4 89
" "	574	Henry Cason.....	do.	11 00
" "	575	Hay & Burch.....	do.	6 50
" "	576	F. Hornstrom & Co.....	do.	7 00
" "	577	A. J. Dufur	do.	59 88
" "	578	Edward Fitz Henry.....	do.	275 25
" "	579	Thomas Frazer.....	do.	19 50
" "	580	T. A. Wood	do.	2 75
" "	581	Wm L Higgins	do.	8 75
" "	582	E J Northrup & Co .. .	do	21 18
" "	583	E. J. Northrup & Co.. .	do.	31 12
" "	584	Samuel P Starr	do.	120 00
" "	585	J. C. Gardner	do.	157 00
" "	586	W. Weatherford.	do.	46 52
" "	587	Henry W. Corbett, ...	do.	38 75
" "	588	Cohen, Lyon & Co	do.	96 00
" "	589	J. Levy & Brother..... .	do.	83 82
" "	590	C. W. Krischner.	do.	12 00
" "	591	C. W. Krischner..... ..	do.	29 50
" "	592	J. L. Parrish & Co.....	do.	3 50
" "	593	Hodge & Calef.....	do.	29 75
" "	594	J & J. Bergman.	do.	8 94
" "	595	J. H. Kirgin.....	do	120 00
" "	596	Hiram Warner,.....	do.	120 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1864.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
March 25	597	William P. Blake.....	Penitentiary.....	$ 120 00
" "	598	Weeks & Gilmore	do.	1 94
" "	599	R. Pittock.....	do.	89 99
" "	600	Milwain & Morse.....	do.	6 50
" "	601	A. J. Dufur.	do.	66 50
" "	602	Harker Brothers.....	do.	24 01
" "	603	Cohen, Lyon & Co.....	do.	65 00
" "	604	J. Levy & Brother.....	do.	63 04
" "	605	E. L. Quimby.....	do.	31 00
" "	606	E. L. Quimby.....	do.	24 04
" "	607	David Rowell...	do.	2 00
" "	608	A. J. Dufur.....	do.	77 98
" "	609	L Hicklin.....	do.	30 00
" "	610	R. Pittock,.....	do.	123 06
" "	611	R. Pittock,.....	do.	12 03
" "	612	R. Pittock,.....	do.	66 92
" "	613	Edward Fitz Henry.....	do.	70 00
" "	614	Harbaugh & Stitzel.....	do.	24 30
" "	615	E. J. Northup & Co	do.	25 75
" "	616	Frank Dewitt..... ...	do.	5 44
" 26	617	Samuel Hendrick...	Convict.....	61 66
" 31	618	Wm. H. Newell,.....	Penitentiary.....	7 50
April..... 1	619	Uzafovage & Wright.....	Military.....	23 50
" 5	620	C. Adams & Co	do.	3 75
" "	621	N. O. Parrish & Co.....	do.	8 50
" 13	622	W. H. S. Hyde,..... .	Convict.....	370 00
" 15	623	Levi Anderson..	General	120 00
" "	624	David P. Thompson	do.	450 30
" 18	625	E. L. Quimby	Penitentiary.....	43 19
" "	626	A. M. & L. M. Starr.....	do.	30 00
" 22	627	I. R. Moores, Trustee.....	Incidental.....	30 00
" 23	628	John T. Hamilton.	do.	34 94
" "	629	John T. Hamilton	Military.....	3 50
" 25	630	Chester N Terry	Incidental.... ..	23 43
" 29	631	Jefferson Howell,..... .	Convict.....	972 50
May.....14	632	William S Barker.....	Incidental..... .	14 50
" 17	633	William S. Powell.....	Military Tax...	40 00
June.... 1	634	Cyrus A. Reed..... .	Military	200 00
" "	635	Hawthorne & Loryea. ...	Insane Asylum.	4664 55
" "	636	Hawthorne & Loryea	do.	157 71
" "	637	Hawthorne & Loryea.....	do.	519 38
" "	638	Hawthorne & Loryea	do.	519 38
" "	639	Hawthorne & Loryea.....	do.	519 38
" "	640	P. P. Prim.....	Judicial.....	500 00
" "	641	Riley E. Stratton,...	do.	500 00
" "	642	R. P. Boise.....	do.	500 00
" "	643	Erasmus D. Shattuck.....	do.	500 00
" "	644	Joseph G. Wilson.....	do.	500 00
" "	645	James F. Gazley..... .	do.	125 00
" "	646	A. J. Thayer.....	do.	125 00
" "	647	Rufus Mallory.....	do.	125 00
" "	648	W. C. Johnson.....	do.	125 00

STATEMENT—Continued.

1864.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
June ... 1	649	C. R. Meigs.	Judicial	$ 125 00
" "	650	P. S. Knight.....	Executive	37 50
" "	651	Chester N. Terry.....	do.	200 00
" "	652	Edwin N. Cook.....	do.	200 00
" "	653	Addison C. Gibbs	do.	375 00
" "	654	Samuel E May.....	do.	375 00
" "	655	Joseph Holman	Incidental...	200 00
" "	656	Addison C. Gibbs.....	Penitentiary.....	100 00
" 7	657	Michael Walther.....	Incidental.....	75 00
" 9	658	Smith & Cartwright,.....	do.	36 00
" 3	659	Nathan Olney,..	Convict	139 00
" "	660	Hiram Warner.....	Penitentiary.....	150 00
" 13	661	W. P. Blake.	do.	150 00
" "	662	Samuel P. Starr	do.	150 00
" "	663	J. H. Kirgin.....	do.	150 00
" 16	664	J. H. Holtgime.....	do.	89 24
" "	665	G. Hummel	do.	4 50
" "	666	Solomon Beary.....	do.	44 00
" "	667	J. & J. Bergman.....	do.	30 34
" "	668	A. C R Shaw	do.	250 00
" "	669	J. & J. Bergman, ...	do.	1 50
" "	670	Henry Bird.....	do.	52 00
" "	671	Harbaugh & Stitzel.....	do.	115 45
" "	672	L. Bessel	do.	14 00
" "	673	Weeks & Gilmore....	do.	5 60
" "	674	Harker Brothers	do.	31 50
" "	675	R. Pittock	do.	74 37
" "	676	R. Pittock..	do	63 40
" "	677	R. Pittock	do.	40 22
" "	678	R. Pittock ,.....	do.	53 28
" "	679	Washington Powers	do.	3 75
" "	680	R Pittock	do.	43 18
" "	681	R Pittock.	do.	16 45
" "	682	Joseph Sloan	do.	27 00
" "	683	Cohen & Lyon.....	do.	51 91
" "	684	H Holtgiere,...	do.	194 24
" "	685	C. W. Kirchner.....	do.	40 00
" "	686	C. Kirchner..	do.	63 50
" "	687	J. Levy & Bro	do.	14 94
" "	688	J. Levy & Bro	do	16 42
" "	689	H Hornstom & Co.....	do.	5 00
" "	690	B. F. Smith.....	do.	3 75
" "	691	William Church.....	do.	4 12
" "	692	E. J. Northup & Co	do.	32 55
" "	693	Cohen, Lyon & Co.....	do.	95 00
" "	694	Cohen, Lyon & Co.....	do.	21 00
" "	695	Beck & Waldman.....	do.	19 00
" "	696	John P. Walker.....	do.	19 52
" "	697	T. A. Wood & Co.....	do.	5 50
" "	698	J. C. Gardner,.....	do.	150 00
" "	699	E Fitz Henry.....	do.	230 50
" "	700	A. J. Chapman.....	do.	34 00
" "	701	William Ralston.....	do.	30 75

STATEMENT—Continued.

1864.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
June.....16	702	J. Levy & Bro	Penitentiary....	$ 17 50
" "	703	William L. Higgins	do	8 40
" "	704	Harker Brothers.....	do.	1 95
" "	705	J. McHenry.....	do.	9 00
" "	706	B. F. Smith	do.	7 50
" "	707	E. J. Northup.....	do.	34 12
" "	708	W. Weatherford.....	do.	51 76
" "	709	Hodge & Calef.....	do.	130 04
" 23	710	Brown, Myers & Co.....	Incidental.....	1 13
July. 2	711	J. H. & I. R. Moores	Military Tax...	10 00
" "	712	J. H. & I. R. Moores.....	do.	39 25
" "	713	Geo. H. Belden	General	95 00
" "	714	Geo. H. Belden	General.....	222 75
" 9	715	Oregon Pr. Pub Co	Military	42 00
" "	716	Oregon Pr. Pub. Co	Incidental.....	42 00
" 12	717	Samuel E May...	Executive.....	20 00
" 14	718	Harbaugh & Stitzel.....	Penitentiary.....	88 55
" 21	719	A. J. Dufur.....	do.	21 50
" "	720	E Fitz Henry.....	do.	117 00
" "	721	William Ralston.....	do.	53 84
" "	722	Albert G. Walling	do.	6 50
" "	723	Harker Brothers,.....	do.	40 88
" 23	724	N. O. Parrish & Co.....	Incidental.....	6 75
" 25	725	John T. Hamilton..	do.	37 50
" "	726	John T. Hamilton.....	Military.	6 50
" "	727	Charles White.....	Convict.	231 00
August..... 4	728	J. B. & M. Hirsch.....	Incidental	749 34
" "	729	Geo H. Belden	General...	165 50
" 12	730	M. Brey.....	Incidental	28 00
" "	731	Addison C. Gibbs.....	Military	400 00
September. 1	732	P. S. Knight	Executive	12 50
" "	733	P. L. Willis.....	do.	25 00
" "	734	Chester N. Terry.....	do.	200 00
" "	735	Edwin N. Cook	do.	200 00
" "	736	Addison C. Gibbs.....	do.	375 00
" "	737	Samuel E May.....	do.	375 00
" "	738	John F. Gazley	Judicial.....	52 84
" "	739	James F. Watson.....	do.	72 16
" "	740	B. F. Dowell	do.	72 16
" "	741	A. J. Thayer	do.	52 84
" "	742	Rufus Mallory.....	do.	125 00
" "	743	W. C. Johnson.....	do.	71 23
" "	744	E. W. Hodgkinson.....	do.	53 77
" "	745	C. R. Meigs,.....	do	125 00
" "	746	P. P. Prim	do	500 00
" "	747	Riley E. Stratton.....	do.	500 00
" "	748	R. P. Boise.....	do.	500 00
" "	749	Erasmus D. Shattuck	do.	500 00
" "	750	Joseph G. Wilson	do	500 00
" "	751	Joseph Holman	Incidental..... ..	200 00
" "	752	Hawthorne & Loryea.....	Insane Asylum.	157 71
" "	753	Hawthorne & Loryea	do.	2,350 85
" "	754	Hawthorne & Loryea	do.	2,350 86

STATEMENT—Continued.

1864.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
September 1	755	Hawthorne & Loryea	Insane Asylum.	$ 2,350 86
" "	756	D. Haight & Co	Penitentiary .	37 12
" "	757	D. Haight & Co	do.	167 94
" "	758	E. Fitz Henry...	do.	191 25
" "	759	Marble & De Letts.....	do.	16 50
" "	760	J. A. Chapman...	do.	55 00
" "	761	R Pittock.....	do.	363 91
" "	762	F. M. Arnold....	do.	64 75
" "	763	F. Hornstrom	do.	5 00
" "	764	H. C. Hill.....	do.	2 50
" "	766	Wiberg & Strowbridge..	do.	12 44
" "	765	Stephen Coffin	do.	43 12
" "	767	W. Weatherford.	do	43 13
" "	768	H. L Pittock...	do.	29 33
" "	769	Clinton Kelley.....	do.	6 75
" "	770	J. L. Parrish & Co..... .	do.	6 25
" "	771	W. W. Chapman.	do.	74 12
" "	772	L. Besser.....	do.	45 00
" "	773	E J. Northup & Co.....	do.	20 22
" "	774	Milwain & Morse.	do.	7 35
" "	775	Hodge & Calef	do.	12 75
" "	776	B. F. Smith	do	3 75
" "	777	A. J. Dufur	do.	16 04
" "	778	Harker & Brother.....	do.	1 25
" "	779	William L. Higgins.....	do.	9 35
" "	780	Bennett & Quimby	do.	21 00
" "	781	T. A. Wood & Co.....	do	8 25
" "	782	Addison C Gibbs	do	100 00
" "	783	John P. Ward.....	do.	94 23
" "	784	J. H. Kugin	do.	150 00
" "	785	A C. R. Shaw,.....	do	250 00
" "	786	W. P. Blake.....	do.	150 00
" "	787	Hiram Warner	do	150 00
" "	788	John C. Gardner..... .	do	150 00
" "	789	Samuel B Starr..... ..	do.	150 00
" "	790	Michael Walther	Incidental	75 00
" "	791	Samuel E May	do.	7 70
" "	792	Crandall & Towle	do.	147 00
" "	793	Walter Brothers.....	do.	41 80
" "	794	Allen & Lewis.....	do.	10 45
" "	795	Samuel E. May	Executive..	20 00
" "	796	James B. Goodwin & Co	Incidental	174 00
" "	797	Cyrus A. Reed	Military	200 00
" "	798	Jones, Reed & Co, ...	Incidental.	432 62
" "	799	Smith & Cartwright.....	do.	36 00
" "	800	M. Brey,.....	do.	52 50
" "	801	Benjamin Strang.....	do.	19 86
" "	802	Benjamin Strang.... ...	General	152 89
" "	803	L Westcott & Co.....	do.	27 31
" "	804	William S. Barker.....	do.	135 37
" "	805	I. R. Moores, Trustee.....	do.	60 00
" "	806	Frederick Loose.....	do.	8 17

STATEMENT—Continued.

1864.	NO.	CLAIMANT.	FROM WHAT FUND	AMOUNT.
September 1	807	Heath, Dearborn & Co...	General.....	$ 31 38
" "	808	J. H. & I. R. Moores,.....	do.	118 79
" "	809	J. L. Parrish & Co	do.	1205 75
" "	810	Oregon P. & P. Co,.....	Printing.....	16 00
			Grand Total.	$141,699 16

STATEMENT G.

Tabular statement of warrants drawn on State Treasurer, and not paid for want of appropriation, from Sept. 13, 1862, to Sept. 4, 1864, inclusive.

DATE.	NO.	NAME.	AMOUNT.	INTEREST.	BALANCE DUE.
March 1, 1864.	555	Hawthorne & Loryea,	$ 404 59	$ 20 54	$ 425 13
" "	556	Hawthorne & Loryea,	1,000 00	50 83	1,050 83
" "	557	Hawthorne & Loryea,	1,000 00	50 83	1,050 83
" "	558	Hawthorne & Loryea,	1,000 00	50 83	1,050 83
" "	559	Hawthorne & Loryea,	1,000 00	50 83	1,050 83
April 15, "	642	David P. Thompson,	450 30	18 38	468 68
June 1, "	635	Hawthorne & Loryea,	4,664 55	120 50	4,785 05
" "	637	Hawthorne & Loryea,	519 38	13 42	532 80
" "	638	Hawthorne & Loryea,	519 38	13 42	532 80
" "	639	Hawthorne & Loryea,	519 38	13 42	532 80
July 2, "	713	George H. Belden,	95 00	1 61	96 61
" "	714	George H Belden,	222 75	3 77	226 52
August 4, "	729	George H Belden,	165 50	1 38	166 88
Sept. 1, "	752	Hawthorne & Loryea,	157 71	13	157 84
" "	753	Hawthorne & Loryea,	2,350 85	5 97	2,356 82
" "	754	Hawthorne & Loryea,	2,350 85	5 97	2,356 82
" "	755	Hawthorne & Loryea,	2,350 85	5 97	2,356 82
			$18,771 11	$427 80	$19,198 91

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES, II.

For the two fiscal years commencing September 1st, 1864, and ending August 31st, 1866, exclusive of extraordinary appropriations for special purposes.

For the Legislative Fund	$11,500 00
For the Executive Fund	10,000 00
For the Judicial Fund	25,700 00
For the Convict Fund	8,000 00
For the Penitentiary Fund	30,000 00
For the Incidental Fund	6,500 00
For the Printing Fund	7,500 00
For the Insane Asylum Fund	40,000 00
Total	$139,200 00

The foregoing estimates are based upon the presumption that the revenue will be paid in coin; if so, the present rate of taxation will be ample to meet all ordinary expenses of the State.

POLL TAX.

The revenue from this source has failed to meet the reasonable anticipations of those who desire the burdens of government equally distributed among those who share its blessings and protection. In my opinion, there is not a more just tax imposed than this, yet there is none fraught with so many difficulties in its collection. All who enjoy the blessings of free government, should be willing to bear their proportion of taxation for its maintenance, and for those who try to evade, there should be stringent laws for its enforcement The revenue from this source amounts to only $7,093 25, while our voting population is fourteen thousand seven hundred and fifty-five. A few good and law-abiding citizens pay this tax, but the great majority fail to do so; if it cannot be enforced, it were better abolished.

RESOURCES.

The revenues from which the foregoing liabilities or expenditures are to be defrayed for two years, are as follows, viz:

State tax of 1864–5, (estimated)	$145,471 50
Balance now in treasury, of all funds,	11,454 40
Arrearages due from counties, as per statement "D,"	25,324 73
Total	$182,250 63
The liabilities on the state treasury, as shown by the foregoing estimates, are	139,200 00
Which sum deduct from resources. Balance	$43,050 63

Should the foregoing estimates be correct, the resources will exceed the liabilities of the state for two years in the sum of $43,050 63. It is, however, but proper to remark in this connection, that other indebtedness of the state, and claims upon its treasury, of which this department has no knowledge, will be presented for legislative action, at this session, which will decrease this estimated excess to the amount of such claims.

It is also proper to state that this estimate is upon the basis that all arrearages are paid during the year, several items of which are still reported, appearing on the books of this office as such, among the resources of the state As a considerable portion of the indebtedness of Josephine county has been reported from year to year among the state resources, and still remains unliquidated, it is at least questionable, whether anything will be derived from this source immediately, without legislative action

These are matters of no certainty whatever, and are merely reported for the reason that they appear upon the financial books of the state among its credits.

Should the legislature consider that nothing is to be derived from them, it would be well to direct the secretary of state, in future estimates, to omit them; their constant repetition doing no good, but rather injury, by leading to the belief that the state is in just so much more prosperous circumstances than it really is.

The secretary of state will be most happy to specially lay any information in his power, upon these matters, before the legislature, or to confer at any time with any of its committees, on these subjects.

Very respectfully,

SAMUEL E. MAY,

Secretary of State.

REPORT OF THE STATE TREASURER.

OFFICE STATE TREASURER,
SALEM, Sept. 10, 1864.

HON. SAM'L E. MAY, *Secretary of State:*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the biennial report of this department, exhibiting the total receipts and disbursements of this office, from September 8th, 1862, to September 10th, 1864, inclusive.

E. N. COOKE, *Treasurer.*

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE TREASURER'S OFFICE,

FROM SEPTEMBER 8TH, 1862, TO SEPTEMBER 10TH, 1864.

To amount received under the following heads			By warrants paid under the following heads		
J. D. Boon, late State Treasurer	$ 35,914 43		General Fund	$15,180 40	
General Fund from all sources	106,012 11		Incidental	7,000 00	
Insane and Idiotic	839 88		Executive	9,434 41	
Military Tax	6,513 01		Judicial	24,880 59	
		$149,280 03	Legislative	9,060 95	
Common School	9,511 64		Convict	5,077 59	
University	2,726 71		Public Printing	4,783 67	
Escheat	2,981 00		Insane and Idiotic	20,839 88	
		$15,219 35	Penitentiary	20,301 59	
			Military	4,221 51	
			Library	787 94	
			Military Tax	3,100 75	
					$124,869 28
			Unpaid for want of appropriation	$18,771 11	
					$18,771 11
			Loaned from Common School, University and Escheat Funds	$9,404 59	
					$9,404 59
			IN TREASURY AFTER REDEEMING UNPAID WARRANTS.		
			Common School Fund	5,107 05	
			University	407 71	
			Escheat	300 00	
			Military Tax	3,412 80	
			General Fund	2,226 78	
					11,454 40
Total		$164,499 38	Total		$164,499 38

APPENDIX TO SECRETARY'S REPORT.

INDEX TO APPENDIX.

A.—Statement of university and escheat funds.

B.—Statement of school funds

C.—Senate pay roll, 1862.

D.—House of Representatives pay roll, 1862.

E.—Stationery furnished House of Representatives, 1862.

F.—Stationery furnished Senate, 1862.

G.—Newspapers furnished legislature, 1862

H.—Tabular statement of votes polled in the several counties on the 6th of June, 1864, for representative in the 39th congress.

I.—Response of Gen. Hooker to the resolutions adopted by the legislature of 1862.

J.—Abstract of votes cast at the June election, 1864, for the permanent location of the seat of government.

K.—Commissioners of deeds.

L.—Notaries public.

M.—Abstract articles incorporation.

N.—Report of commissioner of the provisional government debt.

A

STATEMENT OF NOTES AND MORTGAGES BELONGING TO THE UNIVERSITY FUND.

Date of Note	Name of Maker	Original amount.	Interest from	Rate per cent.	Interest, how payable.	Time Yr. Mo. Day	How secured	Amount.	Interest to Sept 12, '64.	Total.
April 15, 1861.	John Stewart,	$ 68 54	April 15, 1862	10	Annually in Advance.	2 . 1. .27	No security	$ 68 54	$ 17 77	$ 86 31
May 10, 1859	J. M. Garrison,	67 75	May 10, 1860.	10	" " "	4 .. 4 .. 2	No security.	67 75	34 81	102 56
Dec'r 9, 1858.	R. P. Boise,	200 00	Dec'r 9 1859	10	" " "	3... 9 . 3	No security	200 00	86 37	286 37
Feb 28, 1860.	Thos. Rowley,	175 00	Feb'y 28 1863.	15	" " "	1... 6...11	Mortgage on real estate.	175 00	42 53	217 53
June 3, 1856	J J. Bash,	240 00	Feb'y 27, 1860	10	" " "	1 . 6. .15	" " " "	150 60	85 10	241 70
Nov 13, 1861.	Benj. Hayden,	164 00	Nov 13, 1862.	10	Semi-annually in advance	2 .. 9 13	" " " "	164 00	52 22	216 22
Jan. 13, 1860.	Wm. Matheney,	125 00	Jan'y 10, 1863	10	Annually in advance.	1 .. 8 2	" " " "	125 00	21 74	146 74
Sept 4, 1857.	Stanley Ruggles,	350 00	Sept 4, 1863	10	" " "	1 . 0 8	" " " "	350 00	35 86	385 86
Oct'r 12, 1858	J. G Wilson,	170 00	Oct'r 12, 1861.	15	Per annum.	2 11... 0	" " " "	170 00	74 37	244 37
April 3, 1861	J. K Kelley,	800 00	April 3, 1862	10	Annually in advance	2 . 5 9	" " " "	800 00	210 72	1,010 72
May 18, 1861.	C F. Phar and wife.	500 00	May 18, 1861.	10	" " "	3 3 21	" " " "	500 00	186 67	686 67
May 18, 1861.	C. F Phar and wife	1800 00	May 18, 1861	10	" " "	3 .. 3.. 24	" " " "	1,800 00	671 65	2,471 65
June 2, 1864.	Hawthorne & Loryea	2319 00	June 2, 1861.	12	Per annum.	... 3...10	State Warrant.	2,319 00	77 30	2,369 30
	Cash on hand,	137 71								407 71
										$8,000 01

ESCHEAT FUND.

Date of Note.	Name of Maker.	Original amount.	Interest from	Rate per cent	Interest, how payable.	Time. Yr Mo Day	How secured.	Amount	Interest to Sept. 12, '64	Total.
June 2, 1864	Hawthorne & Loryea.	$2,691 00	June 2, 1861	12	Per annum	. 3 10	State Warrant	$2,681 00	$89 54	$2,770 54
	Cash on hand,	300 00								300 00
										$3,070 54

To the Honorable Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

We, the undersigned, Board of Commissioners of School and University Funds, respectfully submit the foregoing Report.

A. C. GIBBS,
E. N. COOKE,
SAMUEL E MAY,
} Board of Commissioners.

B

STATEMENT OF NOTES AND MORTGAGES BELONGING TO THE SCHOOL FUND.

Date of Note.	Name of Maker.	Original Amo'nt.	Interest From.	Rate per cent	Interest how payable.	Time Y, M D	How Secured	Amount	Interest to Sept 12, '64	Total.
Sept. 5, 1857,	Samuel A Clarke,.. ..	440 00	Sept. 6, '62,	10	Annually in advance,	2 0 6	Judgment,	$ 533 86	$ 107 66	$ 641 52
Nov. 28, 1856,	Joseph E Parrott, . ..	1200 00	March 19, '62,	10	... .	2 5 23	Judgment and mortgage,	1,568 90	389 14	1,958 04
Feb. 8, 1859,	Wm Steen and wife,....	200 00	Feb. 9, '62,	10	Annually in advance,	2 7 3	Mortgage on real estate,	200 00	56 32	256 32
March 23, '57,	Wm. Steen and wife,. .	350 00	March 23, '62,	10	" "	2 5 19	" " "	350 00	93 38	443 38
Sept. 17, '57,	J. C Peebles, ...	300 00	July 8, '61,	10	Sem-An. in advance,	3 2 11	" " "	207 04	75 32	282 36
Sept. 17, '56,	J. A. Hannah and wife .	200 00	Jan. 28, '63,	10	Annually in advance,	1 7 14	" " "	200 00	33 78	233 78
Feb. 12, '57,	J. M. Garrison,..... . . .	125 00	Feb. 12, '60,	10	" "	4 7 00	No security.	125 00	68 70	193 70
Oct. 7, '61,	R W. Shaw and wife,..	520 52	May 14, '63,	10	Per annum.	1 3 20	Mortgage on real estate,	203 93	27 27	231 20
Sept. 21, '59,	B. F. Bonham,.....	222 50	Sept. 21, '59,	10	Sem-An. in advance,	1 11 21	" " "	222 50	139 02	361 52
Dec. 24, '58,	H. S. Buck,.....	555 00	Dec. 24, '62,	10	Per annum.	1 8 18	" " "	555 00	95 27	650 27
March 7, '64,	Hawthorne & Loryea..	4404 59	March 7, '64,	12	" "	. 6 5	.. ..	4,404 59	273 08	4,677 67
	Cash,.....	5107 05	....	..	.....	.....	... .	....	.....	5,107 05
										$15,036 76

To the Hon. the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

We, the undersigned, board of commissioners of school and university funds, respectfully submit the following report.

A. C. GIBBS,
E. N. COOKE,
SAMUEL E. MAY, } *Board of Commissioners.*

APPENDIX.

PAY ROLL

OF THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY,

OF THE STATE OF OREGON,

FOR THE YEAR 1862.

C

LEGISLATIVE—SENATE PAY ROLL, 1862.

NAMES.	Address.	Miles Travel.	Mileage.	Days Attendance	Per Diem.	Total.	Remarks.
Wilson Bowlby	Forest Grove	12	$18 00	40	$200 00	$218 00	President.
D. W. Ballard	Lebanon	8	12 00	"	120 00	132 00	
Bartlett Curl	"	8	12 00	"	120 00	132 00	
O E. Chrisman	Cottage Grove	18	27 00	"	120 00	147 00	
Joseph W. Drew	Fort Umpqua	45	67 50	"	120 00	187 50	
Solomon Fitzhugh	Roseburg	40	60 00	"	120 00	180 00	
John W Grim	Aurora	4	6 00	"	120 00	126 00	
William Greenwood	Salem	4	6 00	"	120 00	126 00	
A. G. Hovey	Corvallis	8	12 00	"	120 00	132 00	
D. S. Holton	Kerbyville	60	90 00	"	120 00	210 00	
James K Kelly	Oregon City	8	12 00	"	120 00	132 00	
James Munroe	Eugene City	18	27 00	"	120 00	117 00	
J. H Mitchell	Portland	12	18 00	"	120 00	138 00	
John R. McBride	La Fayette	6	9 00	"	120 00	129 00	
William Taylor	Etna	4	6 00	"	120 00	126 00	
Jacob Wagner	Ashland	56	84 00	"	120 00	204 00	
Samuel A. Clarke	Salem			"	200 00	200 00	Chief clerk.
Wiley Chapman	Oregon City			"	120 00	120 00	Enrolling clerk.
R A Barker	Salem			"	120 00	120 00	Sergeant at arms.
W B. Daniels	La Fayette			"	120 00	120 00	Assistant Clerk.
D. M Fields	Portland			"	120 00	120 00	Door keeper.
Samuel A. Clarke	Salem			"	63 00	63 00	Extra services assistant enrolling clerk.
			$400 50		$2,743 00	$3,209 50	

D

LEGISLATIVE—HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PAY ROLL, SESSION 1862.

NAMES	ADDRESS.	Miles Travel	Mileage	Days Attendance.	Per Diem.	Total	Remarks
Lindsay Applegate	Ashland	560	$ 84 00	10	$ 120 00	$ 204 00	
C P Blair	Corvallis	90	13 50	"	120 00	133 50	
H. M. Brown	Scio	50	7 50	"	120 00	127 50	
F A Collard	Oregon City	80	12 00	"	120 00	132 00	
E. W. Conyers	Oak Point	266	39 90	"	120 00	159 90	
John Cummins	Lafayette	50	7 50	"	120 00	127 50	
A J Dufur	Portland	114	17 10	"	120 00	137 10	
Joseph Engle	Bulpassi	30	4 50	"	120 00	124 50	
James D. Fay	Kerbyville	600	90 00	"	120 00	210 00	
P. W. Gillette	Astoria	266	39 90	"	120 00	159 90	
I D. Haines	Jacksonville	500	75 00	"	120 00	195 00	
A. A. Hemenway	Long Tom	154	23 10	"	120 00	143 00	
O Humason	Dalles	340	51 00	"	120 00	171 00	
J. T. Kearns	Milwaukie	90	13 50	"	120 00	133 50	
Rufus Mallory	Roseburg	300	45 00	"	120 00	165 00	
I. R Moores	Salem			"	120 00	120 00	
John Minto		10	1 50	"	120 00	121 50	
A. A. McCully	Harrisburg	100	15 00	"	120 00	135 00	
William McCoy	Brownsville	100	15 00	"	120 00	135 00	
V. S McClure	Eugene City.	136	20 40	"	120 00	140 40	
Joel Palmer	Dayton	42	6 30	"	200 00	206 30	Speaker.
Cyrus A Reed	Salem			"	120 00	120 00	
G. W. Richardson	Plum Valley	26	3 90	"	120 00	123 90	
M. Ramsby	Oregon City	106	15 90	"	120 00	135 90	
A. Stephenson	Ellensburg	800	120 00	"	120 00	240 00	
John Smith	Peoria	75	11 25	"	120 00	131 25	
Benjamin Simpson	Grand Ronde	60	9 00	"	120 00	129 00	
S D. Vandyke	Phœnix	520	78 00	"	120 00	198 00	
A. M. Witham	Corvallis	72	10 80	"	120 00	130 80	
James Watson	Roseburg	332	49 80	"	120 00	169 80	

LEGISLATIVE: HOUSE OF REPRESENTIVES PAY ROLL, SESSION 1862.

(CONTINUED)

NAMES.	Address.	Miles Travel.	Mileage	Days' Attendance.	Per diem.	Total.	Remarks.
M. Wilkins	Willamette Forks	140	21 00	40	$ 120 00	$ 141 00	
P. Wasserman	Portland	102	15 30	"	120 00	135 30	
W. H. Wilson	Yoncalla	242	36 30	"	120 00	156 30	
Ralph Wilcox	Hillsboro	120	18 00	"	120 00	138 00	
S. T. Church	Harrisburg			"	200 00	200 00	Chief Clerk.
Henry Cummins	Salem			"	120 00	120 00	Assistant Clerk
Paul Crandall	Salem			"	120 00	120 00	Enrolling Clerk.
F. P. Foster	Salem			"	30 00	30 00	Assistant Enrolling Clerk.
Joseph Myers	Salem			"	120 00	120 00	Doorkeeper.
H. B. Parker	Astoria			"	120 00	120 00	Sergeant-at-Arms.
			$981 45		$1,870 00	$5,851 45	

STATEMENT E.

Legislature—Stationery for House of Representatives, delivered to the Sergeant-at-Arms, Session 1862.

QUANTITY.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS.
Eighteen reams	Various kinds of writing paper	
Thirty-six hundred reams	Envelopes	
One ream	Envelope paper	
Twelve dozen	Blotting pads	
Eight dozen	Lead pencils	
Ten dozen	Red tape	
Six gross	Steel pens	
One gross	Pen-holders	
Forty	Erasers	
Forty-two	Inkstands	
Forty-one	Ivory folders	
Four quarts	Ink	
Thirty-nine	Bottles mucilage	
One	Quart mucilage	
Thirty-nine	Rulers	
Forty	Congress knives	

STATEMENT F.

Legislature—Stationery for Senate, delivered to the Sergeant-at-Arms, Session 1862.

QUANTITY.	DESCRIPTION.	REMARKS
Twelve reams	Various kinds of writing paper.	
Two thousand	Envelopes	
One ream	Envelope paper	
Six dozen	Blotting pads	
Five dozen	Lead pencils	
Eight dozen	Red tape	
Four gross	Steel pens	
One gross	Pen-holders	
Twenty-one	Erasers	
Twenty-one	Ink-stands	
Twenty-one	Ivory folders	
Two quarts	Ink	
Twenty-one	Bottles mucilage	
Twenty-one	Rubbers	
Twenty-one	Rulers	
Twenty-one	Congress knives	

STATEMENT G.

Newspapers Furnished Legislative Assembly, (Act approved Sept. 29, 1862.)

NAME OF PAPER.	AMOUNT.	REMARKS.
Oregon Sentinel	$27 00	
State Republican	11 12	
San Francisco Herald	1 50	
Daily Evening Bulletin	4 50	
Oregon Statesman	70 22	
Daily Times	53 50	
Daily Oregonian	75 00	
Daily Advertiser	6 00	
Oregon Argus	12 13	
Pacific Christian Advocate	5 37	
Oregon Farmer	5 00	
Mountaineer	13 00	
Total	$283 34	

TABULAR STATEMENT H,

Of Votes polled in the several Counties of the State of Oregon, at the General Election, held on Monday, the 9th day of June, 1864, for Representative in the Thirty-ninth Congress.

COUNTIES.	Whole No.	J. H. D. Henderson.	Jas. K. Kelly.
Baker	1,077	590	487
Benton	572	318	254
Clackamas	790	522	268
Clatsop	189	144	45
Coos	110	53	57
Curry	92	68	24
Columbia	126	61	65
Douglas	837	508	329
Jackson	951	447	504
Josephine	375	174	201
Lane	1,019	527	492
Linn	1,560	799	761
Marion	1,435	1,069	366
Multnomah	1,342	950	392
Polk	792	462	330
Tillamook	34	31	3
Umatilla	748	352	396
Washington	515	372	143
Wasco	1,466	883	583
Yamhill	719	423	296
Total	11,755	8,759	5,996

I

RESPONSE OF GEN. HOOKER TO THE RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF 1862

STATE OF OREGON, DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
SALEM, *October* 29, 1862.

GENERAL JOSEPH HOOKER:

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the enclosed resolutions, adopted by the legislative assembly of this state, at its second regular session.

Your obedient servant,

SAMUEL E. MAY,
Secretary of State.

Resolved, That this legislative assembly of the state of Oregon are gratified to be able to express their just appreciation of the daring deeds and heroic achievements, which have so conspicuously marked the brilliant course of Gen. JOSEPH HOOKER, late a resident of this state, and do acknowledge their deep obligations to Gen. HOOKER for the very distinguished services he has, within the past year, rendered to his country.

Resolved, That the secretary of state be, and he is hereby requested to forward to Gen HOOKER a copy of the above resolution.

STATE DEPARTMENT,
SALEM, *Oregon, October* 29, 1862.

I hereby certify, that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the state, the day and year above written.

[L. S.] SAMUEL E. MAY,
Secretary of State

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
Camp near Falmouth, Va.,
February 1, 1863.

HON. SAMUEL E. MAY,
Secretary of State, Salem, Oregon:

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge, through your distinguished senator, J. W. NESMITH, the receipt of your letter of the 29th October ultimo, transmitting an official copy of resolutions adopted by the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon, at its second regular session

It is impossible to receive without emotion, the distinguished compliment conveyed in these proceedings, nor can this kind expression of your regard fail to remind me of those happier days, when our fellow-citizens beyond the mountains

were employing all their energies in exploring and developing the matchless resources of that famed territory. The recollection of my own employment upon one of your great works of internal improvement, will always have a place among the most cherished associations of my life.

Let us hope that this war will not much longer intercept the progress of the nation, and disturb the tranquility of our people. With a good cause, unbounded means, adequate forces on land and sea, and a firm reliance upon Divine Power, our success is not to be doubted, and should not be remote.

Soon after the close of the war with Mexico, when my profession was relinquished for the congenial pursuits of a civil life, I chose a home among the hospitable and generous people who have established American empire on the Pacific It is my earnest prayer that the day may soon come, when a restored union and a vindicated nationality will entitle all of us who took up arms for the suppression of this rebellion to an honorable discharge, and secure to every loyal household the enjoyments of an honorable and lasting peace.

I have the honor to be,
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JOSEPH HOOKER,
Major General Commanding.

J

ABSTRACT OF VOTES

Cast at the Election held in the State of Oregon, on the 6th day of June, A.D. 1864, for the permanent location of the seat of Government of said State

COUNTIES	Salem	Portland.	Eugene City	Corvallis	Jacksonville.	Albany.	Mt. Hood	Oregon City.	Empire City.	Lancaster.	Marshfield	Umatilla.	Cape Arago.	Dalles.	North Bend.	Yoncalla	Ames' Chapel.	Monroe.	Myrtle Creek.	J. Fisher's Lane.	Oakland	Scio	Twin Sisters	Soap Creek.	Astoria.	West Port	Nihalem	Oak Point.	Rainer.	Springfield	Brownstown	Williamsburg	Galice Creek	Waldo	Allen Gulch	Queen of Bronze.	Granite City.	Pocahontas.	Eagle Creek.	Lebanon.
Baker	764	149	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	1
Benton	117	79	56	236	..	..	2	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Clackamas	274	476	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Clatsop	78	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	55	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Coos	53	1	30	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	2	..	4	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Curry*	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Columbia	21	9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	1	1	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Douglas	334	13	103	7	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Jackson	193	106	230	20	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	9	1	1	..	..	..
Josephine	133	80	55	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Lane	53	10	941	2	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Linn	1006	280	80	13	..	97	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Marion	1430	13	2	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Multnomah	21	1317	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Polk	541	241	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tillamook	31	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Umatilla	307	210	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington	77	428	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	..	..	..
Wasco	370	54	16	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	27	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Yamhill	297	384	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	6108	3804	1588	289	11	98	4	10	2	2	2	1	4	92	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	7	1	1	1	6	1	3	1	1	9	1	1	12	3	1	1

*No votes cast.

RECAPITULATION.

Salem	6,108
Portland	3,864
Eugene City	1,588
All other places	577
	6,029
Majority for Salem	79

STATE OF OREGON, ss.

This certifies, that the foregoing is a true and perfect abstract of the votes cast for the permanent location of the seat of government of the state of Oregon, as now on file in the office of secretary of state, this 5th day of July, 1854. And it appearing that Salem has a majority of seventy-nine votes of all the votes cast upon said question, it is hereby declared the seat of government.

ADDISON C. GIBBS,
Governor of Oregon.

SAMUEL E. MAY,
Secretary of State.

K

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	STATE.	DATE OF COMMISS'N.
Edwin F. Corey.....	New York City.	New York.....	Sept'r 24, 1860.
Theodore D Rand..	Philadelphia.....	Pennsylvania	October 22, "
John Russell.....	"	"	" "
Charles A. Mantz...	St. Louis.....	Missouri.....	Decemb'r 7, "
Henry C. Banks.....	New York City...	New York.....	" "
Oliver P. C. Billings	Boston	Massachusetts	" "
A. Lewis Bishop, ...	New Haven.....	Connecticut.....	January 16, 1861.
James B. Temple....	Memphis.....	Tennessee.....	April 3, "
Robt. P. Gill..... ...	Vallia.....	California.....	" 19, "
James Hill.....	New York City...	New York.....	" 20, "
Francis Poe.....	Sacramento.....	California.	May 4, "
Franklin A. Wilcox	New York City...	New York	" 4, "
Benj. F. Blood.	Pittsburg	Pennsylvania	" 14, "
Daniel B Pond.....	New York City...	New York.....	" 18, "
Paul P. Todd	Boston..	Massachusetts.....	" 18, "
Wm. H. Luff..... .	New York City. .	New York.	Sept'r 21, "
Henry M McGill ...	Olympia	Washington Ter'y.	October 9, "
James Garniss.....	San Francisco....	California.....	" 9, "
Chas. R. Allen.....	Fort Colville.....	Washington Ter'y	" 16, "
John Hollingshead..	Washington City	Dist. of Columbia..	Nov'r 30, "
William Hayden...	Dayton.....	Nevada..... ...	Jan'y 29, 1862.
John D. Biles.....	Vancouver.....	Washington Ter'y.	April 14, "
David McAdam.....	New York City...	New York.....	May 3, "
Wm. V. Archer.....	Philadelphia.....	Pennsylvania	" 14, "
W. Augustus Knapp	San Francisco....	California.....	October 18, "
N. Proctor Smith....	"	"	" 18, "
Theodore M. Morgan	Philadelphia	Pennsylvania.....	" 31, "
W. A. VanBokkelin	Virginia City.....	Nevada..... .	Nov'r 19, "
W. B. Lathrom, Jr..	....	California.....	January 22, 1863.
Thos. Sadler.....	New York City...	New York.....	March 24, "
Charles Cook.....	San Francisco....	California.....	" 27, "

COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS—Continued.

NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	STATE.	DATE OF COMMISS'N.
John T. Waite.....	Norwich.....	Connecticut	April 15, 1863.
H. G. Struve.....	Vancouver...	Washington Ter'y..	" 15, "
Charles H. Howard.	....	Idaho Territory.....	June 2, "
Charles P. Semple..	Marysville.....	California.....	Nov'r 17, "
A. S. Gould.....	San Francisco....	"	" 17, "
D. F. Vandercal....	"	"	" 17, "
Sam'l I. C. Swezey..	"	"	" 17, "
Wm. H. Baldwin....	New York City...	New York.....	" 21, "
Henry M. Parker....	Boston.....	Massachusetts.....	Decemb'r 7, "
Harris Lowenburg...	....	New York.....	January 5, 1864.
John Cummins	Idado City.....	Idaho Territory	" 25, "
L. J. Rector	Walla Walla.....	Washington Ter'y..	Feb'y 20, "
James M. Cassedy..	Camden.....	New Jersey.....	" 20, "
A. C. Swift.....	Idaho City	Idaho Territory.....	March 7, "
Alfred Barstow	San Francisco....	California.....	" 28, "
Edward Flanagan...	"	"	" 28, "
Thos. Fitch.....	Virginia City....	Nevada.....	April 22, "
Allen Scott.....	Ellicottsville.....	New York.....	" 29, "
Samuel Lake.....	Buffalo	"	" 29, "
E. W Lewis..... ...	Sackett's Harbor	"	" 29, "
F. J. Thibauld.....	San Francisco....	California.....	June 3, "
J D. Stevenson.....	"	"	" 11, "
Edward H. Brackett	Chicago.....	Illinois.....	August 1, "

L

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	COUNTY.	DATE OF COMMISSION.
J. E. Hurford	Oregon City	Clackamas	September 16, 1862.
Philip Laffer	St. Helens	Columbia	" 17, "
J. Gaston	Jacksonville	Jackson	" 20, "
W. W. Parker	Astoria	Clatsop	" 22, "
Chas. M. Carter	Portland	Multnomah	October 2, "
N. T. Caton	Salem	Marion	" 13, "
Owen Denny	Dalles	Wasco	" 14, "
Hector Campbell	Milwaukee	Clackamas	" 24, "
Wm. N. Smith	Peoria	Linn	" 24, "
H. N. George	Albany	Linn	December 6, "
N. Boyd	Auburn	Baker	" 6, "
Abner P. Gaines	Salem	Marion	" 6, "
A. G. Cook	Lafayette	Yamhill	" 13, "
E. F. Gray	Auburn	Baker	" 13, "
Wm. Waldo	Auburn	Baker	" 30, "
W. J. Van Schuyver	Auburn	Baker	January 22, 1863.
W. Lair Hill	Portland	Multnomah	" 22, "
Joseph Dolph	Portland	Multnomah	" 22, "
M. W. Mitchell	Eugene City	Lane	February 3, "
I. T. Maulsby	Portland	Multnomah	" 3, "
Z. F. Moody	Columbia	Umatilla	March 24, "
C. H. Wright	Dalles	Wasco	" 24, "
J. L. Collins	Dalles	Polk	" 24, "
S. F. Chadwick	Roseburg	Douglas	" 27, "
A. J. Kane	Grand Ronde	Umatilla	" 27, "
Joseph H. Rodgers	Roseburg	Douglas	April 14, "
W. L. McEwan	Portland	Multnomah	May 5, "
J. W. McGraw	Portland	Multnomah	" 11, "
W. H. Spencer	Columbia	Umatilla	June 3, "
W. C. Moody	Dalles	Wasco	" 22, "
S. B. Underwood	Eugene City	Lane	July 3, "
M. Ainsa	Columbia	Umatilla	" 3, "
B. M. Watts	St. Helens	Columbia	" 24, "
J. F. Russell	Jacksonville	Jackson	" 24, "

NOTARIES PUBLIC—Continued.

NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	COUNTY.	DATE OF COMMISSION.
Chas. Rumley	Dalles	Wasco	July 27, 1863.
D. P. Thompson	Oregon City	Clackamas	" 27, "
Geo. B. Dorris	Jackson	Jackson	August 11, "
A. Van Dusen	Astoria	Clatsop	" 11, "
Jacob L. Garret		Douglas	" 21, "
B. F. Goodwin	Portland	Multnomah	November 10, "
W. D. Hare	Hillsboro	Washington	" 16, "
B. L. Norden	Portland	Multnomah	" 16, "
S. A. Clarke	Auburn	Baker	" 16, "
Geo. L. Riggs	La Grande	Baker	January 5, 1864.
Richard Williams	Salem	Marion	" 8, "
A. M. Loryea	Portland	Multnomah	February 17, "
A. C. R. Shaw	Portland	Multnomah	" 17, "
F. M. Mulkey	Portland	Multnomah	" 17, "
R. P. Earhart	Grand Ronde	Yamhill	" 17, "
I. C. Bristol		Lane	March 15, "
J. H. Lines	Albany	Linn	" 15, "
Joel Ware	Eugene City	Lane	April 22, "
Dean Blanchard	St. Helens	Columbia	" 29, "
S. A. Moreland	Portland	Multnomah	" 29, "
Chester N. Terry	Salem	Marion	June 21, "
P. M. Curry	Auburn	Baker	" 27, "
W. W Wells	Dalles	Wasco	" 28, "
C. M. Foster	Auburn	Baker	July 5, "
Daniel Chaplin	Auburn	Baker	" 5, "
J. N. Gale	Astoria	Clatsop	" 20, "
Laban Coffin		Baker	August 1, "
P. C. Sullivan		Baker	" 18, "
Geo. Mercer	Corvallis	Benton	September 13, "

ABSTRACT ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION,

Filed in the office of the Secretary of State, from October 14th, 1862, to August 31st, 1864, inclusive.

NAME.	PLACE OF BUSINESS	CAPITAL STOCK.	WHEN FILED.	INCORPORATORS.
Auburn and Snake River Road and Ferry Company	Portland	$ 1,500	November 13	1862 D. W. Lichtenthaler, G. Schriver, W. C. Hull.
Auburn and Humboldt Basin Road Company	Auburn	12,000	November 28	1862 D. Strong, J. S Davis, H S. W. Strong
Auburn Canal Company	Portland	270,000	December 5	1862 W. S. Ladd, J. C. Ainsworth, R. R. Thompson.
Astoria College	Astoria	8,000	December 26	1862 George Flavel, C. Boelling, J G. Hustler.
Abbott & Co.'s Toll Road	James A Abbott	3,000	February 9	1863 J. A. Abbott, W. M. Abbott, W. G. T'Vault.
Auburn and Burnt River Wagon Road Company	Bridge, Powder Riv	5,000	August 13	1863 J. P. Wilson, J. C. Geer, John Brattaine.
Ainsworth Mill Company	Portland	100,000	May 23	1864 J. C Ainsworth, R R. Thompson, D. F. Bradford.
Astoria Publishing Company	Astoria	2,000	August 1	1864 C. J. Trenchard, George Flavel, J G. Hustler
Amity Milling Company	Amity	15,000	August 30	1864 G. D Getchell, C. Smith, Joseph Watt.
Blue Mountain Road Company	Auburn	15,000	November 28	1862 J. Q. Wilson, D Daly, J M Kirkpatrick.
Bear Gulch Ditch Company	Bear Gulch	12,000	December 12	1864 G. L. Wood, M Aldeman, V. Keyser.
Boon Ferry Macadamized Road Company	Portland	75,000	January 28	1863 J. Stephenson, Jesse V. Boon, John Sweek.
Blue Mountain Wagon Road Company	Dayley's Ranch	8,000	April 25	1863 S. Ensign, E G. Vaughan, J H Slater.
Burnt River Wagon Road Company	Burnt River crossing	23,000	July 31	1863 J. P. Wilson, J C. Geer, John Brattaine
Blue Mount & Powder River Wagon Road & Bridge Co	La Grande	20,000	July 20	1863 W R. Munkers, C. B. Bellinger, B. F. Bonham,
Burnt River Wagon Road Company	Burnt River	20,000	June 22	1863 D Evans, J. H Smith, J. P. Wilson.
Blue Mountain Wagon Road and Bridge Company	Grande Ronde River	6,000	October 22	1863 John Hardin, D. Evans, G. Clark.
Bannock Gold and Silver Mining Company	Portland	500,000	October 28	1863 E A. Temple, D F. Bradford, R R Thompson,
Burnt River Ditch and Mining Company	Clark Creek	24,000	November 16	1863 W. H Packwood, Da Ward, W H Lamar.
Birch Creek and Snake River Road and Ferry Co.	Auburn	3,000	July 18	1864 A. B. Roberts, R. A. Pierce, C M Foster.
Blue Mountain Wagon Road Company	Orodell	20,000	August 9	1864 John Hanlow, I. Geer, A. W Hock.
Burnt River Wagon Road and Bridge Company	Burnt River	10,000	January 6	1864 W B Hughes, John Creighton, R. R Thompson.
Banca Tin Mining Company	Salem	32,000	April 12	1864 H Smith, J. H Smith, E O. Smith
Blue Canon Flume and Mining Company	Auburn	25,000	May 3	1864 R A Pierce, A. C. Loring, Paul Jones.
Columbia River Road Company	Portland	30,000	October 14	1862 Joseph Watt, O Humason, Asahel Bush.
Cascade Railroad Company	Upper Cascades	200,000	October 27	1862 J S. Ruckle, H Olmstead, D. H. Olmstead.
Canyon Road Company	Roseburg	20,000	October 29	1862 G E Briggs, I D Haines, John Kelley.
Columbia River Railroad Company	Portland	600,000	November 22	1862 Joel Palmer, Joseph Watt, John F Miller.
Comstock Road and Bridge Company	Auburn	6,000	November 28	1862 H. Comstock, Jacob Norcross, H Fuller.
Canon Road and Bridge Company	Robert Mays	3,000	January 16	1863 R. Mays, O. Humason, E. Hemingway.
Canon City and Boise Road Company	Dalles City	2,000	February 20	1863 Wm Nix, T M. Ward, A. Crawford.
Celilo Road Company	Dalles City	3,000	April 30	1863 George F Thomas, J. C Brown, J. A Odell

ABSTRACT—Continued.

NAMES.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	CAPITAL STOCK.	WHEN FILED.	INCORPORATORS.
Columbia River Coal Company	Dalles City	$ 500,000	May 29 1863	L. L. Richards, W. M. Grouty, F. M. Johnson.
Canemah Plank Road Company	Canemah	5,000	June 11 1863	D. Harvey, S. Miller, J. M. Frazer
Corvallis and Yaquuna Bay Wagon Road Co.	Corvallis	5,000	August10 1863	J. R. Bayley, B. R. Biddle, T. B Odeneal.
Canyon Road Company	Pyle's ranch	3,000	October 1 1863	J. M. Pyle, C Grant, H. Elkins.
Cascade Mountain Wagon Road Company	Salem	100,000	October 3 1863	H Smith, J. L. Parrish, I R. Moores.
California and Columbia River Railroad Co	Jacksonville	1,500,000	October 13 1863	J. H. Moores, J Gaston, S. G. Elliott
Columbia Gold and Silver Mining Company.	Portland	240,000	December 10 1863	H. D. Green, P C. Schuyler, J J Myrick.
Commercial Road Company	Orodell	20,000	December 26 1863	C. E. Fox, G. B Hunsaker, F. Hildreth
Central Road and Bridge Co.	Bridge Burnt River	3,000	February 13 1864	George Barry, J. A. Lytle, G. Slocum.
Crane & Driggs Gold and Silver Mining Co	Portland	880,000	February 22 1864	J. C Ainsworth, R. R. Thompson, L. Brooks.
Cascades Gold and Silver Mining Co.	Salem	350,000	April 30 1864	George A Edes, R. Mallory, S. Headrick.
Canemah Plank Road Co	Canemah	5,000	May 11 1864	D. Harvey, S. Miller, J Kellogg
Cascade Road and Bridge Co.	Bridge on Sandy	3,000	May 16 1864	E. Olcott, S. D. Coalman, F. Sierves
Crescent Gold and Silver Mining Company			August10 1864	J. M. Keeler, J. C. Hawthorne, J C. Matheny.
Dalles Railroad Company	Portland	500,000	October 16 1862	J. C. Ainsworth, D. F. Bradford, R. R. Thompson.
Deschutes Road and Bridge Company	Dalles	3,000	January 23 1863	V. Trevitt, W. Nix, O. Humason.
Dalles and Deschutes Wagon Road Company	Dalles	2,000	January 18 1863	L. Coffin, L. L. Kellogg, M. Robinson.
Dalles and Boise Road Company	Dalles	20,000	August 13 1863	H. P. Isaacs, J. R. Robbins, N. H. Gales
Dalles Lumbering and Manufacturing Company	Dalles	15,000	August13 1863	H. A. Hogue, W. P. Abrams, George H Jones
Daly Gold and Silver Mining Company	Portland	320,000	December 10 1863	W. A. Daly, John McCraken, H D. Green.
Dalles City and Umatilla Road Company.	Dalles City	6,000	January 20 1864	W. D. Bigelow, T Gordon, J. S. Reynolds.
Dalles & Owyhee Gold & Silver Quartz Mining Company	Dalles City	43,000	January 22 1864	C S Miller, I. Kaufman, H. S. Case.
Dalles and Boise Rock Creek Road Co.	Dalles City	20,000	March 21 1864	R. W Crandall, W. C. Laughlin, O. Humason.
Daly Wagon Road Company	Dealy's ranch	8,000	June 3 1864	J H. Slater, D. Dealy Jr , S. Ensign.
Deschutes Bridge and Road Company	At the bridge	10,000	August 24 1864	James Fulton, S. R. Smith, R. M. Graham.
East Portland Road Company.	Portland	500	October 15 1862	A M. Loryea, R. Wilcox, J. K. Kelley.
East Portland Water and Manufacturing Co.	East Portland	10,000	June 10 1863	J. B. Stevens, W F. Allen, A. M. Loryea.
Enterprise Quartz Company.	Josephine county	000,000	July 28 1863	S. A. Hellner, E. D. Cohen, N. White.
Eureka Silver Mining Company	Salem	414,000	February 20 1864	L. Heath, J S Morgan, J G Wright.
Empire Gold and Silver Mining Company	Portland	360,000	February 22 1864	J. C. Ainsworth, R R Thompson, L. Brooks.
Eugene City Review Printing and Publishing Co.	Eugene City	2,000	July 11 1864	John Millikon, Jesse Cox, J. J Walton, Jr.
First Hebrew Benevolent Association, Portland, O.	Portland		February 2 1863	S. Goldsmith, L White, N. Meerholz
Grand Ronde Hill and Valley Road company.	Toll-gate	20,000	December 2 1862	J. D. Gilliam, C Maddon, L. Gilham.
Grand Ronde and Boise Road and Ferry co.	Bridge on P. river	5,000	January 21 1863	G. M. Glover, J W Hughson, J. A Johns.
Grand Ronde Bridge co.	At the bridge	1,500	January 21 1863	J Avilson, N Richardson, A B Roberts.
Griffin Creek Mining Ditch company	Jacksonville	1,200	May 2 1863	W C. Hitchcock, W C. Greenman, M. Webster.
Grand Ronde River Bridge company.	La Grande	2,000	May 29 1863	R W. Haughton, J. W. Eddelman, B. F. Bonham.
Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance			October 22 1863	J Mendenhall, E K. Miller, C P. Crandall.
Grand Ronde Valley Bridge company	Grand Ronde river.	1,500	December 26 1863	S. W Cole, W. H. Cooper, A. F. Johnson.
Gambrinus Gold and Silver Mining Company.	Portland	380,000	March 26 1864	E. A. Temple, D. F. Bradford, R R. Thompson.
Grave Creek Road company	Wolf Creek	12,000	July 7 1864	W J Martin, J. A. Abbott, C. R. Short.

Golden Chariot Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	$ 200,000	August 3 1864	S. J. Ruckle, V. Trevitt, A. N. Grenzebach
Grand Sultana Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	150,000	July 15 1864	J. C. Hawthorne, J. B. Stephens, J. A. Chapman.
Humboldt Water Ditch company	Canyon City	30,000	October 29 1862	S. Fulmore, W. M Dewitt, A. P Shull.
Harmony Road company	John Day's river	7,500	October 2 1863	T Scott, A Underwood, D. G Leonard
Henrietta Bridge company	Bridge on Umatilla	1,800	March 31 1864	S. P. Taylor, J. Wardwell, J. Lurchin.
Hawkeye Mining company	Scio	40,000	August 9 1864	E. E. Wheeler, W. McKinney, W. H. H. Darby.
Idaho, Oregon and California Road company	Dalles	500,000	March 21 1864	D. McLaughlin, H. Elkins, D. C. Patterson.
John Day's and Auburn Road company	Dalles	20,000	October 16 1862	V. Trevitt, O Humason, R. Wilcox.
John Day's Road company	Ferry on J. D. river	8,000	December 1 1862	T. Scott, F. M. Stocking, Z. Donnell.
John Day Mining company	Portland	500,000	July 28 1863	J. C. Ainsworth, A. C. Gibbs, R. R. Thompson.
Jordan Creek Road company	Auburn	20,000	December 26 1863	W. P. French, A Asall, S. McFadden.
Kinear & Plant's Wagon Road company	Toll-gate on road	6,000	November 25 1863	D. Kinear, J. P. Plants, C. N. Antome.
Keystone Mining company	Salem	45,000	August 24 1864	W. K. Rigby, J T. Hamilton, T. B. Newman.
Linn City Railroad company	Linn City	30,000	May 11 1863	D. P. Thompson, A. L Lovejoy, J. D. Dement.
Linn County Woolen Mills company	Brownsville	30,000	June 22 1863	A S. Bassett, W. T. Templeton, W. R. Kirk.
Lawrence Bridge company	Bridge of company	1,000	July 1 1863	W. M. Lawrence, P. Numberg, E. Sutton
Lower Powder River Bridge company	Bridge of company	1,500	August 13 1863	A. Line, U. Perry, N. Boyd.
Lebanon Gold and Silver Mining company	Albany	131,250	March 18 1864	J. Driggs, J. S. McAllister, J. Settle.
Lone Star Gold and Silver Mining company	Salem	175,000	July 7 1864	C. P Crandall, G. D Maxson, M. Fitzgerald
La Grande Mining company	La Grande	6,000	July 16 1864	W. Beagle, B F Bonham, J. D. Mathison.
La Grande and Umatilla Landing, Wagon Road and Bridge company	La Grande	15,000	August 30 1864	W. C. Hull, M. S Hildreth, B. F. Bonham
Mt Hood Wagon Road company	Laurel Hill	25,000	November 22, 1862	P Foster, Jos Watt, D. W. Lichtenthaler.
Miners' Bridge and Road company	Fifteen-mile creek	5,000	November 24 1862	L. P. Henderson, E. Pinkham, J. H. Noyce.
McKenzie Fork Wagon Road company	Eugene City	10,000	December 22, 1862	F. Scott, J. Coggswell, M. Scott.
Middle Oregon Wagon Road company,	Boise Ferry	20,000	December 7 1863	J. Keeney, J B Keeney, S A. Clarke
Malheur and Owyhee Bridge and Ferry company	Bridge on Malheur	12,000	December 11 1863	G. W. Hall, A. H. Brown, John Brattaino
McKenzie Wagon Road company	Eugene City	40,000	December 21 1863	H. C. Owens, C. A. Williams, N. Humphrey
Mt. Jefferson Wagon Road company	Scio	40,000	April 11 1863	P Bilyue, J M. Bilyue, G. W Bilyue.
Main Powder River Road and Bridge company	Bridge Powder river	2,000	July 1 1863	J. M. Demoss, W. H. Cooper, J. L. Bothier
Manufacturing and Water Power company	Canemah	12,000	August 10 1863	S. L. Stevens, G. Marshall, J. Swoitzer
Mt. Hood Wagon Road company	Laurel Hill	25,000	November 21 1863	P Foster, F. W Foster, G G. Foster.
Morning Star Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	300,000	February 22 1864	J C. Ainsworth, R. R Thompson, L. Brooks.
Mund's & Co. Wagon Road company	Mund's ranch	3,000	February 22 1864	W Munds, John Cox, L. McKray.
Multnomah Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	240,000	March 19 1864	J. C and J. M. Strowbridge, H G. Randall.
New Helvetia Copper and Silver Mining company	Canyon City	500,000	October 17 1863	T E. Gray, S. H. Winton, A H Hollister
North Powder River Bridge company	Bridge Powder river	1,500	February 11 1863	John Brown, A Line, J. M. Demoss,
New Eldorado Silver Mining company	Salem	200,400	July 27 1864	A C. Pettys, J C. Wright, J. E. Strong.
Oregon and Portland Water company	Portland	1,000	October 17 1862	A. M. Loryea, B Simpson, F. A. Collard.
Oregon Steam Navigation company,	Portland	2,000,000	October 21 1862	J C. Ainsworth, D. F. Bradford, R. R Thompson.
Oregon City Woolen Manufacturing company	Oregon City	60,000	December 31 1862	A L. Lovejoy, W C. Johnson, T. Charman.
Oregon Central Road and Transportation company,	Eugene City	50,000	May 28 1863	R. E Stratton, C. J. Hill, B J. Pengra
Oregon City Railroad company,	Canemah	30,000	June 11, 1863	W. C. Dement, J. Winston, D. P. Thompson
Oregon Printing and Publishing company	Salem	10,000	October 26 1863	B Simpson, J. W. P Huntington, C. N. Terry
Owyhee Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	400,000	December 7 1863	D. F. Bradford, R R Thompson, L. Brooks.
Oregon Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	587,500	January 11 1864	W. S Ladd, Geo H Jones, C. A. Reed
Oregon City Manufacturing company	Oregon City	60,000	February 5 1864	A Warner, J L Barlow, W. C Dement.
Oregon Central Military Road company	Eugene City	30,000	April 15 1864	W H. Hanchett, M. Blanding, A. W. Patterson.
Oregon City Canal Breakwater & Boat Basin company	Oregon City	20,000	August 8 1864	Joel Palmer, D Harvey, L. Palmer.

ABSTRACT—Continued.

NAME.	PLACE OF BUSINESS.	CAPITAL STOCK.	WHEN FILED.	INCORPORATORS.
Pioneer Bridge company	Bridge J Day's river	$ 3,000	October 16.... 1862	J. T. Myers, R. L. Teagles, G. Brunn.
Portland Water company	Portland	50,000	October 24.... 1862	H. D Green, John Green, H C Leonard.
Portland Gas Light company	Portland	250,000	October 24.... 1862	John Green, H. C. Leonard, H. D. Green.
People's Transportation company	Portland	50,000	October 27.... 1862	D. McCully, S. Coffin, C. S. Kingsley.
Portland and Milwaukie Macadamized Road company	Portland	50,000	May 7 1862	S. G Reed, G. F. Thomas, John Green.
Powder River, Grand Ronde & W. W Road co.	Auburn	10,000	November 28. 1862	W. Waldo, A. Reed, I S. Hascall
Powder River Valley Road company	Auburn		December 12.. 1862	A. B. Roberts, D. H. Belknap, M M. McCarver.
Powder River Road and Bridge company	Auburn	6,000	December 12.. 1862	G. C. Robbins, D H. Belknap, A. B. Roberts
People's Transportation company	Portland	2,000,000	December 23 . 1862	C S. Kingsley, D. McCully, S. T. Church.
People's Wharf company	Celilo	12,000	March 16.... 1863	L White, G. H. Reed, R. N. White.
Pine Creek Water company	Pine Valley	10,000	June 3 1863	G. A. Tykle, S. G. Ward, D. D. Drake.
Pass Creek Wagon Road company	Hamilton's store	6,000	December 25 . 1863	I. Hawley, P H. Hazleton, A. Hamilton.
Peoria Library Association	Peoria	200	January 25 .. 1864	J. McNeil, J. P. Smith, T. Morgan.
Pine Creek Ditch and Mining company	Pine creek	2,400	April 4 1864	W. H. Packwood, G. A Coffin, J. Layell.
Placer Wagon Road company	Gate on road	1,000	April 27 1864	C E. Place, H. Fuller, C. M. Foster.
Potosi Silver Mining company	Salem	264,000	June 6 1864	H. Smith, J. X. Smith, E. O. Smith.
Pioneer Stage company	Umatilla	15,000	July 25 1864	W. K. Ish, John Halley, S. Taylor.
Pacific Silver and Copper Mining company	Salem	471,000	August 11 1864	W. K. Rigby, T. B Newman, J. Conway.
Rock Point Bridge company	Rock Point	5,000	October 30 .. 1862	J. B. White, A. Wood, D. F. Fisher.
Riggsville Bridge company	Bridge of company	600	December 20 1862	R Riggs, W. P Riggs, A. Riggs.
Rogue River Valley & J. Day's Wagon Road company	Jacksonville	6,000	August 18. ...1863	J. S Love, H. Bloom, J. B. Wrisley.
South Fork John Day's Road and Bridge company	South Fork crossing	5,000	November 21. 1862	C R Meigs, O. N. Denny, H. J. Waldron.
St. Helen's Woolen Manufacturing company	St. Helens	20,000	February 7. ..1863	W. Watts, J. W. Watts, J G. Henlow.
Snake River Wagon Road company	Ferry, Snake river	2,000	July 1.. 1863	D. Ridsout, R. J. Moore, R. P. Olds
Snake River Wagon Road company	Ferry, Snake river	12,000	October 1.....1863	J. D. Jordan, R. P Olds, R. J Moore.
Snake River Bridge company	Bridge of company	20,000	October 1 1863	J. Jackson, H. O. Robinson, C. L. Spore.
Shoshone Gold and Silver Mining company	Portland	500,000	November 6 1863	R R. Thompson, D. F. Bradford, L. Brooke.
Southern Oregon Independ't Water D'ch Mining com'y	Jacksonville	80,000	December 1.....1863	C. Isenbeck, J. Pennieu, W. Wilkers.
Snake River Wagon Road & Transportation company	Tykle's landing	100,000	December 20... 1863	G A. Tykle, J. N. Donnell, W. Chambers.
Santiam Gold & Silver Mining company	Salem	105,000	January 2..... 1864	F. Cooper, R. Mallory, R. Williams.
Snake River Portage company	Portland	200,000	February 22.. 1864	J. Knott, T J. Carter, T. Stephens.
Sucker Creek Irrigating and Milling company	Samuel White's	1,000	March 7.....1864	S White, J. White, L. F. Watkins.
Salem and DeChutes Wagon Road company	Salem	40,000	July 13.... 1864	W. Masters, J. W. Smith, J. R. Moores.
Saukeye Gold and Silver Mining company	Salem	210,000	April 19 .. 1864	E. Hirsh, J. H. Moores, G. M. Stroud.
Salem Printing and Publishing company	Salem	3,000	June 23 1864	J. F Miller, W. Waldo, C. G. Carl.
Sucker Creek Valley Irrigating and Milling company	A. H. Platt's	700	June 25 1864	A H Platte, C. H. Beach, C. Webb.
Santiam Gold and Silver Mining company	Salem	137,500	July 1.. 1864	G. A Edes, F. Cooper, R. Mallory.
Taylor's Ferry Bridge company	Bridge camp	6,000	January 26.....1863	John A. Taylor, H. V. V. Johnson, B. Alden.
Tualatin River Bridge company	Bridge of company	4,000	February 25 .. 1863	A. Savage, G. F. Barnum, G. W. Morris.
Tykle's Pass Road and Ferry company	Brownlee's Ferry	2,000	May 11. 1863	J. Brattaine, G. A. Tykle, J. Brownlee.
Umatilla Incorporation company	Umatilla	5,000	July 17. 1862	Z. F. Moody, J. T. Lurchin, J. Wardwell.

Union Publishing company	Portland	$ 10,000	April 21....1864	J. N. Gale, W. I. Mayfield, W. T. Cornell.
Umatilla & Powder River Clay Road company	Marshall	5,000	January 8 1863	S. T. Cook, S. Davis, L Davis.
Union Gold and Silver Mining company	Salem	487,000	September 26...1863	H. Smith, F. Cooper, J. X. Smith.
Umatilla and Snake River Wagon Road company	Craig & Co	3,000	December 31 ..1863	J. F. Craig, G. A. Tykle, F. Nodine.
Umatilla Ferry company	Umatilla	1,500	April 20 1864	F. P. Foster, E. W. Perrin, J. A. Clifford.
Umatilla Canal company	Umatilla City	150,000	August 5.....1864	T. R. Lowe, P. LeCleve, M. Conner.
Valley Milling and Irrigating company	Enterprise Quartz M	10,000	May 31 1864	S. A. Heilbuer, C. Bain, W. Newman.
Willamette Falls Canal company	Oregon City	150,000	October 15 1862	J. Palmer, J Watt, R. Wilcox.
Wasco Road and Bridge company	Deschutes crossing.	10,000	October 27. . .1862	S. Coffin, C. H. Hill, H. Coffin.
Walla Walla and Grand Ronde Wagon Road company	Linkton Mill	5,000	December 1... .1862	J. H. Fairchild, S. Johnson, Geo. Delaney.
Walla Walla and Snake River Road company	Linkton Mill	10,000	December 25 ...1862	J. H. Fairchild, O Humason, C. White.
Willow Spring Mining Ditch company	Willow Springs	3,600	April 10 1863	L. E. Lathrop, R Strang, F. S. Avery.
Wolf Creek Road and Bridge company	Monohan's ranch	3,000	July 1... 1863	T T. Eyre, J. Hager, B. F. Luckinburg
Wasco Mining company	Dalles	26,000	January 20.....1864	A. W. Ferguson, S. Goldstone, O. Humason.
Western Star Mining company	Canyon City	105,000	February 15.....1864	J H. Lucas, A. J. Dallas, J. C. Johnson.
Webfoot Silver Mining company	Salem	100,000	February 16.....1864	F. Cooper, S. Headrick, R. Williams.
Willamette Valley & Cascade Military Road company	Lebanon	30,000	March 12. 1864	L. Elkins, D. W. Ballard, J. Settle.
Willamette Valley & Cascade Wagon Road company	Lebanon	30,000	May 23 1864	L Elkins, D. W. Ballard, J. Settle.
Willamette Gold and Silver Mining company	Albany	161,250	June 21... 1864	J. W. Godley, W. McCrady, J McAllister
Willamette Canal company	Oswego	25,000	June 28.....1864	J. C. Trullinger, D. P. Trullinger, W. Strong.

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon:

The undersigned, appointed Commissioner of the Provisional Government Debt, by an act approved October 17th, 1862, reports the following claims just and correct, and supported by legitimate vouchers, to which is added accruing interest thereon, to August 31, 1864:

CLAIMANT.	PRINCIPAL.	INTEREST.	TOTAL.
Nathan Olney	$ 50 00	$ 46 60	$ 96 60
John Hudson	34 00	28 50	62 50
George Abernethy	1187 29	1229 67	2416 96
W. W. Buck	166 87	160 75	327 12
S. W. Moss	790 04	880 80	1670 84
Total	$2227 70	$2346 32	$4574 02

Four thousand five hundred and seventy-four dollars and two cents.

SAMUEL E. MAY, *Commissioner.*

SALEM, Oregon, Sept. 1, 1864.

REPORT

OF THE

ADJUTANT GENERAL

OF THE

STATE OF OREGON,

FOR THE YEARS 1863-4.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT.

FOR THE YEAR 1863.

GENERAL HEAD-QUARTERS, STATE OF OREGON,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SALEM, September, 1863.

To His Excellency Addison C. Gibbs, Governor of the State of Oregon:

SIR:—In compliance with the requirements of the militia law of this state, I have the honor to submit to your excellency the first annual report of this department, for the year A. D 1863.

Prior to my entering upon the duties of my office, no office or department of adjutant general had been established in this state; therefore, I found no record or data of any kind relative to the military condition of the state, or of arms and accoutrements belonging to it. Even the company rolls of the late Indian war were, and now are, in the hands of private individuals. Early in the year, I made requisition on the late adjutant general, E. M. Barnum, now at Washington City, for these rolls, and all other papers in his custody belonging to this department, but no reply has been received from him.

The neglect of this department in years gone by, has been a matter of great oversight on the part of the legislature and state authority; it has not only brought the military spirit of the country to a very low ebb, but has deprived the state of much valuable information, neglected, wasted and destroyed many valuable arms belonging to the state, and deprived many citizens of their just claims. There is, at this late date, scarcely a week passes but what some information is wanted relative to the Indian war of 1855–6; but no muster rolls or papers of any kind are in the possession of the state, to give the desired information; also, information is frequently wanted of the military condition of the state since the war of 1860, by the United States government, also military departments of the different states, which cannot be given for reasons above stated. All this could have been avoided had proper attention been given to this department, and it is somewhat gratifying to me to be able at this time to assure your

excellency that the people of Oregon are awakening to their own interest in this matter, and although I shall not be able to report at this time the organization of a very large number of military companies, yet a general interest is being taken in the matter throughout the state, and when compared with the past, we certainly have reason to hope that Oregon will yet make herself known as a military people. It cannot be that at this age of the world, and with the experience of the past and in these revolutionary times, that the people of Oregon will be caught fast asleep and forget they are living in the nineteenth century It is possible that in the providence of God, we may not be called upon by the federal government to furnish our quota of men for the suppression of this great rebellion, yet every day makes it more evident that this war is becoming the death struggle between *freedom* and *despotism*—between a free government and a monarchy—and it may be, before this great question is settled, every state and every individual will become engaged on the one side or the other. But, be that as it may, the people of Oregon should, by every consideration, have a well organized militia; living as we do upon the frontier. fit subjects for foreign war, surrounded as we are by savage tribes of Indians, we should at least be sufficiently organized to be able to defend ourselves Every able bodied man should be a soldier, ready to take the field the moment our country should demand it, and we can become soldiers only by practice and discipline It is a well understood fact that the founders of our government fully realized the importance of a thoroughly organized militia, yet during the long interval of peace and quietude with which the United States had been blessed, it seemed that in many states they had almost entirely lost sight of this important matter, and it was not until the war cloud of disunion burst with all its terror over their heads, that the people of the United States have again realized how important it was for their own safety that they *should have kept up* a thorough organization It is a well known fact that those states which have done so, are the most able to rally for the defense of their country.

Then, is it not equally important that the people of Oregon should be fully prepared for any emergency that may come upon them? We know not what a week or a day may bring forth. Already a first-class foreign power has, contrary to American doctrine, established a kingdom upon American soil, and we know not how soon an attempt may be made to extend the boundary of that kingdom. The crowned heads of Europe fully understand that if the United States succeed in quelling this rebellion, and fully establishing before the world that our people can govern themselves, that no prince, and especially no foreign power, can erect and maintain a kingdom upon American soil; then how evident it appears that this strife is, as I stated before, a contest between freedom and despotism.

How all important is it, then, that every true lover of his country should be fully awake to these important truths, and not only be able to defend the *sentiments of our institutions*, but be able to take the field, and amid the smoke of battle and the clash of arms to bear aloft the American flag, crush all opposition to our free institutions, and maintain untarnished the American union and American principles.

Shall we, then, here in Oregon, lie supinely upon our backs while the great battle of freedom is being fought, while every other loyal state is rallying by its tens of thousands, and pouring out their life blood as free as water for the good of the nation?

It is no argument that because we are few in number, and far removed from the scenes of strife, that we have no duty to do, no sacrifice to make; and we know not how soon this coast may become the theater of strife if foreign intervention should take place, and we have no assurance that it will not; how soon would the cry *To Arms!* ring through our valleys, calling into the tented field our able bodied men. How much better prepared we should be, if such should ever be the case, if we were found well organized and drilled, acquainted with the duties of the camp and the field, and well skilled in the handling of arms.

It is a fact that, whether we desire it or not, we must become more of a military people than we have been, or *fall* in the scale of nations; and the world must know that we can fight as well as toil. It is useless to talk of our rights, if we are not able to defend them.

The new militia law may not be all that it should be—it undoubtedly can and will be improved, yet it has advantages that no other military law has had heretofore. First, the enrollment of the state. the assessors and other officers performing this duty are compensated for doing so, and made liable to heavy fines in case of failure to do that duty; then the rolls are returned directly to this office by the county clerks of the several counties, thus securing a sure and direct enrollment of the militia. Adjutant General Kibbe, of California, in his able report for the year A D 1862, says, in relation to the enrollment law of that state: "The enrollment of the militia has only been partially made up to this "date—returns have only been received from the 2d brigade, and a portion of the "1st and 6th brigades, so that not even an approximate return can be made to "the President of the United States, as required by laws of this state and the "laws of congress. Assessors are greatly at fault at making up and transmitting their returns to the generals of brigades, and those officers are also in "some cases delinquent in conforming to the provisions of the law. The labor "imposed upon general officers, in this respect, should be compensated for. The "task of making copies of rolls containing seventy or eighty thousand names, "as is the case in some of our large brigades, without pay, is an unjust requirement, and should be remedied. The major general should not be required to "make up for this department, rolls required by section 34 of the militia law. "This section should be repealed, so far as relates to the making up and transmitting muster rolls to the adjutant general." This defect is remedied by our law, and is quite essential. Another valuable feature of our law, is the premiums offered for the best drilled companies who shall parade at the state fair. This, although it may appear unimportant to some, will, I think, prove of great benefit to the state, both in advancing a military discipline and cultivating a spirit of emulation, as well as adding a new and interesting feature to the state fair. This important feature, I trust, will receive your attention, for, as the executive is the commander-in-chief, much will depend upon the fostering care received at your hands.

Another quite important item in the new law, is the payment of a sum not exceeding two dollars per day, to each man who shall belong to a military company and go into camp and drill. You will observe that no payment is provided unless the company go into camp, one benefit that will arise from this feature is a very important one, viz: the learning of camp duty. A company may be well trained in the manual of arms, and understand the evolutions of the line, yet if they were called into active service, would find themselves much at a loss and quite deficient in their duties in and about the camp This part of the law, I hope, will be strictly adhered to, and although it may be a little unpleasant at first, it will richly repay in the end, for it learns the soldier how to take care of himself and preserve that state of bodily health so highly important to the success of every campaign Another feature, different from most state laws, and of much importance when thought of practically, is in the adoption, not only in arms and in tactics, but in uniform, rules and regulations, the same as the army of the United States This not only secures a neat and uniform appearance, but becomes of practical utility if called into active service. or, as frequently the case in Oregon, that young men can move from one part of the country to another and belong to military companies without going to the expense of purchasing a new uniform at every place.

There is one defect in our law which I much regret, and hope will receive the attention of our next legislature, to-wit: the establishment of a good school of instruction for all persons holding commissions under the militia law in the state. If an officer does not understand his duty, it cannot be supposed that he will be able to instruct others. With this new feature added to our law, and

with a few slight amendments, it will, I trust, be able to [vindicate ?] itself in the building up of a system of military discipline which our state stands so much in need of.

I am well aware that some of our citizens do and will object to the assessment of two dollars per annum as a military tax on all persons liable to do military duty, who do not choose to perform that duty; yet if such persons will consider the advantages to be derived from a well trained and organized militia, and how poorly paid the soldiers will be at the best, for he has to buy his own uniform and be put to many extra expenses, I think that all or nearly all will be led to change their minds: for if they will reflect how much safer a nation is, to depend upon her citizens to defend their rights, than to depend upon a mere hired soldiery, who not unfrequently have no interest in common with them and can be made fit tools for despots.

The detail of my report to your excellency at this time must of necessity be brief, as you are well aware that of the six additional companies called for by the general commanding this coast, to complete the first regiment cavalry Oregon volunteers, now in the service of the United States, that after the expiration of eight months only one company has been raised, and yet we are not prepared to say that it is for the want of patriotism on the part of the people of Oregon, but from other causes—partly from a deficiency in the pay of the volunteers, in comparison with the wages given in the civil pursuits of life, as well as in the nature of the currency with which they are paid, the depreciation of which renders it hardly possible for the soldier to enlist for any other motive save pure patriotism. And I would here suggest that the attention of our legislature be called to this fact, and that additional pay, either in land, money, or something else, be allowed to those who have volunteered. Justice demands that this should be done. Another reason is that the gold fields are so near our doors, draining our loose and convertible population. These are the only reasonable apologies that can be offered at this time. I am inclined to the opinion, however, that had the usual method of recruiting been adopted, and camps of recruits been established in the state, that much better success would have been the consequence. What course will be pursued to fill up this regiment, and to add more if necessary, may be determined by authority beyond your control, but let what may be done it is ardently hoped that the people of Oregon will be true to their own interest and to that of the nation, and cheerfully submit to law and authority.

A general statement of all arms and military property received and issued, the amount now on hand and the condition it is in, by whom received and to whom issued, together with the roster of the first regiment of cavalry (with descriptive roll) Oregon volunteers, now in the service of the United States, a roster of the commissioned officers of the state militia, and of the strength and condition of the organized militia, will be found in an appendix hereunto attached.

You will also find a statement of my actual traveling expenses from this place to the Dalles, in January last, for the purpose of opening recruiting offices and business pertaining to the militia; also the traveling expenses to Eugene City, Corvallis, Albany, Portland, Dalles and Monmouth, on business connected with the military, last April, all of which was in obedience to your orders.

The enrolled militia I shall be unable to report to you at this time, as the returns have not been received at this office, but it will undoubtedly be done in due time, as the county assessors are most of them doing their duty in that line—all, I believe, save Baker county. A copy of the correspondence, herewith attached, with the clerk of that county will explain the reason why no rolls may be expected from that quarter for the present year.

You will perceive by the roster of the military strength of the organized militia, that but seven companies have fully organized, yet several more are in process of organization, and we hope by another year to be able to make a very respectable report. The want of arms and equipments is the most serious drawback we have to contend with at this time; in fact several companies now organized are not armed, nor can they be just at this time, and I would urge upon your

excellency the necessity of using your best endeavors to prevail upon the federal government to supply Oregon with an additional quota of arms There is no state in the union so deficient in arms as Oregon, and I may add none stands so much in need of them; and I would here say that the state is under many obligations to Brigadier General Alvord, commanding the district of Oregon, for the receipt of the four hundred rifled muskets (and overreaching the quota due the state by over one hundred muskets). I would also inform your excellency, that I have been under frequent obligations to Gen Alvord for the lively interest manifested for the military of this state, and affording me every information in his power, whenever asked for of him. Oregon should have at least one thousand additional stand of small arms, five hundred set of cavalry arms and accoutrements, and one *full* battery of rifled cannon and camp equipage for at least two thousand men, for should occasion require to call a force into the field, this latter requisition would be indispensible, as no camp equipage of any kind is in the possession of the state. Of the old arms that were scattered throughout the state, I have succeeded in accounting for 205 muskets and 4 six pounder cannons, as will be seen by the schedule of arms herewith attached. That many more are yet unaccounted for I have every reason to believe, and I shall continue to use my best endeavors to hunt them up. Several hundred steel barreled yaugers were distributed to or taken possession of by the citizens of Marion county, and up to this date I have received no official information from the county judge or other county officers of that county in relation to them. The county of Multnomah has a quantity of arms in the hands of her citizens yet unaccounted for, which will, I presume, be returned to the state.

As you are well aware that, on the 8th of January last, I was called, by special order from your excellency, to assist you in opening recruiting offices, and attending to other business in connection with raising the six additional companies to fill up the 1st regiment cavalry Oregon volunteers, and for four months my time was continually occupied in that line, for which I have received no additional salary, my traveling expenses only having been paid; and the services of Maj. Wm. H. Shields, as assistant adjutant general, at Portland, for the space of three months, as yet remain unsettled, all of which I would suggest to your excellency be paid from the incoming military fund. The law evidently never contemplated that the adjutant general should do such extra duty on the low salary of $800 per annum, as the law provides additional pay to parties in actual service. Thus far, I have employed no clerks or other assistance in my office, but have performed all the labor in connection therewith with my own hands.

In conclusion, allow me to say that I have every reason to hope and believe that the people of Oregon are moving in this matter, and that with the proper discharge of the duties of the commissioned officers of the state, and with the continuation of the fostering care of your excellency, that a laudable military spirit will be engendered, and Oregon will be a people of whom you may well feel proud.

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

I am, sir.

Your excellency's obedient servant,

CYRUS A REED,

Adjutant General of the State of Oregon.

ABSTRACT OF DESCRIPTION BOOK

OF THE

1st REGIMENT CAVALRY OREGON VOLS.,

UP TO DECEMBER 1st, 1862,

Lieutenant-Colonel R. F. Maury, Commanding.

CHANGES AND ALTERATIONS NOTICED UP TO MAY, 1863.

LIST OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF FIRST CAVALRY,

OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

HEAD QUARTERS 1st REG. CAV. OREGON VOL'S,
FORT WALLA WALLA, W. T., March 30, 1863.

NAMES.	RANK.	DATE OF APP'NT.	REMARKS.
Thomas R Cornelius	Colonel,	Sept 24, 1861.	Born in Howard county, Mo., Nov. 15, 1827, entered upon duty Nov. 27, 1861, resignation tendered and absent with leave from July 19, 1862, resignation accepted by General Wright, Jan'y 7, 1863, to take effect July 15, 1862.
Reuben F. Maury,	Lieut Colonel,	Sept. 24, 1861,	Born in Bath county, Ky., May 22, 1822, entered upon duty as Lieut Col. Nov 7, 1861, command'g the regiment from July 19, 1862. Appointed Col, April 4, 1863.
Charles S. Drew,	Major,	Nov'r 6, 1861,	Entered upon duty Dec. 26, 1861. Born in Canada East, 1825, appointed Lieut. Colonel, April 4, 1863
Jacob S. Rinearson,	Major	Nov'r 6, 1861...	Entered upon duty, Dec. 26, 1861.
B F. Harding,	Qr. Master and mustering officer	Sept. 24, 1861,	Entered upon duty Nov 7, 1861, resignation accepted June 8, 1862 Born in Wyoming county, Penn, 1823.
David W. Porter,	Qr. Master,	Feb'y 1, 1862,	Born in Ohio, entered upon duty Feb'y 1, 1862
William H Watkins,	Surgeon,	Dec'r 11, 1861...	Born April 27, Erie county, N. Y.
David S Holton,	Assist't Surgeon	April 15, 1862 ..	Resignation accepted March 14, 1863.
Richard S Caldwell	Adjutant	Nov'r 15, 1861..	Born Dec 14, 1829, Newburyport, Mass. Promoted to Captain, April 4, 1863
Thomas Harris	Captain,	Nov'r 20, 1861..	Born in Clay county, Mo., Oct. 15, 1825
E J Harding	Captain,	Dec'r 16, 1861.	Born in Wyoming county, Penn., Feb y 24, 1828, appointed and recognized as Lieut., Nov. 18, 1861, discharged honorably by special order from Washington, Feb. 27, 1863.
Sewal Traux	Captain,	Nov'r 29, 1861 ..	Born in Missisquore county, Canada East, April 23, 1836, appointed Major, April 4, 1863.
William Kelley,	Captain,	March 21, 1862,	Appointed and recognized as Lieut. from Nov. 13, 1861. Born in Galaway, Ireland, aged 44.
George B Curry,	Captain,	March 20, 1862,	Born in Montgomery county, Indiana, April 4, 1833; appointed and recognized as Lieut. Nov. 12, 1861.
William J Matthews,	Captain,	Dec'r 25, 1861,	Born in Park county, Indiana, March 24, 1830.
R R Cowles,	Captain,	Nov'r 10, 1862,	Born in Meriden, Connecticut, April 1, 1829, resignation accepted, July 18, 1862 Cause, regiment being reduced to six companies.
Jesse Robinson	1st Lieutenant,	Nov'r 20, 1861,	Born in Otsego county, N. Y, August 28, 1825; appointed Regt. Q. M. April 4, 1863.
Seth R Hammer	1st Lieutenant.	Dec'r 16, 1861,	Born in Sangamon county, Ill, Sept. 9, 1832; appt. R. Com. April 4, 1863.

LIST OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, FIRST CAVALRY OREGON VOLUNTEERS—CONTINUED

NAMES.	RANK	DATE OF APP'NT.	REMARKS.
John M Drake..	1st Lieutenant,	Nov r 29, 1861,	Born in Monroe county, Penn, Dec 31, 1830; appt Captain, April 10, 1863.
John T Apperson	1st Lieutenant,	April 2, 1862,	Born in Hopkins county, Ky, Dec'r 23, 1834
D P Thompson	1st Lieutenant,	Dec'r 2, 1861,	Born in Ohio, Dec 26, 1834, resignation accepted April 3, 1862 Cause, the reduction of the regiment.
H V Rinehart,	1st Lieutenant,	Jan'y 2, 1862	Born in Clinton county, Indiana, Dec'r 28, 1835; appt. Reg Adj't April 27, 1863.
F B White	1st Lieutenant,	Jan'y 18, 1862,	Born in Illinois, aged 36, assigned to company C, June 9, 1862
John W Hopkins	2d Lieutenant	Nov'r 23, 1861,	Born in New Brunswick, N. S., Feb. 25, 1836, appt 1st Lieut, April 4, 1863.
Charles Hoburt	2d Lieutenant	Dec'r 16, 1861	Hingham county, Mass, Aug 6, 1836; appointed 1st Lieut, April 4, 1863
Peter Fox,	2d Lieutenant	March 21, 1862,	Dropped from the rolls, June 9, 1862, discharged by order from Head-Quarters, Dist Pacific, Aug 1, 1862.
John M McCall	2d Lieutenant	Dec'r 16, 1861,	Born in Washington county, Penn, Jan'y 15, 1825; appointed 1st Lieut, April 10, 1863
William Capps	2d Lieutenant.	March 20, 1862,	Born in Wisconsin, Feb'y 15, 1841
James I Steel,	2d Lieutenant	Jan'y 2, 1862	Born in Erie county, N Y, Feb 23, 1830, promoted to 1st Lieut, April 27, 1863.
D C Underwood,	2d Lieutenant..	Feb'y 1, 1862,	Born in New York, assigned to company C, June 9, 1862.
Silas Pepoon	2d Lieutenant	April 8, 1863,	Appointed 2d Lieut, by special order
Stephen Watson,	2d Lieutenant	April 9, 1863,	By special order.
James A Waymire,	2d Lieutenant	April, 1863	By special order, from the ranks of company B
James B Curry	2d Lieutenant	May 14, 1863,	By special order.
John Bowen.	2d Lieutenant	April 27, 1863,	By special order

COMPANY A.

DESCRIPTION BOOK OF THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION.							Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				Remarks.
		Age.	Hight.		Complexion.	Color of		Where born.		When.	Where	By Whom	Period.	
			Feet.	Inc's.		Eyes.	Hair.							
1	Moore, Robert Jas	29	5	10	Fair..	Blue ..	Dark...	Ireland ..	Miner	Nov. 20, 1861	Jacksonville	Col. Maury	3 years	1st Ser., R to ranks Oct. 1682.
2	Butler, George	25	6	..	Dark ...	Blue .	Black...	Missouri.	Farmer....	21	do	do	do	Corporal Nov. 5th, '62.
3	Clark, Reese	19	5	11½	Light ...	Gray .	Light ..	Illinois	Farmer. ...	21	do	do	do	Bugler Dec. 11, '62.
4	McDonald, Peter .	29	5	6½	Dark...	Blue ...	Dark...	Scotland...	Moulder ...	21	do	do	do	
5	Hinney, Edward J .	32	5	6	Fair .	Blue . .	Brown .	Ireland....	Shoemaker.	22	do	do	do	
6	Brown, William T..	34	5	6¾	Fair .	Black	Brown .	Germany..	Shoemaker.	22	do	do	do	Saddler Nov. 13, '62.
7	Clapp, George W. .	22	5	5½	Dark...	Black	Dark . .	Texas	Trader . ..	22	do	do	do	
8	Leever, William T .	32	5	9	Fair....	Gray ..	Dark...	Ohio	Farmer	22	do	do	do	
9	Collins, George H.	22	6	..	Fair ...	Gray	Light	Illinois	Farmer..	22	do	do	do	
10	Elliott, John J.....	34	6	2	Dark ..	Black	Dark ..	England .	Miner	22	do	do	do	April 1st Cor Nov. 27, '61.
11	Thompson, Chas...	35	5	8	Fair ...	Gray . .	Dark.	Ireland.	Miner	22	Eagle Mills.	do	do	
12	Sumner, Chas. H..	33	5	9½	Fair. . .	Gray .	Brown...	R Island..	Miner	22	Phœnix	do	do	
13	Collins, Dan'l B .	18	5	11	Fair ...	Gray ...	Light	Illinois .. .	Farmer	22	Jacksonville	do	do	Deserted Sept. 9, '62.
14	Wachter, Ferd ..	29	5	5½	Fair	Gray . .	Light .	Prussia...	Miller	23	Eagle Mills.	do	do	
15	Dufford, Charles .	23	5	7½	Fair.....	Gray	Sandy.	Penn'a	Fireman...	23	do	do	do	April 4th Cor. Nov. 27, '61, Disc'd Jan 31, '63.
16	Cutting, George...	32	5	7½	Fair.	Gray	Dark .	Bavaria ...	Cooper . ..	23	do	do	do	
17	Sutherland, Sam .	32	5	8	Fair. .	Hazel ...	Brown.	Tennessee	Ricspie . .	23	do	do	do	Wagoner Nov. 13, '62.
18	Rains, John B... .	29	5	5	Fair... .	Gray . . .	Dark..	Illinois ..	Miner	23	Jacksonville	do	do	
19	Van, G. John . . .	25	5	10½	Light ..	Gray . .	Dark .	Ohio. . . .	Farmer... .	25	do	do	do	
20	Morgan, Elihu...	27	6	1	Light	Brown	Dark	Alabama .	Carpenter .	25	do	do	do	
21	Taylor, Marion . .	29	6		Light	Gray . ..	Light . .	Missouri...	Miner	25	do	do	do	
22	Derscher, Chas... ..	32	5	6	Light ...	Gray ...	Light . .	Germany..	Tailor	25	do	do	do	
23	McLaughlin, John.	28	5	6	Light . .	Gray . . .	Light ...	N. B. . ..	Miner	25	do	do	do	Deserted April 1st, 63.
24	Penny, Gaylord .	16	6		Light	Gray	Light ...	Michigan	Farmer.. .	25	do	do	do	
25	Mofers, James C...	46	5	8	Dark...	Hazel .	Brown .	Conn.... .	Millwright	25	Eagle Mills.	do	do	Ap. 3d D Ser Nov 27, 61, 2 M Ser. Dec 24, '62
26	Million, Jackson...	33	5	9½	Fair	Gray	Black	Wisconsin.	Laborer . .	25	do	do	do	
27	Hill, John E.....	31	5	5½	Dark ...	Hazel ..	Dark	New York	Miner . .	25	do	do	do	
28	Pritchett, Milton...	19	6	2	Fair ..	Gray . . .	Dark ..	Indiana ...	Farmer. ...	25	do	do	do	
29	Mathews, Orson P.	18	5	7	Fair	Gray ...	Light ..	Indiana ...	Farmer. ..	25	do	do	do	
30	Taylor, David H.	28	6	..	Dark. .	Dark . .	Dark. ..	Ohio	Saddler	25	Phœnix	do	do	Ap. 2d Duty Ser. Nov. 27, '61.
31	Lorvenburg, Aug	22	5	8½	Fair.	Dark ..	Dark . .	Ohio	Farmer .	25	do	do	do	
32	Reed, James A.	28	5	10	Fair .	Dark.	Dark....	Ohio	Miner	25	do	do	do	

33	Vamoy, Warren.	24	5		Fair . .	Gray . . .	Fair. . .	New York	Shoemaker.	25	Phœnix. . . .	do	do	Mustered Bugler Nov. 27, '61.
34	Standley, Luke . .	20	6	1	Fair . .	Blue . . .	Fair	Tenn.	Miner . . .	25	do	do	do	
35	Robinson, John. .	29	5	10	Fair. . .	Gray . . .	Black . .	Ohio .	Miner . .	25	do	do	do	
36	Full, Wm. A. . . .	24	5	10	Fair. . .	Gray .	Light .	Illinois . .	Farmer. . . .	26	do	do	do	Teamster Nov. 13, '62.
37	Vail, J. L. . .	37	5	9	Fair. . . .	Gray .	Red . . .	N Jersey	Wagonma'r	25	do	do	do	{Ap. Co q M Ser June 1, '62, R to ranks Dec. 23, '62
38	Kimbull, J W	28	5	10	Dark. . .	Gray . . .	Black .	Vermont .	Farmer .	25	do	do	do	
39	Little, Joseph S .	28	6	. .	Dark .	Gray . . .	Dark. . . .	Ohio .	Miner .	25	do	do	do	Ap. 8th Cor Nov. 29, '61
40	Martin, Chancey P.	37	5	6½	Light . . .	Blue . . .	Light . .	Ohio	Shoemaker	25	do	do	do	
41	Barnes, R R. . . .	32	5	9	Dark .	Blue .	Dark	N York	Carpenter	25	do	do	do	
42	Cassada, James.	16	5	7	Fair .	Blue . .	Brown . .	Iowa . . .	Farmer . .	26	Jacksonville	do	do	
43	Hoxie, James M. .	25	5	9	Fair. . .	Blue .	Brown	Mass. . . .	Farmer . .	26	do	do	do	
44	Wood, Warren. . .	24	5	11	Fair. . .	Black . .	Black	N York .	Miller . . .	26	do	do	do	
46	Baley, Chris. C. . .	25	5	9	Fair .	Blue .	Brown . .	Missouri. .	Shoemaker	26	do	do	do	
45	McGee, Daniel . . .	28	5	7¾	Fair	Blue .	Brown	Ireland .	Miner . . .	26	do	do	do	
47	Irvin, Robert L. . .	34	5	8	Dark. . .	Gray . .	Black . .	Indiana . . .	Miner . .	26	do	do	do	Appointed 2d Cor Nov. 7th, '61
48	Napper, John. . . .	28	5	7½	Light . .	Gray . .	Light	Illinois . . .	Farmer .	26	Ashland. .	do	do	
49	Spring, John L . .	20	5	9¾	Light . .	Gray	Dark . . .	Ohio	Laborer . . .	26	do	do	do	
50	Peabody, Simeon . .	23	5	9	Light	Blue . .	Light .	Ohio . . .	Laborer . . .	26	do	do	do	
51	Spircer, A. C	18	5	9¼	Light .	Gray .	Light . .	Michigan .	Farmer. .	26	do	do	do	
52	Longmire, James	20	5	9	Light	Black .	Dark . .	Missouri. . .	Farmer . .	26	do	do	do	
53	Cole, Daniel Taylor	30	5	9¾	Light . .	Blue . .	Dark .	Missouri .	Farmer. .	26	do	do	do	{Ap 6th Cor. Nov 27, 1801, Ser. Nov 10, '64.
54	Bradford, T. T. . . .	21	5	11	Light . . .	Blue .	Light . .	Tennessee	Farmer .	26	do	do	do	{Ap 7th Cor. Nov. 27, 1801, Ser. Nov. 10, '62
55	Wood, J. M M. .	27	5	8	Light . . .	Blue . .	Brown	Indiana . .	Farmer. .	26	do	do	do	
56	Ashley, George W .	24	5	6	Light . . .	Blue . .	Dark . .	Ohio . . .	Farmer.	26	do	do	do	
57	Gray, Robt. A . . .	20	5	10	Light . . .	Blue . .	Light . . .	Missouri	Farmer . .	26	Jacksonville	do	do	Corporal Nov 10, '62
58	Bond, John R. . . .	22	5	8½	Light . .	Gray .	Light .	Missouri.	Farmer. . .	26	Eagle Mills.	do	do	Discharged Jan 31, 63
59	Langheny, David. .	25	5	7½	Light . . .	Hazel . .	Light . . .	Penn'a . . .	Farmer.	27	do	do	do	
60	Hichey, James .	29	5	8½	Light . .	Gray . .	Auburn	Illinois . .	Teamster.	27	do	do	do	Corporal Nov. 10, '62
61	Pepoon, Joseph B	23	5	9	Dark . . .	Gray . .	Black . .	Ohio . .	Teacher . . .	27	Jacksonville	do	do	Com. Ser Nov. 10, '62.
62	Hertman, Henry.	29	5	9½	Light . .	Blue . .	Light .	Germany .	Carpenter.	27	do	do	do	
63	Thyman, Frank	27	5	11	Dark. . .	Gray . .	Dark .	Vermont .	Sawyer .	27	do	do	do	Cor. R to ranks Nov. 5, '62
64	Lindley, John.	24	5	11	Light . .	Gray . .	Light .	Penn'a . . .	Miner . .	27	do	do	do	Sick, discharged Jan. 31, '63.
65	Field, Myron A . .	29	5	7¾	Light	Gray . .	Light .	New York	Farmer.	27	do	do	do	
66	Hurley, John. . . .	28	5	10½	Dark.	Gray . .	Dark . .	Illinois . .	Miner	27	do	do	do	{Ap 1st D. Ser Nov 27, '61; R, Nov 5, '62; ap Ser Dec, 23, '62.
67	Gaskill, Mahlon R. .	23	5	9½	Dark. . .	Black . .	Black . . .	Ohio . . .	Farmer . .	27	do	do	do	
68	Boone, Eli J.	27	5	10	Light . . .	Black	Black .	England .	Carpenter .	27	do	do	do	
69	Dalton, George W	27	5	9	Light . .	Gray . .	Black .	New York	Farmer. . .	27	do	do	do	
70	Dalton, James H. .	19	5	7	Light .	Gray	Light . .	New York	Mason	27	do	do	do	
71	Pepoon, Silas . .	27	5	10½	Light . . .	Gray .	Dark . .	Ohio	Teacher . .	27	do	do	do	{Ap. 4th D. Ser. Nov 27, '61, 1st Ser. Nov 10, '62.
72	Semdobal A. . .	29	5	5	Dark. . .	Dark . .	Dark .	Spain . .	Cab'tmaker	27	do	do	do	
73	Peron, J B	42	5	6½	Dark .	Black . .	Black .	New York	Miner . . .	27	do	do	do	
74	Weedle, Wm. B. . .	30	5	9¾	Light . .	Gray . .	Light . .	Kentucky	Farmer. .	27	do	do	do	Teamster Nov 13, '62.
75	Hammiel James.	28	5	8¾	Fair. . . .	Hazel	Brown .	Ireland. . .	Miner . . .	27	do	do	do	
76	Motley, Wm. . . .	31	6	8¾	Fair. . . .	Blue . .	Light .	Tenn . . .	Farmer.	27	do	do	do	
77	Irving, Wm.	38	5	8½	Fair. .	Blue . .	Dark	Scotland . . .	Engineer .	27	do	do	do	Ser Reduced June 1, '62
78	Jones, Wm. A .	22	5	9	Dark .	Light .	Black .	Wales . .	Fireman. .	27	do	do	do	
79	Bruce, Robert. .	23	5	10	Dark. . .	Black	Black .	Scotland	Miner . . .	27	do	do	do	Cor Nov. 21, '61, Ser Nov. 6, '62
80	Ferguson, C L. .	27	5	11	Light . .	Gray . .	Light . .	Missouri. . .	Miner . . .	27	do	do	do	

COMPANY A.

DESCRIPTION BOOK OF THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION.							Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age.	Hight.		Complexion.	Color of		Where born.		When.	Where.	By Whom.	Period.	
			Feet.	Inch's		Eyes.	Hair.							
81	Dodge, Orville....	23	5	10	Light ...	Gray ,..	Dark ...	Penn'a	Carpenter...	Dec. 31, 1861	Camp Baker	Col'l Maury	3 y'rs	
82	Wiskerchen, John.	29	5	8	Light ...	Dark .	Dark ..	Prussia	Teamster ...	Jan. 6, 1862	do	do	do	
83	Huroley, John.....	28	5	7	Dark	Blue ..	Black ..	England	Teamster ...	" 7, "	do	do	do	
84	Bowen, John S....	20	5	9	Fair.....	Black ..	Black ..	Missouri	Farmer	" 7, "	do	do	do	
85	Zapp, Nicholas	23	6	13¼	Fair.....	Blue	Brown .	Prussia	Machinist...	" 14, "	do	do	do	Corporal November 8, 1862.
86	Whitman, Geo. G.	23	6	1	Fair. ..	Blue	Brown .	Rhode Isl'd	Cab't maker	" 14, "	do	do	do	
87	Ely, Francis.....	26	5	7¾	Dark ..	Blue	Black ...	Canada	Miner	Feb 7, "	do	do	do	
88	Lawler, James.....	26	5	7	Dark	Black ..	Black ..	Ireland	Miner	" 7, "	do	do	do	
89	Graves, Leonard...	22	5	10	Light .	Hazel ...	Brown .	Georgia	Farmer	" 20, "	do	do	do	
90	Taylor, A.....	30	5	8	Light ..	Hazel ..	Sandy ...	Virginia	Farmer	April 9, "	do	do	do	
91	Wilson, Samuel ...	41	6	....	Light ...	Hazel ...	Brown .	Ohio	Miner	" 26, "	do	do	do	
92	Withington, S. D...	34	5	10	Light ...	Black ...	Light ...	Missouri ...	Farmer	May 1, "	do	do	do	
93	Richmond, Stanley	20	6	.....	Light ...	Hazel ...	Black ...	England	Farmer	Oct. 23, "	G'd Ronde	Capt Harris	do	
94	Torris, Jon'n M...	...	...	..	.....	.....	.....	....	....	Jan. 10, "	Fort Dalles	do	do	

COMPANY B.

DESCRIPTION BOOK OF THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION.							Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age.	Hight.		Complexion.	Color of		Where born.		When.	Where.	By Whom.	Period.	
			Feet.	Inches.		Eyes.	Hair.							
1	Hutton, John P. .	25	5	9½	Sandy, ..	Hazel, ...	Light, ...	Indiana..	Farmer...	Nov 15, 1861	Salem	E. J. Harding.	3y'rs	Ap Dec 10, '61 Ser Nov 10, '62
2	Jackson, John C .	45	5	4	Dark	Hazel, . .	Black, ...	Ireland...	Laborer.	18	do	do	do	
3	Newson, Virgil W	24	5	8½	Fair, ...	Gray	Black, ..	Illinois ...	Laborer.	18	do	do	do	
4	Reed, James C. .	28	5	9	Fair, ...	Black, ...	Black, . .	Ireland...	Laborer.	18	do	do	do	
5	Shaw, George. . .	31	5	8¾	Dark.	Gray	Dark, ...	Ireland...	Laborer,	18	do	do	do	Trans to Co E M'y 10, '62, dis for disability Dec 30, '62
6	Wright, John B...	22	5	8¾	Fair, ...	Gray	Light, . .	Illinois . .	Laborer.	18	do	do	do	
7	Compe, John	22	5	3¾	Dark, .	Black, ..	Dark, ...	Wash Ter	Laborer.	19	do	do	do	
8	Morrison, James	19	5	10¾	Fair, ...	Hazel, ...	Dark, ...	Missouri.	Farmer...	19	do	do	do	Corporal April 22, '62
9	Ezard, John	29	5	9⅜	Dark	Black, ...	Black, ...	England.	Farmer...	20	do	do	do	
10	Simmons, Sylv'er	21	6	1	Fair, ...	Hazel, ...	Light, ...	Indiana.	Farmer...	20	do	do	do	
11	Troxel, Strowler	25	5	6⅛	Sandy, ..	Gray	Light, ..	Illinois ...	Laborer,	21	do	do	do	Corporal June 12, '62
12	Howard, Henry. .	32	5	5⅞	Light, ...	Gray	Brown ...	Ireland...	Laborer,	21	do	do	do	Cor Ap 22, '62 R to Nov 23, 62
13	Churchill, Joseph	50	5	11	Dark, ...	Gray	Black, . .	N. York.	Farmer...	21	do	do	do	
14	Baker, John. ..	27	5	10⅜	Dark	Black, ..	Black, .	Ohio	Blksmith	21	do	do	do	Mustered as blacksmith
15	Horn, Charles H .	26	5	6½	Fair, ...	Blue,....	Auburn,	N Hamp.	Carpent'r	23	do	do	do	Ap Cor Q M Ser Dec 16, '61
16	Watt, Samuel M	20	5	9⅜	Fair, ...	Gray	Brown, ..	Ohio	Saddler.	25	do	do	do	Mustered as saddler
17	Coon, Samuel L ..	25	5	7⅜	Fair, ...	Gray	Black, ...	Penn, . ..	Laborer,	25	do	do	do	Corporal June 2, '62
18	Jones, Silas A .	17	5	5½	Sandy, ...	Blue,.....	Light, ...	Indiana	Laborer,	25	do	do	do	
19	McCullough, Wm	45	6	..	Dark, ...	Gray	Black, ...	Ireland .	Laborer,	25	do	do	do	Discharged April 16, 1862 ['62
20	Patton, Green C...	25	5	11	Sandy,..	Gray	Black, ...	Missouri	Farmer. .	25	do	do	do	C Jan 12, '62 Ser Ap 22, C S Nov 10
21	Andrews, Lewis, .	18	5	5¼	Dark, . .	Black, ...	Black, ...	Wash Ter	Laborer,	26	do	do	do	Deserted May 11, '62
22	Fuller, Ira W . . .	18	5	9¼	Dark, ...	Black ...	Black	Illinois, .	Laborer,	27	do	do	do	
23	Hickman, John...	22	5	6	Fair, ...	Blue,.....	Light, ...	Virginia.	Laborer,	28	do	do	do	Cor June 2, 1862
24	Simmons, John B	23	5	6	Sandy, ...	Hazel	Black, ...	Indiana.	Laborer,	28	do	do	do	
25	Smith, James	26	5	11¼	Sandy, ...	Gray	Dark	Ireland...	Laborer,	28	do	do	do	
26	Smith, Wm H. .	20	6	6	Fair, ...	Gray	Light, ...	Missouri..	Farmer...	20	do	do	do	
27	Chapman, T.....	17	5	7½	Fair, ...	Black, ..	Auburn..	Ohio . . .	Laborer,	29	do	do	do	Dis by civil author'y, Jan 12, '62
28	Baker, Thomas ...	27	5	5¼	Sandy, ..	Hazel	Auburn..	Virginia	Farmer ..	29	do	do	do	Mus 4th Cor, Ser Ap 62
29	*Montague*, Chas B	31	5	9½	Red, ...	Gray	Red, ...	Scotland.	Teacher,	29	do	do	do	Mustered as 1st Sergeant
30	Harrison, James	20	5	8¼	Fair, ...	Gray	Auburn .	Missouri	Laborer,	Dec 1	do	do	do	
31	Roberson, RufusM	22	5	8¼	Fair, . . .	Blue, ...	Sandy, ...	Missouri.	Farmer...	1	do	do	do	Cor Nov 10, '62
32	Durham, GeorgeH	18	5	8¼	Fair, ...	Black, ...	Auburn.	Illinois . .	. . . .	4	do	do	do	Dis by civil author'y Dec 21, '62

COMPANY B.

FIRST REGIMENT CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION. Age.	Hight: Feet	Hight: Inches	Complexion	Color of: Eyes.	Color of: Hair.	Where born.	Occupation.	ENLISTMENT. When.	Where.	By whom	Period	REMARKS.
33	Avery, James T	18	5	9	Fan, . .	Black . . .	Black, .	Illinois.	Laborer	Dec'r 4, 1861.	Salem.	E. J. Harding	3 y'rs.	Disc'd by civil authority ap 16,'62
34	Gould, Theodore	21	5	7 1/2	Fair, . .	Hazel . . .	Black, ...	Wisc'nsin	Blacks'th	4	do	do	do	
35	Hankhurst, Nels'n	22	5	6 1/4	Dark .	Black .	Black, ...	Oregon .	Laborer.	4	do	do	do	Confined by civil authority; discharged Jan. 5, '63.
36	Hart, Lyman. ..	39	5	9 1/2	Sandy .	Gray .. .	Gray .	Ohio . . .	Laborer.	5	do	do	do	
37	Cox, Charles .. .	26	5	11 3/4	Fair, . . .	Gray	Black, ..	Can West	Laborer.	8	do	do	do	M'ed Ser R. Ap. 22, '62, tur'd over to Com. as des'r U.S.A.
38	Freeman, Geo D .	25	6	.. .	Dark .	Gray	Black, ...	N. York	Laborer.	8	do	do	do	
39	Ward, Samuel G	18	5	5 1/2	Fair, . .	Gray	Light, ...	Illinois.	Student.	9	do	do	do	Dis'd by civil authority Jan 12,'62
40	Hale, Henry C	18	5	7	Fair, .. .	Blue	Light, . .	Maine	Student.	9	do	do	do	" "
41	Brown, Joseph H	23	5	7	Fair, ...	Black.....	Black,	Illinois. .	Printer...	9	do	do	do	Mus'd Corporal, R. Ap 22, '62.
42	Gibson, Porter C	19	5	11 3/8	Fair, ...	Black ...	Black,	Illinois	Farmer...	5	do	do	do	" "
43	Mael, James T .	18	5	7 1/4	Fan, . . .	Blue	Light, ...	Iowa	Farmer.	11	do	do	do	Mustered as Bugler.
44	Gibson, George D	21	6	.....	Fair, ...	Hazel . .	Auburn.	Illinois.	Farmer..	11	do	do	do	Ap. Serg't June 2, '62.
45	Weeks, James V.	33	5	5 1/2	Dark	Hazel . .	Dark, ...	N. York	Farmer.	11	do	do	do	
46	Waymire, Jas A.	19	5	6 3/8	Fair, ...	Blue . . .	Light, ...	Missouri.	Teacher.	11	do	do	do	
47	Walters, Levi S...	21	5	3 1/2	Fair, . . .	Gray	Auburn.	N. York.	Hostler. .	12	do	do	do	
48	Mackay, James .	28	5	11 1/4	Fair, . . .	Gray	Black, ...	Ireland .	Laborer.	12	do	do	do	T'd to Co. E., tu'd over as des'r.
49	Maubray, Wm A	28	5	7 1/4	Dark.	Blue .	Black, . .	N. York.	Laborer.	12	do	do	do	Deserted Dec. 18, '62.
50	Maxon, Edwin R	18	5	8	Fair, . .	Gray .	Light, ..	Missouri	Laborer.	12	do	do	do	Deserted; returned May 29, '63.
51	Johns, Geo W. . ..	17	5	5 3/4	Fair, . . .	Hazel .	Auburn.	Illinois .	Laborer.	12	do	do	do	Dis'd by civil aut'y for minority.
52	Reddick, Martin L	27	5	8 1/4	Sandy,	Blue . .	Sandy, . .	Tennes'e	Laborer.	20	do	do	do	
53	Taylor, Samuel R	17	5	6 1/8	Fair ..	Hazel ..	Auburn.	Illinois ...	Laborer.	13	do	do	do	
54	Daugherty, Reese	25	5	10 3/8	Fair . .	Black....	Black, . .	Missouri	Farmer...	14	do	do	do	Corporal Nov 10, '62.
55	Hamilton, Henry	27	5	10 3/8	Fair . .	Black, ...	Black,	Maryland	Laborer.	14	do	do	do	Deserted Feb. 16, '63.
56	Harrison, Wm. .	19	5	4	Fair	Blue	Light, .	Missouri.	Farmer	16	do	do	do	
57	Vogabrugh, J M	29	5	8	Swarthy	Gray	Dark ...	N. York	Carpent'r	16	do	do	do	
58	Porter, Wm G. .	21	5	11	Sandy, . .	Gray	Sandy, .	Illinois	Farmer .	19	do	do	do	
59	Bowman, Jacob.	33	5	10	Fair	Gray	Black, ...	Virginia.	Laborer.	19	do	do	do	Deserted April 3, '62
60	Morgan, Simon W	19	5	9 3/8	Sandy, ...	Blue	Red, ...	Missouri.	Farmer. .	19	do	do	do	
61	Wiseman, James B	20	5	3 3/8	Fair	Grey	Light, ...	Indiana.	Laborer.	23	do	do	do	
62	Wisner, James	34	5	7	Fair . ..	Grey	Brown ...	N. York.	Laborer.	25	do	do	do	Deserted April 3, '62
63	Harkinson, James	43	5	7 3/8	Fair . .	Grey	Black, ...	Scotland.	Spinner.	25	do	do	do	Cor Jan 2, '62
64	Webb, H M W ...	26	6	....	Sandy, ..	Gray	Sandy, ...	N. York.	Book-k'r.	29	do	do	do	Ap Ser Jan 2, '62

65	Condit, D W C	19	5	9 3/8	Fair	Gray	Auburn.	Ohio	Farmer	26		do	do	do	
66	Phillips, Wm B	31	5	10	Fair	Blue	Dark.	Indiana.	Farmer	30		do	do	do	
67	Morgan, C F M.	23	5	9 3/4	Sandy	Blue	Dark	Indiana.	Saddler.	30		do	do	do	
68	Christopher, Saml	34	5	5 5/8	Fair	Black.	Gray.	N. York.	Laborer.	Jan. 3,	1862.	do	do	do	
69	Ringgold, Levi S	32	5	4 1/4	Sandy	Gray	Auburn	Maryland	Laborer.	4		do	do	do	
70	Ryan, James	27	5	8 5/8	Red	Hazel	Black,	Ireland	Laborer.	3		do	do	do	Dis'd Ap 16, '62, disability
71	Doty, James H	19	5	3 3/4	Fair	Gray	Auburn	Illinois	Farmer.	7		do	do	do	
72	Livermore, Wm	23	5	1	Fair	Gray	Light,	Illinois	Farmer.	7		do	do	do	Tr to Co E; dis for dis'y, Dc 30, '62
73	Dimmick, John B	21	5	10 1/8	Dark	Black	Black,	Illinois	Farmer	12		do	do	do	Cor. Nov. 10, 62, Ser.
74	Dougherty, James	35	5	7 1/8	Fair	Hazel	Black,	Penn'a.	Farmer.	15		do	do	do	
75	Killin, Benton	19	5	5 1/4	Fair	Hazel	Auburn.	Iowa.	Farmer.	20		do	do	do	
76	Neece, Wm	21	5	5 1/2	Fair	Gray	Light,	Missouri.	Farmer	20		do	do	do	Died at ft. W Walla, Dec 22, '62
77	Stewart, Amos K	25	5	4	Dark	Dark	Dark,	N. York.	Farmer	16		do	do	do	Des. Ap. 3, '62, ap'd Ap 6,'62,
78	Wilson, George A	29	5	7	Sandy	Gray	Sandy,	Ireland	Laborer.	21		do	do	do	tr'd to Co E, son'd 6 mo h labor
79	St. Johns, Wm A	21	5	7	Fair	Blue	Auburn	Wisc'nsin	Farmer.	21		do	do	do	with ball & chain; ret'd to duty
80	O'Brien, John S	25	5	6 5/8	Fair	Hazel	Auburn	Ireland	Laborer	21		do	do	do	by order; deserted Ap. 15, '63.
81	Parker, Douglas	16	5	2 3/8	Fair	Blue.	Light,	Illinois	Laborer	27		do	do	do	
82	Tucker, Joseph B	17	5	7	Fair	Hazel	Dark	Missouri	Farmer.	27		do	do	do	
83	Kennedy, Bennet	23	5	8 1/4	Fair	Blue	Auburn.	Illinois.	Farmer	28		do	do	do	
84	Hugh, Mikiel	29	5	8 1/2	Sandy	Gray	Sandy	Ireland	Cartm'r	Feb 1		do	do	do	Des Ap 3, '62, ap Ap 6, '62, tr to
85	Rockwell, Robert	20	5	4 7/8	Fair	Blue	Dark	Penns'y'a	Farmer	3		do	do	do	E Co May 19,'62, des Oct 7,'62
86	Williams, Andr'w	26	5	6	Fair	Black	Black.	Missouri.	Bl'ksm'h	3		do	do	do	Trans to Co E May 19, '62
87	Russell, Michael	42	5	6 3/8	Sandy	Gray	Sandy	Ireland	Laborer	5		do	do	do	
88	Lovel, John H	28	5	7 3/8	Sandy	Blue	Sandy	Missouri	Carpent'r	6		do	do	do	Des Dec 16, appro Dec 21, '62
89	Hay Ben, Geo W	25	5	6 1/4	Sandy	Blue	Auburn.	Missouri	Farmer.	6		do	do	do	" "
90	Churchill, Enoch	20	5	11 1/4	Fair	Hazel.	Brown	Illinois.	Farmer	7		do	S R Hammer	do	Corporal Nov 23, '62
91	Kelly, John.	29	5	8 1/2	Sandy	Gray	Sandy	England	Miner	7		do	do	do	
92	Kirchner, Moses	32	5	10 1/2	Fair	Gray	Auburn.	Penns'y'a	Carpent'r	14		do	do	do	Cor Ap 23,'62, returned as des'r
93	Smith, William	32	5	10 1/2	Fair	Gray	Auburn	Ohio.	Laborer.	15		do	do	do	from ord'nce service May 19,'62
94	Fern, James W	18	5	6 3/8	Fair	Gray	Light	Illinois	Farmer	29		do	do	do	
95	Judson, Wm H	16	5	3 1/2	Fair	Gray	Auburn.	Oregon	Farmer	Mar 3		do	E J Harding	do	des April 3, '62
96	Blanton, David		5									do		do	No descrip'n furn'd; dis Jan 12'62

COMPANY C.

FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION.								ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age	Hight. Feet	Hight. Inches	Complexion.	Color of Eyes.	Color of Hair	Where born.	Occupation.	When.	Where.	By whom.	Period.	
1	Fox, Peter ...	33	5	10	Fair, ..	Gray..	Dark, ..	Ireland..	Soldier ...	Nov. 13, 1861.	Vancouver...	Wm. Kelly..	3 y'rs	1St ap Lt Mr 25,'62,Q M St D'r 20,'62, tr toR n c'n staff
2	Fritz Jacob....	34	5	8	Fair, ..	Hazel...	Sandy, .	Germany	Soldier ...	" 13, "	do	do	do	
3	Damphoffer, Mich	38	5	8	Dark	Gray	Black .	France ...	Musician.	" 13, "	do	do	do	Muster'd as Mus'n De 20,'61
4	Damphoffer, Mich	16	5	1	Dark ...	Gray . .	Black . .	France ..	Musician	" 13, "	do	do	do	Muster'd as Mus'n De 20,'63.
5	Fish, Joel	24	5	5	Fair, ...	Gray ..	Black . .	Germany	Merchant	" 14, "	Portland	H. Miller.....	do	
6	Garland, Chas. W	18	5	11½	Light . .	Blue	Light	N. H. ...	Printer...	" 14, "	do	do	do	Deserted, May 12, 1863.
7	Goldbeck, Wm ...	45	5	3	Fair, . .	Hazel,..	Light . .	Germany	Farmer...	" 18, "	Vancouver ...	Wm. Kelly..	do	Mus ser De20 r to rks Ju3'62
8	McKone, Peter ...	35	5	5¾	Fair, ...	Blue	Light ...	Ireland..	Laborer,.	" 18, "	do	do	do	Mus'd cor Dec 20, 1861
9	DeLaconter, John	36	5	9	Fair, ...	Gray .	Sandy, ..	France ...	Hatter ...	" 18, "	do	do	do	
10	Marchine, Mich'l	36	6	½	Dark ...	Brown ..	Black . .	B. Colum	Boatman	" 18, "	do	do	do	Dis for disability, M'h 4,'62
11	Marquis, Jas. W.	20	5	6½	Fair. ...	Gray.....	Auburn .	Missouri	Farmer...	" 18, "	Portland	H. Miller.....	do	Cor. Nov. 1, 1862.
12	Marquis, Wm. R.	18	5	7	Fair, ...	Hazel. .	Brown ...	Missouri	Farmer...	" 18, "	do	do	do	
13	Tucast, Louis	26	5	6	Dark. . .	Brown	Black	Germany	Tailor	" 18, "	Vancouver....	Wm. Kelly..	do	
14	Jacobson, Benh'd	27	5	7	Fair, . .	Hazel	Fair . .	Germany	Farmer...	" 23, "	do	do	do	
15	Anderson, Robert	35	5	11	Fair, . .	Blue	Brown . .	Penn .. .	Farmer ..	" 29, "	Portland	H. Miller	do	Cor. June 1, 1862.
16	Nerford, Philip .	35	5	10	Fair, ...	Gray.....	Brown . .	Ohio	Carpent'r	Dec'r 3, "	do	Steph Coffin	do	
17	Beatty, Alexand'r	25	5	6	Fair, . . .	Hazel ...	Brown . .	Ohio	Farmer...	" 3, "	do	do	do	Cor. Dec 2, 1862.
18	Collins, Thomas .	30	5	7	Fair, ...	Blue	Brown	Ireland...	Laborer..	" 3, "	do	do	do	
19	Wilson, John. . .	22	5	10	Fair, ...	Gray	Brown	Switzer'd	Teamster	" 3, "	do	do .	do	Deserted March 14, 1862
20	Towner, Ezra .	36	5	6	Fair, ...	Blue . ..	Auburn .	Ohio	Farmer.	" 6, "	do	do	do	Trans Co E, May 19, 1862.
21	Lewis, Chas. H.	29	5	8	Fair, ...	Gray.....	Auburn	N York.	Miner ...	" 6, "	do	do	do	Deserted Oct. 8, 1862.
22	Bennett, Albert.	21	5	5	Fair, ...	Hazel....	Black . .	N. York.	Blacks'th	" 14, "	do	do	do	
23	Lockwood, J. W	27	6	1	Fair, ...	Green . .	Brown ..	Maine . .	Lumb'an	" 16, "	do	do	do	Des from guard, Mar 22, '62
24	Monroe, James .	29	5	8	Ruddy .	Gray . . .	Brown .	Ireland.	Laborer..	" 19, "	Vancouver....	Wm. Kelly..	do	Dis for disability Mar 4, '62
25	Burgy, John. .	38	5	10	Fair, .	Hazel ...	Brown .	France .	Carpent'r	" 19, "	do	do	do	Mu'd as cor res'd Jne 22, '62
26	Danvers, William	36	5	10	Fair, ...	Gray . . .	Dark .	Ireland ..	Farmer...	" 19, "	do	do	do	
27	Shurden, Terence	26	5	9	Ruddy..	Dark, ...	Brown .	Ireland	Laborer,.	" 19, "	do	do	do	
28	Freeman, David	49	5	7¾	Fair, ...	Black ...	Brown ...	N. York.	Cooper ...	" 19, "	do	do	do	Deserted Feb'y 14, '62.
29	Emery, Leonard T	31	5	8	Ruddy ..	Blue	Brown .	Mass . .	Farmer. .	" 20, "	Portland	Steph Coffin.	do	
30	Buck, Timothy . .	25	5	11¾	Fair, .	Gray.....	Fair	Ireland .	Plasterer	" 21, "	Vancouver....	Wm. Kelly...	do	Deserted April 5, '62.
31	McDonald, John	29	5	7½	Fair, .	Hazel...	Dark	Ireland	Laborer.	" 24, "	do	do	do	Tr to Co E. Des May 4, '63
32	Freeman, George	42	5	9½	Fair, ...	Blue . ..	Dark ..	N. York.	Soldier ...	" 31, "	do	do	do	Sergeant July 3, '62.
33	Moore, Edward H	27	5	11	Fair, .	Gray . ..	Dark ...	Illinois .	Farmer...	Jan'y 2, 1862.	do	do	do	Tr's to Co E for mutinous

34	*Norris, Spangler*	4	5	8¼	Dark	Hazel	Black,	Maryland	Seaman	Jan 14,	1862.	Vancouver	Wm. Kelly	do	(cond't and dishon'y disch'd
35	Daniels, George	23	5	8	Fair,	Gray	Light,	Mass	Farmer	20		do	do	do	Deserted May 12, '63
36	Carter, Charles	22	5	5½	Fair,	Hazel	Light,	Kentucky	Soldier	Feb 4		do	do	do	Deserted April 10, '62
37	Crisky, Henry	33	5	6½	Dark	Grey	Dark	Minnesota	Farmer	4		do	do	do	Dis disability, March 4, '62
38	DuBelle, Lewis	34	5	6¼	Dark	Grey	Brown	France	Gardener	5		do	do	do	
39	Freeney, John	28	5	7¼	Fair,	Grey	Brown	Ireland	Soldier	10		Portland	do	do	Dis State prison convict
40	Cortes, Manuel	31	5	6	Dark	Brown	Black,	Spain	Barber	15		Vancouver	do	do	Deserted Aug. 6, '62
41	Foos, John	25	5	9½	Dark	Hazel	Brown	Ohio	Teamster	17		Portland	do	do	Deserted, Mar. 22, '62
42	Kelly, Patrick	58	5	9	Sandy	Blue	Light,	Ireland	Laborer	22		do	Lt Caldwell	do	
43	Oconnor, James	26	5	5	Fair,	Blue	Brown	Ireland	Laborer	22		do	do	do	Tr Mar14,'62, de fr U S A 3d Ar
44	Abond, John Chas	23	5	7	Fair,	Gray	Light,	Prussia	Clerk	25		do	do	do	Tr Mar 1 '62, des fr U S A
45	Johnson, James	25	5	6	Fair,	Gray	Brown	Kentucky	Laborer	27		do	do	do	Dis for disability Ap 21, '62
46	Donloy, Edward	26	5	6	Fair,	Blue	Brown	Penn'a	Carpent'r	Mar 6		do	do	do	Deserted April 2, '62
47	McKenzie, ——	25	6	3¾	Fair,	Hazel	Brown	N. York	Farmer	6		do	do	do	
48	Henton, Cyrus	19	5	4	Fair,	Gray	Brown	Missouri	Laborer	10		do	do	do	
49	Kromer, John	29	5	6½	Fair,	Blue	Light,	Wert'm'rg	Farmer	7		Vancouver	Lt Kelly	do	Trans May 19, '62
50	Underwood, R. C	32	5	11½	Light	Gray	Auburn	N York	Teacher	12		Oakland	Underwood	do	
51	Moore, James	27	6	1	Dark	Black	Black,	Kentucky	Farmer	Jan 11		Canyonville	Capt Cowles	do	
52	Moreton, E. S	30	6	9¾	Light	Blue	Auburn	Penn'a	Painter	Mar 20		Oakland	Underwood	do	
53	Crochell, Garret	24	5	6½	Dark	Gray	Black,	Indiana	Farmer	Jan 13		Canyonville	Capt Cowles	do	Ser Oct 31, '62
54	Lynch, Thomas	22	5	7	Light	Blue	Brown	Ireland	Farmer	Feb 5		Oakland	Underwood	do	(Turn'd over as des from U S
55	Cardwell, Zach	30	5	7	Dark	Gray	Dark,	Tennessee	Farmer	Jan 11		Canyonville	Capt Cowles	do	(A, July 1, '62
56	Jackson, Wm	33	5	7	Light	Blue	Dark	Tennes'e	Farmer	11		do	do	do	
57	Riddle, Geo W	22	5	4½	Light	Blue	Dark	Illinois	Farmer	11		do	do	do	Cor July 5, '62
58	Custo, John L	30	5	11	Dark	Black	Black,	Indiana	Farmer	11		do	do	do	
59	Thurston, Hiram	30	5	9	Dark	Gray	Black,	Indiana	Farmer	11		do	do	do	
60	Prather, Thos T	18	5	10½	Light	Blue	Light,	Ohio	Farmer	13		do	do	do	
61	Blankenship, J B	27	5	7	Dark	Blue	Dark	Indiana	Farmer	13		do	do	do	
62	Packhard, M	28	5	7	Dark	Blue	Dark	Ohio	Farmer	13		do	do	do	
63	Good, Edward	21	6	7	Dark	Black	Dark	Ohio	Farmer	13		do	do	do	
64	Weaver, James H	18	5	2	Light	Blue	Light,	Illinois	Farmer	13		do	do	do	[Jan 1, '63
65	Cranmer, J. M	34	5	8¼	Light	Blue	Light	Penn'a	Miner	13		do	do	do	Tr to Co F June 28, '62 Serg
66	Bryant, T. F	28	5	4½	Dark	Gray	Black,	Maine	Carpent'r	13		do	do	do	
67	Wright, Andrew J	29	6	11½	Light	Blue	Light	Kentucky	Farmer	17		do	do	do	
68	Powers, Jesse S	22	6	1	Light	Blue	Fair	Illinois	Farmer	19		Roseburg	Lt White	do	
69	Casey, Daniel	30	5	10½	Light	Blue	Red,	Scotland	Miner	Jan 20		do	do	do	Deserted May 12, '63
70	Kerby, John	24	6		Light	Blue	Fair	Ireland	Miner	20		do	do	do	Deserted May 12, '63.
71	Cardwell, Julius	23	5	10¾	Light	Blue	Light	Tennes'e	Farmer	27		Canyonville	Capt Cowles	do	
72	Brewer, John W	27	6	2½	Dark	Blue	Black,	Tennes'e	Farmer	Feb 3		Oakland	Underwood	do	
73	Rouse, T. M	33	5	11⅝	Light	Blue	Brown	N York	Farmer	11		do	do	do	
74	Brown, Joseph T	22	5	7¾	Dark	Gray	Dark	Maine	Farmer	12		Canyonville	Capt Cowles	do	
75	Slocum, Henry C	23	5	9	Light	Gray	Fair	Ohio	Saddler	17		Roseburg	Lt White	do	
76	Weatherly, Ansel	28	5	9¼	Light	Blue	Auburn	N. York	Farmer	20		Oakland	Underwood	do	
77	Miller, Henry	34	5	8¼	Dark	Gray	Dark	Germany	Miner	Dec 25		Roseburg	Lt White	do	
78	Lowel, David R	31	5	9¼	Light	Blue	Auburn	Maine	Seaman	Mar 6		Oakland	Underwood	do	
79	Hards, James	19	5	5¾	Dark	Dark	Black	Penn'nia	Butcher	6		do	do	do	
80	McCum, William	28	6	11½	Dark	Gray	Black	Missouri	Teamster	12		do	do	do	
81	Strang, Samuel P	28	5	4¼	Light	Gray	Auburn	New York	Miner	15		do	Capt Cowles	do	
82	Dunlap, Wm	22	6		Light	Gray	Dark	Illinois	Farmer	15		do	do	do	Corporal November 1, 1861

COMPANY C.

FIRST REGIMENT CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.—CONTINUED.

Number	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION.							Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age	Hight. Feet.	Hight. Inches.	Complexion.	Color of Eyes	Color of Hair.	Where born.		When.	Where.	By Whom.	Period.	
84	Browner, John S	38	5	8	Fair.....	Blue	Sandy ...	Germany.	Farmer..	July 2, "	Vancouver...	Capt. Kelly..	3 y'rs.	
85	Gilman, Augustus	22	5	9½	Fair.....	Hazel	Dark	Michigan.	Laborer..	" 7, "	Oregon City...	do	do	
86	Woodford, Wm. F	22	5	6	Fair.....	Blue	Brown ...	Ohio ..	Printer..	" 22, "	Oakland	do	do	
87	Thomas, Daniel .	30	5	6½	Fair.....	Hazel ...	Brown ...	New York	Farmer...	Oct'r 3, "	Butte Creek..	do	do	
88	Heath, Michael .	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Aug. 28, "	Camp Baker.	do	do	
89	Shaw, H L.	..	..	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 29, "	do	do	do	
90	Harris, Emery....	24	5	11¾	Fair ...	Blue	Brown	Michigan.	Farmer...	Oct. 9, "	Butte Creek..	do	do	
91	Clyde, Wm.....	21	5	8	Dark ...	Hazel ...	Black ...	California	Farmer...	Nov. 10, "	Camp Baker.	do	do	[name. Dis'd. Enl'ted un. assm'd
92	Griffin, John.....	27	5	8½	Light .	Blue	Brown .	Ireland ...	Carpent'r	" 10, "	do	do	do	Deserted May 12, 1863.
93	Willis, Edward .	27	5	9	Fair....	Blue	Fair.....	Ireland ...	Miner	" 10, "	do	do	do	Deserted May 7, 1863.
94	Saunders, Lewis .	28	5	6	Fair....	Blue	Light	Germany,	Dyer	" 10, "	do	do	do	
95	Rensch, G.....	29	5	8	Ruddy...	Black ..	Dark	Germany,	Har M'kr	" 21, "	do	do	do	
96	Boon, George....	40	5	10	Fair.....	Blue	Light .	Kentuck.	Laborer..	" 29, "	do	do	do	Deserted Dec, 22, 1862.
97	Webber, Henry..	35	5	11	Fair	Blue	Brown ...	Prussia .	Baker....	Dec. 29, "	do	do	do	Deserted May 7, 1862.
98	Volney, Colug.....	"	.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	do	do	do	
99	Linn, Joseph W..		.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Feb. 23, 1863	do	do	do	
100	Parlet, J. S	..	....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 27, "	do	do	do	
101	Walters, John...	..	....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	April 3, "	do	do	do	
102	Colvig, Wm. M...		.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 5, "	do	do	do	
103	Woodford, A. M..		.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 6, "	do	do	do	
104	Markham, Wm. R..	...	....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Mar. 9, "	do	do	do	Deserted May 15, 1863.
105	Sinclair, R. P.,...	...	....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 16, "	do	do	do	
106	Heill, Edward. .	..	....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	" 28, "	do	do	do	
107	Griffith, Jefferson		....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	do	do	do	

COMPANY D.

DESCRIPTION BOOK OF THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES	DESCRIPTION.								Occupation	ENLISTMENT				Remarks.
		Age	Hight.		Complexion.	Color of		Where born.		When	Where.	By Whom.	Period.	
			Feet	Inc's.		Eyes.	Hair.							
1	Brown, John	29	5	6	Light	Brown	Black	Penn'a	Miner	Nov. 30, 1861	Jacksonville	Col Maury	3 years	Ap. 2d Ser Dec 10, '61; tr July 18, '62
2	Durpley, Job C.	26	5	7½	Light	Hazel	Brown	New York	Farmer	Dec. 2	do	do	do	Ap. 4th Ser Dec 19, '61
3	Hedford, George T	27	5	6½	Light	Black	Black	N Car'lina	Farmer	2	do	do	do	Ap. Corporal Dec 19, '61
4	Ingraham, Cyrus K	26	5	7½	Light	Brown	Brown	Ohio	Farmer	2	do	do	do	
5	Pomeroy, Merrit	23	5	8¾	Light	Blue	Auburn	Vermont	Carpenter	2	do	do	do	Bugler Dec. 19, '61
6	Robinson, J R	34	5	11	Light	Gray	Black	Ohio	Farmer	13	do	do	do	Ap. Corporal Dec 19, '61.
7	Tenbrook, O. P.	21	5	10	Light	Gray	Auburn	Indiana	Farmer	3	do	do	do	
8	Weigh, William W	31	5	8¾	Light	Blue	Brown	Ohio	Farmer	3	do	do	do	
9	McWilliams, Thos.	31	5	11	Fair	Hazel	Black	Penn	Laborer	5	do	do	do	
10	Rand, Wm	23	5	9	Light	Gray	Auburn	Ohio	Teacher	5	do	do	do	Ap. Ser Dec 15, '61; Q M S July 18, 62
11	Spencer, Fred'k	33	5	6	Light	Blue	Auburn	Vermont	Miner	5	do	do	do	
12	Nappy, Adrien	26	5	9	Dark	Black	Black	Penn	Miner	6	do	do	do	Ap Cor Dec 19, '61
13	Morst, Fred'k	25	5	5	Light	Gray	Light	Germany	Steward	6	do	do	do	
14	Vought, Len P	32	6		Light	Blue	Black	Penn	Miner	6	do	do	do	
15	Isom, Joseph	31	5	8	Light	Blue	Brown	Alabama	Farmer	6	do	do	do	Ap Farrier Dec 19, 61, des'd Sep 9, '62
16	Himbert, John	30	5	4	Light	Hazel	Brown	Switzerl'd	Miller	6	Applegate	do	do	
17	Cong, George D	24	5	5½	Light	Blue	Brown	Ohio	Miner	6	do	do	do	
18	Callison, Benj	24	5	11	Light	Hazel	Black	Illinois	Farmer	7	Jacksonville	do	do	
19	Fortney, Newton	22	5	10½	Light	Hazel	Brown	Virginia	Teacher	7	do	do	do	Ap Cor Dec 19, '61; Ser Dec 19, '62
20	Wells, Wm	17	5	5	Light	Blue	Light	Maryland	Miner	7	do	do	do	
21	Field, John	25	6	1	Dark	Black	Black	Tennessee	Farmer	7	do	do	do	Blacksmith July 28, 62
22	Humm, Henry	47	5	8	Dark	Gray	Black	Penn	Farmer	9	do	do	do	
23	Holtman, Fred	34	5	7	Dark	Black	Black	Germany	Baker	9	do	do	do	
24	McDonald, John	32	5	4	Light	Blue	Sandy	Scotland	Shoemaker	9	do	do	do	Saddler Dec 1, '62
25	Welton, John E	20	5	10	Light	Blue	Sandy	Ohio	Farmer	9	do	do	do	
26	Howard, Richard	20	5	6	Fair	Hazel	Sandy	New York	Shoemaker	10	do	do	do	
27	Barney, Christian	31	5	7½	Fair	Gray	Brown	New York	Farmer	10	do	do	do	Teamster Dec 1, 1682
28	Palmer, Wm	32	5	9	Fair	Gray	Black	Ireland	Farmer	10	do	do	do	Corporal Nov 19, '62
29	Watson, Stephen	32	5	10	Light	Gray	Black	N. B.	Farmer	10	do	do	do	1st Ser Dec 19, '61
30	Hanworthy, D. W.	23	5	10½	Ruddy	Hazel	Gray	Iowa	Farmer	10	do	do	do	Corporal July 18, 62
31	Yeats, Thomas	41	5	7	Fair	Gray	Brown	Penn	Miner	11	do	do	do	Deserted Jan 6, '62
32	Rogers, Simon	22	5	5	Dark	Black	Black	Ireland	Miner	11	do	do	do	

COMPANY D.

DESCRIPTION BOOK OF THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	Age.	DESCRIPTION. Hight		Complexion.	Color of		Where born.	Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
			Feet.	Inches.		Eyes.	Hair.			By Whom.	Where.	By Whom.	Period.	
33	Powers, Ed. S ..	22	6	.....	Light	Hazel ..	Brown ..	Mass	Miner	Dec. 12, 1861	Jacksonville	Col Maury		Cor Dec 19, '61, Ser July 18, '62
34	Huber, Wm.....	28	5	6	Dark. ..	Brown...	Black ...	Germany .	Musician ...	12	do	do	3 y'rs.	Bugler Dec 19, '61; des'd June 6, '62
35	Carlson, Carl	41	5	8	Dark, .	Blue	Black ...	Sweden ...	Farmer.....	12	do	do	do	
36	Cooper, James.....	23	5	5	Dark ,..	Gray ..	Black ...	Penn'a	Miner	12	do	do	do	
37	Thornley, John C	33	6	1	Light ...	Blue ...	Brown	Ohio	Miner	12	do	do	do	
38	Reed, Thomas G...	25	6	1½	Florid..	Blue .	Sandy..	Iowa	Laborer ,...	12	Ashland.	do	do	Died April 19, 62, Camp Baker, Ogn
39	Pellurg, Wm D...	29	5	7	Fair.....	Hazel ...	Black .	Ohio	Carpenter.	12	do	do	do	Cor Dec 19, 61; Com Ser Nov 18, 62
40	Stoival Adam	38	5	6	Light .	Blue ..	Light ...	Germany .	Miner	13	Jacksonville	do	do	
41	Seachrist, Jacob. ...	23	5	7	Light ..	Blue ,	Light ..	Ohio	Farmer....	13	do	do	do	
42	Caffer, John A.....	29	5	10	Light ..	Blue ..	Brown	Kentucky	Farmer....	13	do	do	do	
43	Hallett, Laban T..	22	5	7	Fair . .	Hazel .	Brown .	Mass	Miner	13	do	do	do	Disch'd for disability while attached to Co E
44	Buckland, O. S....	21	5	6	Fair.....	Gray . .	Black ..	Iowa	Miner	14	do	do	do	
45	Chappell, Chas. E	33	5	10	Light ..	Blue ...	Light ...	New York	Farmer.....	14	do	do	do	
46	Cressup, Robert ...	25	5	11	Fair.....	Hazel ..	Brown...	Alabama .	Miner	14	do	do	do	
48	Trudx, Chas. E...	21	5	10	Light	Blue ,	Brown .	Vermont .	Teacher	14	do	do	do	Sergeant Dec 19, 62
49	Myers, Joseph D..	21	5	6	Light ...	Gray	Brown ..	Switzerl'd	Farmer.....	16	do	do	do	
50	Maxwell, James...	33	5	11½	Dark .	Hazle ..	Black ...	Tennessee	Farmer.....	16	do	do	do	
51	Stevens, David . . .	26	5	9¾	Dark....	Blue ...	Black . .	Penn'a . .	Farmer.....	16	do	do	do	
52	Brown, F M .	29	6	7	Fair.....	Hazle .	Brown ..	Penn'a ...	Miner	16	do	do	do	Teamster Dec 1, 62
53	Hulse, James ..	24	5	10	Light ...	Gray .	Black ...	Ohio .. .	Farmer.....	17	do	do	do	
54	Bowles, David H.	31	6	..	Light ...	Gray ...	Black . .	Missouri	Miner	17	do	do	do	
55	Poulton, Michael .	27	5	9½	Light . .	Blue	Auburn	Illinois . . .	Farmer.....	18	do	do	do	
56	Hally, George B ...	19	5	10	Dark ...	Black ...	Black ...	Missouri..	Farmer.....	18	do	do	do	
57	Telhoy, Henry	33	5	5	Light ...	Blue	Brown .	Ohio .. .	Miner	18	do	do	do	
58	Reymond, Peter.	34	5	6	Light ...	Hazle ..	Black . .	France	Miner	19	do	do	do	
59	Reed, James B ..	31	5	9	Light ...	Blue . .	Black ...	Mass	Farmer.....	19	do	do	do	
60	Renshaw, M R....	27	5	3¾	Dark....	Hazle ..	Dark	Penn'a ..	Laborer	21	do	do	do	Corporal Nov 19, 62
61	White, Thomas .	20	5	6	Light ...	Hazle ...	Brown .	Missouri ..	Miner	21	do	do	do	
62	Triedle, Lewis .	40	5	5	Light ..	Gray .	Brown .	Germany .	Farmer.....	25	do	do	do	
63	Casteel, R. H ...	34	5	9½	Light ...	Blue . .	Light ...	Illinois	Farmer.....	26	do	do	do	Ser Dec 31, 61
64	Myer, Henry	32	6	2	Light ..	Blue . .	Brown .	Germany .	Miner	27	do	do	do	Cor Dec 31, 61; deserted May 26, '62
65	Roe, Theodore.....	28	5	5½	Florid ...	Hazle ...	Dark...	Ireland....	Laborer	30	do	do	do	Cor Dec 31, '61; red'd to r'ks drunknes

66	Homer, John	25	6	10	Fair	Blue	Dark	Ireland	Laborer		30	Jacksonville	do	do	
67	Smith, Henry H	23	5	9	Fair	Hazel	Sandy	Missouri	Miner		30	do	do	do	Bugler Nov 19, 62
68	Gates, Samuel	23	5	10	Light	Gray	Brown	Ohio	Farmer	Jan.	1, 1862	do	do	do	
69	Stickler, Adam	42	5	5	Light	Gray	Brown	Germany	Miner		2	do	do	do	
70	Coleman, J W	28	6		Light	Blue	Black	Mississippi	Lawyer		2	do	do	do	
71	Brown, Henry	33	5	6	Light	Gray	Brown	Germany	Miner		3	do	do	do	
72	Meyer, Andrew	31	5	6	Light	Blue	Light	Germany	Miner		3	do	do	do	
73	Crooks, James	36	6		Fair	Blue	Sandy	Kentucky	Laborer		6	Camp Baker	S Truax	do	Not sworn in Jan 6, '62
74	Pease, Sylvester	32	5	9½	Light	Gray	Brown	Vermont	Miner		7	do	do	do	
75	Hinkle, Calvin	30	6		Light	Blue	Brown	Tenn	Farmer		18	Forestville	do	do	
76	Phillips, Charles C	40	5	8½	Fair	Blue	Brown	Mass.	Farmer		20	Jacksonville	Col Maury	do	
77	Bridgefarmer, D M	24	5	11	Fair	Blue	Light	Missouri	Farmer	Feb.	8	do	do	do	
78	Bones, Z D	19	5	7	Fair	Hazel	Black	Iowa	Brickmak'r		11	do	do	do	
79	Lockman, H.R.K	32	5	9½	Light	Blue	Dark	Ohio	Carpenter		12	Camp Baker	S Truax	do	
80	Smith, Thomas	31	5	10½	Fair	Gray	Black	Ireland	Lumbrm'n	Mar.	11	do	do	do	
81	Maguire, J. L.	20	5	8	Dark	Hazel	Black	Ireland	Miner		21	do	do	do	
82	Tyler, A. W	29	5	10	Light	Blue	Brown	Penn	Miner		21	do	do	do	
83	Osborn, John	28	5	9	Ruddy	Blue	Brown	New York	Farmer	Apl	14	do	do	do	
84	Leamen, S W	23	5	10	Dark	Hazel	Black	Ohio	Farmer		16	do	do	do	
85	Harner, Joseph	21	5	5	Dark	Hazel	Brown	Ohio	Saddler	May	3	do	do	do	
86	Wilcox, C P	21	5	10	Light	Blue	Light	Michigan	Stewad.		21	Salem	do	do	
87	McDonald, John	22	5	9	Light	Hazel	Black	Penn	Laborer	Dec.	12	Ft W Walla.	do	do	Deserted May 4, '63
88	Kelley, James	22	5	7	Light	Blue	Brown	New York	Barbeer		22	do	do	do	
89	Cochran, George E.	40	5	11	Light	Blue	Auburn	Penn	Miner		26	do	do	do	
90	Blowers, Wm N.	29	6	2	Dark	Blue	Brown	Can. West	Laborer		27	do	do	do	

COMPANY E.

FIRST REGIMENT CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION							ENLISTMENT.					REMARKS.
		Ages.	Hight. Feet.	Hight. Inches	Complexion.	Color of Eyes.	Color of Hair.	Where born	Occupation.	When.	Where.	By whom	Period.	
1	McKinstry, Nath'n	18	5	11	Fair,	Hazel	Brown	N. York.	Farmer	Nov 15, 1861.	Dalles.	George B Curry	3 y'rs	Ser Dec 26, '61 Tr to Co E, May '62
2	Oliman, Frank.	20	5	9	Fair,	Hazel	Brown	Missouri.	Clerk	18	do	do	do	Corporal Dec 26, '61
3	Waltersdorff, J	29	5	6	Dark	Brown	Brown	Germany	Soldier	18	do	do	do	{ Bugler Dec 26, '61 Trs to Co C,
4	Jackson, Joseph	21	5	8	Dark	Brown	Brown	Canada	Soldier	18	do	do	do	{ March 27, '62
5	Van Name, Simon	37	5	11	Fair,	Hazel	Brown	N. York.	Soldier	18	do	do	do	Trans to Co C, March 27, '62
6	Geyer, Wm	19	5	10	Dark	Hazel	Brown	Germany	Soldier	18	do	do	do	" " "
7	Hale, Erastus	21	5	7	Fair,	Hazel	Brown	Kentucky	Blacks'th	23	do	do	do	
8	Byron, Edward	31	5	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Ireland.	Soldier	22	do	do	do	Trans to Co M '61. Des Ap 1, '62
9	Bickel, John	37	5	7	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Germany	Soldier	26	do	do	do	Trans to Co C, Mar 27, '62
10	Roberts, John H.	27	5	11	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Pennsyl'a	Soldier	26	do	do	do	1st Ser Dec 26, '61; des Mar 26, '62
11	Geesey, Rudolph	30	5	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Pennsyl'a	Soldier	26	do	do	do	{ Cor Jy 3, '62; dis by Cap Kelly 62
12	Lawler, John	33	5	9	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Ireland.	Soldier	28	do	do	do	{ hav been drum'd out of ser U S A
13	Coole, Anson	27	6		Fair	Hazel	Brown	Ohio	Soldier	30	do	do	do	Trans to Co C Mar 27, '62
14	Gannt, Thomas W	24	6	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Missouri	Saddler.	Dec. 3	do	do	do	Trans to Co C Mar 26, '62
15	Hall, Robert.	26	5	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	N. York.	Farmer.	3	do	do	do	Deserted Aug 4th, '62
16	Mathias, John	43	5	7	Ruddy	Hazel	Brown	Pennsyl'a	Soldier	4	do	do	do	
17	Schaffer, Peter	31	5	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Germany	Soldier	4	do	do	do	Trans to Co C March 27, '62
18	Shaffer, John	26	5	6	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Germany	Baker	7	do	do	do	" " " "
19	Herth, Warren C	43	5	8	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Kentucky	Soldier	7	do	do	do	Q M S Dec 26, '61
20	Ballou, James W.	28	5	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Tennesse'e	Blacks'th	9	Walla Walla	do	do	{ Des Aug 4'62; ap Aug 12'62; Sen 3
21	Hoffman, Albert	26	6	5	Ruddy	Blue	Brown	Germany	Soldier	9	do	do	do	{ mo h la ball & chn, br D, dr o't ser
22	Morse, Lynham B	29	6		Fair	Hazel	Brown	N. York.	Teamster	9	do	do	do	Trans to Co C Mar 27, '62 ['62
23	Perry, Gilbert	31	5	10	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Ohio	Carpent'r	9	do	do	do	Tr to CoC Mh 27, 62; tr to CoE My 19
24	Warner, Moses	31	6	0	Dark	Brown	Brown	Ohio	Farmer	9	do	do	do	
25	Dyre, John R.	34	6	2	Dark	Brown	Black	Pennsyl'a	Seaman	15	do	do	do	Tr Reg Staff May 20, 62; ap S Maj '62.
26	Kline, Charles	34	5	9	Dark	Brown	Black	Pennsyl'a	Seaman	15	do	do	do	Tr Co C Mar 27 '62; des May 16, '62
27	McCurdy, John	27	6	7	Ruddy	Hazel	Brown	Ireland	Seaman	14	Dalles	do	do	Deserted Jan 28, '62
28	Schalman, John	26	5	10	Ruddy	Blue	Black	Germany	Soldier	19	Walla Walla	do	do	Trans to Co C Mar 27, '62
29	Orchard, John G.	21	6	1	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Texas	Farmer.	19	do	do	do	Tr Co E May 19, '62, des Nov 28, '62
30	Curry, James L.	19	5	10	Fair	Blue	Light	Indiana.	Farmer	26	Dalles	do	do	Cor Dec 26, '62, Sergt Feb 3, '62
31	Gray, Israel A.	26	5	11	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Ohio	Carpent'r	31	do	do	do	Tr Co C Mar 27, 62, tr Co E My 19, 62
32	Joyce, James	26	5	8	Fair,	Hazel	Brown	Ireland	Soldier	Jan. 1, 1862.	do	do	do	Corporal Feb 2, 1862

33	Barkley, James ..	26	5	8	Fair, ...	Hazel, .	Brown .	Ireland..	Soldier .	Jan	1, 1862	Dalles	G B Curry ..	3yrs	Ap Cor Mai 5, '62 Serg Oct 31, '53
34	Kelley, John W...	27	5	10	Ruddy ...	Blue,....	Brown .	Virginia.	Teamster		14	do	do	do	Des Aug 1, '62
35	Jackson, Edward	33	5	10	Fair	Hazel, .	Brown ..	Ireland...	Soldier .		16	do	do	do	Des Ap 6, '62
36	Fayan, William...	34	5	11	Ruddy ...	Blue, ...	Brown .	Ireland ..	Soldier .		24	do	do	do	Trans to Co E May 19, '62; des Nov 28, '62
37	Cavanaugh, D .	26	5	5	Fair	Hazel, ..	Brown .	Ireland..	Tailor		31	do	do	do	
38	Pedon, Morgan ..	27	5	10	Fair	Hazel ...	Brown .	Illinois ...	Miner. . .		31	do	do	do	Des March 26, '62
39	Finn, Hugh .. .	34	5	9	Fair	Hazel .. .	Brown ..	Ireland..	Miner. ...	Feb	26	do	do	do	Tr Co E May 19, 62; des Nov 28, '62
40	Hogan, Robert ..	49	5	7	Fair	Hazel ...	Brown ..	Iowa . . .	Farmer		21	do	do	do	Des Dec 14, '62 .
41	McCroslin, John	30	5	11	Ruddy ...	Hazel ...	Brown .	Ireland. .	Soldier . .	M'h	15	do	do	do	Des Aug '62, ap Oct '62, cm b edr out ser
42	Capps, William....	21	5	10½	Fair, ...	Gray	Light, ...	Wisconsin	Teacher,	Dec	28	Oregon C'y	— Thompson	do	Mus 1st Ser Feb 12'62, ap 2d Lt Mar '62
43	Clark, Wm A.....	42	6	....	Dark . .	Dark	Dark, ..	Kentucky	Miner. .	Jan	6	do	do	do	
44	Brown, Edward G	35	6	.	Fair, . . .	Blue,.....	Dark, .	Penn, . ..	Soldier ..	Dec	27	do	J Rinearson.	do	{ Mus as Duty Ser Feb 12, '62; 1st Duty
45	Johnson, William	00	5	11	Fair, . .	Gray . . .	Light, ..	Maryland	Farmer. .		1	do	do	do	{ Ser Mar 20, 62
46	Guard, John G	20	5	5½	Dark	Dark....	Black, . .	Illinois ...	Farmer ...	Nov	16	do	do	do	
47	Howard Baltimore	21	5	10	Fair, ...	Dark .. .	Dark . . .	Illinois, .	Farmer .		16	do	do	do	Cor April 3d, '62
48	Swett, James B	23	5	7	Fair, . .	Dark	Dark	Indiana	Farmer ..	Dec	9	do	do	do	Cor April 3d, '62
49	Williams, Robert	38	5	11	Fair, .	Gray ...	Dark ..	Ireland...	Soldier ..		25	Milwaukee	do	do	Dis for disability Oct 6, '62
50	Mahany, James	27	5	8⅛	Fair, . . .	Gray	Dark ..	Ireland...	Shoemak'r		25	do	do	do	
51	Higgenbothem, W	25	6	. .	Dark . ..	Blue ..	Dark ..	Illinois ..	Farmer...		27	Oregon C'y	do	do	Cor April 3d, '62
52	Higgenbothem, G	19	6	½	Dark,	Dark .	Dark ...	Illinois . .	Farmer...		27	do	do	do	
53	Oglesvie, James L	22	5	10	Dark . ..	Black, ..	Dark ..	Illinois ..	Farmer		27	do	do	do	
54	Robinson, James	26	5	10	Fair, . ..	Gray . . .	Dark	Mass ...	Soldier ...		27	do	do	do	Des Sept 2d, '62
55	Savery, James H.	18	5	10	Dark,	Gray . .	Dark ...	Ohio . . .	Farmer.		28	do	— Thompson	do	
56	Mitchell, William	23	5	5½	Dark, ..	Gray ..	Dark ...	Ireland. .	Soldier .		28	do	J Rinearson.	do	
57	Clary, Peter F.. .	30	5	10	Sandy, .	Blue,.. .	Sandy, .	Ireland.	Soldier .		30	Portland. .	— Thompson	do	Mus 2d Ser Feb 12,'62, des Aug 12, '62
58	Fouts, T B	19	5	8	Fair, . . .	Brown .	Brown .	Ohio ...	Farmer ..	Jan	7	Oregon C'y	do	do	
59	Lavery, Rob A ...	47	5	9	Fair, . .	Gray . .	Dark ...	Penn ...	Farmer...		7	do	J Rinearson	do	
60	McCormee, Chas .	23	5	9	Dark, ...	Dark .	Dark .. .	Ireland	Farmer. .		7	do	— Thompson	do	
61	Rooney, John . ..	32	0	2	Fair, ...	Gray ...	Brown	Ireland ..	Miner . .		8	do	do	do	Tr Maj Lugenbeel a des U S A May 20'62
62	Lovejoy, Lewis W	26	6	8¼	Light . ..	Blue . .	Light, .	Penn .	Silv'rpl't'r		13	do	do	do	Des Aug 20, '62
63	Gates, Peter P.	20	5	8¼	Light, .	Blue	Light,	Penn .	Farmer,		10	do-	do	do	
64	Rowe, Robert	24	6	8½	Sandy, . .	Blue	Sandy, .	Virginia.	Farmer...		25	C'p Barlow	do	do	
65	Ammons, Henry J	26	5	8	Fair, ...	Blue .	Sandy, ..	Illinois .	Miner ..		26	Oregon C'y	do	do	Serg April 3d, '62
66	Sparschul, Jacob	29	5	7½	Fair	Gray	Fair	Germany	Laborer.		27	do	do	do	
67	Swett John J. .	35	5	8	Sandy, .	Blue . . .	Sandy, .	Ohio	Farmer		28	C'p Barlow	do	do	
68	Bell, Theodore H	31	6	.....	Dark, ..	Blue . . .	Black, ..	Vermont	Farmer...		28	do	do	do	Cor April 3d, '62
69	Appers n, Jac obR	18	5	8¾	Fair	Gray .	Light, ..	Missouri	Farmer . .		30	Oregon C'y	do	do	
70	McLaughlin, H ...	23	5	9½	Fair . . .	Gray .. .	Sandy .	N. York.	Laborer	Feb	1	C'p Barlow	do	do	Cor Ap 3,'62; des Aug 10, '62
71	Waggoner, J W..	29	5	9	Sandy ..	Blue	Light, ...	Indiana.	Laborer.		1	do	do	do	Sergeant April 3d, '62
72	Wilson, John	35	5	6	Dark	Dark....	Dark .. .	Sweden	Miner		4	do	do	do	Deserted April 2, '62
73	Holmes, Phil.	28	5	9½	Dark	Gray	Dark ..	Illinois .	Laborer.		4	Dayton	do	do	
74	Campbell, J L .	20	5	6	Dark	Gray	Black, .	Illinois ..	Carpent'r		4	do	do	do	
75	Allen, Richard N	19	5	9½	Fair ..	Blue	Light, ..	Missouri.	Farmer .		4	C'p Barlow	do	do	Corporal April 3d, '62
76	Hughes, GeorgeW	32	5	7½	Fair . . .	Gray	Light . ..	Ireland. .	Soldier ..		7	Portland.	do	do	Tr Maj Lugenbeel a des U S A May 20'62
77	Seller, Henry... .	22	5	6½	Fair	Blue	Light .	Germany	Carpent'r		8	Oregon C'y	do	do	
78	Tull, William S .	8	5	7	Dark.....	Dark .. .	Dark . ..	Missouri.	Farmer ..		5	C'p Barlow	do	do	
79	Rogers, Archibald	31	5	8	Fair ..	Blue ..	Dark	Ireland .	Farmer...		10	do	do	do	.
80	Apperson, J hn .	31	5	10	Fair	Dark . ..	Dark ..	Missouri .	Boatman		12	do	do	do	
81	Clark, George,.. ..	31	5	10	Dark ...	Hazel,	Dark ..	Kentucky	Farmer ...		12	do	do	do	Deserted April 20th, 1862

COMPANY E.

DESCRIPTION BOOK OF THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.—CONTINUED.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION								ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age.	Hight. Feet.	Hight. Inches	Complexion.	Color of Eyes	Color of Hair.	Where born.	Occupation.	When.	Where.	By Whom	Period.	
8[illegible]	Lawson George	35	5	10	Dark	Hazel	Dark	Scotland.	Miner	Feb 18, 1862	C'p Barlow	—Thompson.	3yrs	Tr Maj Lugenbeel a des USA My20'62
8[illegible]	Bayley, James A.	28	5	8	Fair	Black	Black	England.	Cook	19	Salem	J R Hammer.	do	Deserted March 13, 1862.
8[illegible]	Smith, Daniel	19	5	6	Dark	Hazel	Dark	New York.	Laborer,	20	C'p Barlow.	J S Pearson	do	
8[illegible]	Shafter, George	3[illegible]	5	6 1/8	Fair	Grey	Light	Germany.	Laborer.	28	Salem	S R Hammer	do	Dis Con forg'y; sent Pen Mar 12, '62
8[illegible]	Reynolds, John B	24	5	8 1/2	Fair	Grey	Auburn	Vermont	Painter	Mar 3	do	do	do	
8[illegible]	Barns, James	28	5	3	Fair	Blue	Black,	Ireland	Laborer.	5	do	do	do	Deserted August 6, 1862
8[illegible]	McNichols, D	29	5	9 1/2	Fair	Blue	Auburn,	Ohio	Laborer,	5	do	do	do	Deserted May 15, 1862
89	Grey, James S	21	5	10 1/4	Fair	Blue	Auburn	Ohio	Farmer	11	do	do	do	
90	Foskey, David C	22	5	10	Black,	Grey	Light	Maine	Teacher.	6	C'p Barlow.	D P Thompson	do	Died Ft Walla Walla, July 12, 1862
91	Golden, Patrick	22	5	5 1/2	Fresh	Blue	Sandy,	Ireland	Clerk	Feb 25	Portland.	R S Caldwell	do	Tr Co C Ap 24'62, remarks July 2'62
92	Flynn, John	21	5	9 1/2	Fair	Gray	Light.	Ireland	Miner	Aug 3	Umatilla	Lt Cupps	do	Deserted May 5, 1863
93	Baum, Louis	22	5	9	Dark	Gray	Light	Poland	Miner	3	do	do	do	
94	Parsons, Sam'l M.	38	5	8 1/2	Dark	Gray	Black	New York	Accountnt	Sep 23	Walla Walla	Capt Curry	do	
95	Dunn, Henry	22	5	8	Dark	Brown	Black,	Ohio	Gunsmith	27	do	do	do	
96	Cussik, Thomas	22	5	8	Fair	Blue	Auburn.	New York	Carpenter	Oct 6	do	do	do	
97	Nottingham, A	21	5	6 1/2	Fair	Blue	Dark	Illinois	Farmer.	6	do	do	do	
98	Fushman, John P	39	5	6	Fair	Hazel	Brown	Germany.	Farrier	15	do	do	do	
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mar 11	do	do	do	

COMPANY F.

FIRST REGIMENT CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION							Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age.	Hight. Feet.	Hight. Inches	Complexion.	Color of Eyes.	Color of Hair.	Where born.		When.	Where.	By whom	Period	
1	Putnam Francis J	2[illegible]	5	6	Light	Blue	Brown	N Hamp.	Farmer	Jan. 2, 1862	Kirbyville	W J Mat hews	3 y'rs	Sergeant June 9, '62
2	Clink, William	[illegible]	5	11	Fair	Black	Brown	N. York.	Farmer	2	do	do	do	Corporal Feb 21, '62
3	Prnce, David C	[illegible]	6	1½	Fair	Gray	Brown	Indiana.	Farmer	3	do	do	do	Sergeant, 1862
4	Huky. John C	[illegible]	5	7	Fair	Gray	Black	France	Miner	4	do	do	do	
5	Tompkins. Wm. A	[illegible]	5	9	Fair	Blue	Auburn	Pennsy'a	Druggist	4	do	do	do	
6	Dickey, Jas C	[illegible]	6	1	Fair	Blue	Auburn	Missouri	Miner	6	do	—Rinehart	do	Corporal Jan 9, '62.
7	Moore, Wm F	[illegible]	5	11	Fair	Blue	Black	Indiana	Farmer	6	do	W Mat'hews	do	Corporal June 9, '62
8	Penney, B D	[illegible]	6	[illegible]	Fair	Blue	Brown	Indiana	Miner	8	do	W Rinehart	do	Corporal June 9, '62
9	Buteli, J	[illegible]	5	7	Fair	Blue	Black	Penn'a	Miner	8	do	W Mathews	do	Corporal Aug 2, '62
10	George, James F	[illegible]	5	9	Fair	Blue	Brown	Kentucky	Miner	10	do	do	do	
11	Spencer, John C.	[illegible]	5	8	Fair	Blue	Brown	N. York.	Miner	11	do	do	do	
12	Houch, David	[illegible]	5	11	Fair	Blue	Brown	Ohio	Miner	14	do	do	do	Corporal June 9, '62
13	Vincent, Joseph I	[illegible]	5	6	Fair	Blue	Brown	Mass.	Carpent'r	16	do	do	do	Ser Je 9, '62 Com Ser Jan 1, 63
14	Goodheart, Joseph	[illegible]	5	10	Light	Blue	Light	N York	Laborer.	22	do	do	do	
15	Potter. Edwin	[illegible]	5	9	Fair	Blue	Light,	Ohio	Farmer.	25	do	do	do	Sergeant June 9. '62
16	McCormick, J W	[illegible]	5	5	Fair	Blue	Brown.	Ireland	Farmer	25	do	do	do	De-erted March 9, '62
17	Foster, David	[illegible]	6	[illegible]	Fair	Blue	Brown.	Ohio	Farmer	25	do	do	do	Sergeant Feb 24, '62
18	Meyers, George	[illegible]	5	11	Fair	Blue	Brown.	Ohio.	Farmer	28	do	do	do	Cor. Re'd to ranks Aug 21, '62
19	Pile, James	[illegible]	5	10	Fair	Blue	Brown.	England.	Laborer.	29	do	do	do	
20	Ross, James	[illegible]	5	5	Fair	Blue	Light,	Maine	Miner	31	do	do	do	
21	Scranton, J W	[illegible]	5	5	Fair	Blue	Brown	Conn.	P'd Make	Feb 1	do	do	do	
22	Messenger, C M	[illegible]	5	8½	Fair	Blue	Black,	Pennsyl'a	W'n mak'r	2	do	do	do	Farrier Jan 1, 1863
23	Miner, George	[illegible]	5	10	Fair	Blue	Brown	N York.	Farmer	4	do	do	do	
24	Ruckles, J W	[illegible]	5	11	Fair	Gray	Brown	Indiana	Farmer	6	do	W Rinehart	do	Wagoner June 9, '62
25	Faimble, John	[illegible]	5	7	Dark	Gray	Black	Ireland	Laborer.	6	do	W Mathews	do	
26	Lampson, Wm.	[illegible]	5	7	Light	Blue	Brown	Maine	Cooper	8	do	W Rinehart.	do	
27	Bell, James	[illegible]	5	6	Light	Blue	Light	Canada	Miller	8	Elensburg	J S Steele	do	
28	Burk, Frank.	[illegible]	5	9½	Fair	Gray	Brown	Ireland	Miner	8	do	do	do	
29	Monto, John S	[illegible]	5	6	Dark	Black	Black	Texas	Farmer	8	do	do	do	
30	Butler J M	[illegible]	5	11½	Fair	Blue	Black,	Mass.	Carpent'r	8	do	do	do	Corporal Feb 24, '62
31	Garnsey, Arthur.	[illegible]	5	11	Fair	Black	Brown	Maine	Exp'sm'n	8	do	do	do	1st Serg Feb 24, 62
32	Styles, John P	[illegible]	5	7	Fair	Blue	Brown	France	Barber	8	do	do	do	Dos Dec 7, '62. Re Mar 28, '63

COMPANY F.

FIRST REGIMENT CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.—CONTINUED.

Number.	NAMES.	DESCRIPTION.							Occupation.	ENLISTMENT.				REMARKS.
		Age.	Hight: Feet	Hight: Inches	Complexion.	Color of: Eyes.	Color of: Hair.	Where born.		When.	Where.	By Whom.	Period.	
33	Baynell, James L	35	5	6½	Fair, ..	Blue	Brown ..	New York	Tailor	Feb'y 8, 1862.	Ellensburg	J S Steele	3 y'rs.	Corporal June 0, 1862
34	Miner, Benjamin	33	5	7½	Fair	Blue	Light	Conn .	Farmer. .	8	do	do	do	
35	Duffy, James ..	24	5	6½	Fair..	Blue . . .	Black . . .	Ireland...	Miner .. .	8	do	do	do	
36	Allen, Charles F.	31	5	8	Fair . . .	Blue	Light ..	N. York.	Farmer...	8	do	do	do	
37	Briggs, Edwin R	24	6	3	Fair	Black. .	Gray	Ohio	Farmer	8	do	do	do	
38	Smith, Henry .	28	5	6½	Fair, .	Blue . . .	Brown	Germany.	Tailor ..	8	do	— Mathews...	do	
39	McNorman, Jas	18	5	8½	Fair, ...	Blue .. .	Brown .	Ireland .	Miner . . .	15	Kirbyville.....	do	do	
40	Howard, William	28	5	8	Fair, ...	Blue ...	Brown ...	Indiana.	Farmer. .	21	do	do	do	
41	Caldwell, C H.....	21	6	6	Fair, ...	Blue	Brown . .	Iowa . ..	Farmer...	March 3	do	do	do	Q M Serg Jan 1, '63
42	Griffin, James.....	37	5	4	Fair, ...	Blue	Gray .. .	England.	Miner ...	3	do	do	do	
43	Moran, John J. .	20	5	8	Fair, ...	Black. . .	Black . . .	Louisiana	Miner ...	8	do	do	do	
44	Lovell, Charles	30	5	6½	Fair, ...	Blue . . .	Brown ..	N. York.	Farmer..	15	do	do	do	Bugler March 15, '62
45	Deannitt John ...	30	5	7½	Fair, ...	Blue . . .	Brown ..	Prussia .	Miner . .	15	do	do	do	
46	King, Nelson W...	28	5	7	Fair, ...	Black. . .	Black, ..	Ohio	Miner . ..	15	do	do	do	
47	Johnson, William	28	5	4½	Fair ...	Blue . . .	Light, ...	Ohio	Miner . .	15	do	do	do	
48	Brown, Samuel...	32	5	11	Fair	Blue	Black, ..	N. York.	Miner .. .	20	do	do	do	
49	Dewey, Lester ...	30	5	11½	Fair	Blue	Black, ...	Vermont	Saddler ..	20	do	do	do	Saddler June 9, '62
50	Mulvany, John	27	5	9	Fair	Blue	Black . . .	Illinois ..	Miner . . .	20	do	do	do	
51	Mulvany, W F . .	30	6	1	Fair	Blue	Black, ...	Kentucky	Farmer . .	20	do	do	do	
52	Bradford, M W	24	5	8	Fair . ..	Blue	Light, ..	Indiana.	Farmer ..	Feb'y 20	do	do	do	
53	Dickerman, C P..	35	5	8	Fair	Blue	Black, .	N. York.	Cooper ..	20	do	....	do	Bugler March 0, '62
54	Paschall, J C	26	5	8½	Fair.. .	Blue	Brown ..	Illinois ...	Miner .. ,	20	do	.. ..	do	
55	Robinson, F E . . .	31	5	10	Fair	Blue . .	Brown . .	Virginia	Miner . .	May 15	do	— Mathews ..	do	
56	Van Camp, Alfred	31	5	6¾	Dark	Black ..	Black, .	Penn'a . .	Farmer...	June 11	do	R A Cowles .	do	
57	Thrush, Natha'el	21	5	9	Light	Blue . . .	Light, .	Iowa ...	Farmer...	Jan. 13	do	do	do	
58	Trimble, Benj'n.	36	5	8	Dark .	Gray	Dark	Illinois . .	Miner	13	do	do	do	
59	Conlin, James .	24	5	11½	Dark	Gray .. .	Dark ...	Ireland...	Teamster	13	do	do	do	T'f'd Lov to Cpt Marsh at W W as des fr USA Aug14'62 Trans to Co C, June 28, '62
60	Vandermarsh, Wm	30	5	10½	Light	Blue	Red, ...	Ohio	Farmer...	20	Roseburg.....	F B White ..	do	
61	Ockington, Geo P	33	5	8½	Light .. .	Blue . .	Fair . .	N Hamp.	Laborer.	25	do	do	do	
62	Davis, George	39	5	6½	Dark . . .	Black.....	Black, ...	New York	Miner	Feb'y 10	Canyonville. .	R A Cowles...	do	
63	Swan, George.....	25	6	6	Light .. .	Blue	Red.....	Ireland ..	Laborer.	13	Oakland	— Underwood	do	
64	Chamberlain, E...	25	5	6¾	Light. . .	Gray .	Auburn .	Vermont	Farmer...	15	do	do	do	
65	Taylor, Milo.....	25	5	6½	Dark .	Gray . .	Black .	Tenness'e	Farmer...	19	do	do	do	

66	Jankins, S M	18	5	9¾	Light	Dark	Red	Iowa.	farmer..	Feb'y 23,	1862.	Oakland	— Underwood	do	Des Sept 27, '62 [12, '63
67	Jankins, Geo. W.	17	5	8½	Light	Blue	Auburn.	Iowa	Farmer...	23		do	do	do	Des Sept 27, '62, re Dec; de Ap
68	Nancy, Abner T.	18	5	6½	Dark	Black,	Black	Missouri.	Farmer..	23		do	do	do	Des Sept 27 '62, re Dec; De'63
69	Miller, Barton	24	5	8¼	Dark.	Black.	Black	Illinois	Farmer...	24		Roseburg	F B White	do	
70	Vinson, John T.	28	5	7½	Light.	Blue	Light	Illinois	Farmer...	25		do	do	do	
71	Vinson, Henry	23	5	9	Light	Gray	Dark	Iowa	Farmer...	27		do	do	do	
72	Sherwood, Warren	43	5	10½	Light	Blue	Auburn.	N. York.	Farmer.	Mar'h	5	Oakland	— Underwood	do	
73	Woodward, Jessee	35	5	11½	Dark	Black	Black	Delaware	Farmer...	Nov	11	Roseburg	F B White.	do	
74	O'Reerdon, N D.	29	5	9½	Light	Gray	Auburn	Virginia.	Farmer...		13	do	do	do	
75	Chapin, George	28	5	8½	Light	Blue	Auburn.	Mass	Farmer...		15	Canyonville	R A. Cowles	do	Died Jy 13 at Jacksonville, O'n
76	Boyles, David R	32	5	10½	Dark	Blue	Dark	Ohio	Farmer...		18	Roseburg	F B White	do	
77	Prouty, C W	18	5	10	Light	Gray	Light	Missouri.	Teacher.		23	Oakland	— Underwood	do	
78	Inman, Stephen	28	5	9½	Fair	Gray	Brown	Michigan	Blacks'th	July	2	Dalles	— Mathews.	do	Des Sept 27 '62, ret'd Dec, 62
79	Hough, James C.	32	6		Fair	Blue	Brown	Virginia.	Bl'ksm'h	Oct'r	30	Fort Lapwil	do	do	Farmer Jan 1, 1863
80	Pond, Chancy G.	26	5	11	Fair.	Blue	Brown	Pennsyl'a	Farmer.	Nov'r	2	do	do	do	
81	Brown, Lawrence									Feb'y	5	do	do	do	

ROSTER

OF

THE MILITARY FORCE

OF

THE STATE OF OREGON,

FOR THE YEAR A. D 1863.

ROSTER OF THE MILITARY FORCE OF THE STATE OF OREGON, FOR THE YEAR A. D, 1863.

NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	DATE OF RANK.	RANK.	RESIDENCE	REMARKS.
Commander-in-Chief:					
His Ex. Addison C Gibbs.				Portland.	
Adjt. Gen. and ex-officio Chief of Staff, Quartermaster Gen. Com. Gen , Inspector Gen., and Chief of Ordnance.					
Cyrus A. Reed.	Nov. 13, 1862	Nov. 13, 1862	Colonel	Salem.	
Judge Advocate:					
Richard Williams	October 17, 1862	October 17, 1862	Colonel	Salem.	
Surgeon General:					
Ralph Wilcox	October 17, 1862	October 17, 1862	Colonel	Hillsboro'	Absent in the northern mines.
Aids-de-Camp:					
L. Powell	October 17, 1862	October 17, 1862	Lieut. Colonel	Salem.	
A. G. Hovey	" "	" "	Lieut. Colonel	Corvallis.	
J. H. Mitchell	" "	" "	Lieut Colonel	Portland.	
D. M. Thompson	" "	" "	Lieut Colonel	Albany.	
Assistant Adjt. Generals:					
Chester N. Terry	February 28, 1863	February 28, 1863	Lieut. Colonel	Salem	Appointed on recommendation of the Adjutant General.
Philip Schuyler	May 1, 1863	May 1, 1863	Major	Portland	Appointed on recommendation of the Adjutant General
James B. Underwood	May 4, 1863	May 4, 1863	Major	Eugene City	Appointed on recommendation of the Adjutant General.
Wm. P. Abrams	May 6, 1863	May 6, 1863	Major	Dalles	Appointed on recommendation of the Adjutant General.
Major General:					
Joel Palmer	October 16, 1863	October 16, 1863	Maj. General Com. Dist	Dayton	Absent in the northern mines. No staff officers appointed or recommended.
Brigadier General:					
E. L. Applegate	October 18, 1862	October 18, 1862	Brig. General	Ashland	Commanding First Brigade. No staff officers recommended or appointed.
Brigadier General:					
Stephen Coffin	October 25, 1862	October 25, 1862	Brig. General	Portland	Commanding Second Brigade.
His Staff					
Assistant Adj't General:					
Philip Wasserman	May 4, 1863	May 4, 1863	Major	Portland.	
Aids-de-Camp:					
Richard Wiley	June 27, 1863	June 27, 1863	Captain	Hillsboro'.	
Chas. H. Hall	June 29, 1863	June 29, 1863	Captain	Portland.	
Brigadier General:					
Orlando Humason	October 17, 1863.	October 17, 1863	Brig. General	Dalles	Commanding Third Brigade.
Staff Officers:					
Assistant Adj't General:					
James A. O'Dell	July 23, 1863	July 23, 1863	Major	Dalles.	
Aids-de-Camp:					
C. K. Meigs	July 23, 1863	July 23, 1863	Captain	Dalles.	
Nathan Olney.	July 24, 1863	July 24, 1863	Captain	Dalles.	

Surgeon.					
ALDEN H. STEEL	July 23, 1863	July 23, 1863	Major	Dalles.	
Officers First Regiment, 1st Brigade:					
JAMES KILGORE	May 5, 1863	May 5, 1863	Colonel	Jacksonville.	Commanding 1st Regiment, 1st Brigade.
					No staff officers have been appointed.
WM. W. FOWLER	May 5, 1863	May 5, 1863	Lieut. Colonel		1st Regiment, 1st Brigade.
					No Major for this Regiment yet appointed.
THOS. J. BEALL	May 30	May 30	Colonel	Roseburg	Commanding 2d Regiment, 1st Brigade.
Staff Officers.					
Regimental Adjutant:					
E. A. LATHROP	August 13, 1863	August 13, 1863	1st Lieutenant	Roseburg	No other staff officers yet appointed.
DANIEL LEVENS	May 30, 1863	May 30, 1863	Lieut. Colonel	Rosebond	Declines to accept.
					No Major appointed.
JOHN V. R. WITT	May 30, 1863	May 30, 1863	Colonel	Josephine County	Commanding 3d Regiment, 1st Brigade. No Lieut. Colonel or Major appointed for this Regiment.
JOHN MCCRAKEN	March 27, 1863	March 27, 1863	Colonel	Portland	Commanding 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade.
His Staff Officers:					
T. BROOKS TREVETT	August 20, 1863	August 20, 1863	1st Lieutenant	Portland	Regimental Adjutant.
CHAS. E. CALEF	August 20, 1863	August 20, 1863	1st Lieutenant	Portland	Assistant Surgeon
DAVID P. THOMPSON	May 11, 1863	August 11, 1863	Lieut. Colonel	Oregon City	1st Regiment, 2d Brigade.
					No further appointments of field or staff in Regiment.
ISAAC R. MOORES	August, 1863	August, 1863	Colonel	Salem	Commanding 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade.
RUFUS MALLORY	August 15, 1863	August 15, 1863	Lieut. Colonel	Salem	Lieut. Colonel, 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade
THEODORE M. THOMPSON	August 11, 1863	August 11, 1863	Major	Dalles.	Major 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade.
					No staff officers commissioned in this Regiment.
GEO. H. BELDEN	April 8, 1863	April 8, 1863	Colonel	Eugene City	Commanding 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade.
Staff Officers.					
Dr. WM. H. HANCHETT	August 3, 1863	August 3, 1863	1st Lieutenant	Eugene City	Assistant Surgeon.
W. H. SMITH	August 1, 1863	August 1, 1863	1st Lieutenant	Eugene City	Regt. Adjutant
THOMAS MONTEITH	July 1, 1863	July 1, 1863	Lieut. Colonel	Albany	Lieut. Colonel, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade. No Major appointed for this Regiment.
1st Regiment, 3rd Brigade:					
WM. LOGAN	July 23, 1863	July 23, 1863	Colonel	Dalles	Commanding 1st Regiment, 3d Brigade.
LAWRENCE COE	July 24, 1863	July 24, 1863	Lieut. Colonel	Dalles	There has been no Staff Officers appointed for Colonel Logan
OTIS S. SAVAGE	July 24, 1863	July 24, 1863	Major	Dalles	
2d Regiment, 3rd Brigade:					
ELI STEWART	July 25, 1863	July 25, 1863	Colonel	Not known to Adj. General	Commanding 2d Regt. 3d Brigade. No Lieut Colonel appointed. No staff officers appointed.
ANDREW J. KANE	July 24, 1863	July 24, 1863	Major		
3d Regiment, 3rd Brigade.					
WM. R. BARK	July 24, 1863	July 24, 1863	Colonel	Auburn	Commanding 3d Regiment, 3d Brigade No Lieut. Colonel appointed No staff officers appointed.
THOS. J. LAWS	July 24, 1863	July 24, 1863	Major	Auburn	

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Rank.	Residence.	Remarks.
Volunteer Companies, 1st Regiment, 1st Brigade.					
Lyon D. Applegate.....	May 25, 1863.....	May 25, 1863	Captain.....	Ashland.....	Commanding Co. A, known as Mountain Rangers. This is a company of cavalry, well mounted; returns a muster roll of 71 men. This company has never been furnished with arms, on account of there being no cavalry arms belonging to this State. (This company is composed of a fine, healthy set of men, and will tell in Oregon's future greatness.)
James Thornton.....	" " "	" " "	1st Lieut....	Ashland.....	
C. F. Blake.....	" " "	" " "	2d Lieut ...	"	

NAMES OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND PRIVATES.

SERGEANTS—N. Leslie Lee, E. B. Applegate, M Nickelson, O. A. Stearns, G. W. Fordyer.

CORPORALS—Eber Emery, Dennis Bishop, Robert Robinson, John M. Mark, Luwellyn Colver.

PRIVATES—Applegate, Oliver C.; Austin, James A.; Anderson, J. M.; Anderson, E. K.; Amerman, H.; Amerman, G. V.; Bunyard, Jesse O.; Baldwin, Wallace; Beeson, William; Brittain, D. P.; Barron, H. F.; Callaway, T. H.; Chandler, I. P.; Darsey, R E.; Devlin, John; Evans, O. P.; Foss, Julius E.; Fox, Heaton; Gruff, Frederic; Holton, John; Hiatt, Lewis; Honnell Morris; Howell, John; Jackson, Charles; Johnson, Wm. D; Johnson, J. M; Jaquette, W. H.; Kline, Charles K. Kentnor, W. W.; Keeley, Thomas R.; Mickelson, Olney; Million, J. B.; Myer, B. F. Nichols, Wm.; Osborne, T J.; Patterson, Wm.; Patterson, John; Rockfellow, A. G.; Rhinehart, E. B.; Rogers, John W.; Root, Charles; Robinson, S. M.; Stafford, G D.; Stewart, Wm.; Stout, Wm. B.; Stearns, Oscar D; Stearnes, N. D.; Sturges, A. W.; Ten Brook, Robert; Tweed, H.; Woodson, James P.; Wagner, Jacob; Wagner, I. M.; Walls, A. J; Williams, Isa.; Williams, Alonzo; Walker, J P. Walker, Minnus. Total, 71.

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Rank.	Residence.	Remarks.
Volunteer Companies in 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade.					
William S. Powell	April 8, 1863.	April 8, 1863.	Captain	East of Portland	Commanding Co. A, 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade. This company organized with 43 men. I understand they have increased their roll to nearly a full company. (This company will give a good account of itself.)
Samuel T Kerns	" " "	" " "	1st Lieut.	" "	
E. B. Dufur	" " "	" " "	2d Lieut.	" "	

THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF NAMES WHO ORGANIZED THE COMPANY.

S. F. Kerns, W. S. Powell, Charles Young, W. B Necklinson, H S. Williams, Eli Williams, John Dolan, Thomas Fitch, J S. Newell, W. P. Hammond, Larkine Brown, John T. Wolfe, Joseph Mann, F. Quirk, James Howe, Arlington Chulpine, George A. Buchanan, George X. Young, George B. Gray, W. W. Cason, J. M. Korn, John Powell, C. H. Hall, Charles Claggett, Peter Terwilliger, Samuel Barr, C. Henry Hill, T. A. Carr, F. G. Hicklin, David Powell, A J Dufur, E. B Dufur, A. J. Dufur, Jr., Napoleon Kennedy, Norman Williams, John W. Wilson, W. M. Royal, B. B Wilmot, Irvine Claggett, James Pomill, Silas W. Dole. Total, 43

ARMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS ISSUED TO SAID COMPANY.

Rifled muskets	60
Cartridge-boxes, with plates	60
Cartridge-box belts, with plates	60
Waist belts, with plates	60
Bayonet scabbards	60
Cap pouches	60
Screw drivers	60
Wipers	60
Ball screws	6
Spring vices	2
Arm chests	3
Ordinary packing boxes	2
Non-commissioned officers' swords	4

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Rank.	Residence.	Remarks.
Volunteer Companies in 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade					
Samuel E May	May 15, 1863	May 16, 1863	Captain	Salem	Commanding Co. A, known as the Marion Rifles, is armed with the rifled muskets, and, under the able Captain commanding, promises to be one of the best drilled companies in the State.
Samuel McRoberts	May 15, 1863	May 15, 1863	1st Lieut.	Salem	
Charles M. Cartwright	May 15, 1863	May 15, 1863	2d Lieut.	Salem	

LIST OF NAMES WHO ORGANIZED SAID COMPANY.

Samuel E May, Samuel McRoberts, Charles M Cartwright, F H Grubbs, T Rowley, P L Willis, C Fenlayson, J C Grubbs, A W McWharter, E Penter, Thomas H Crawford, C N Terry, C A Reed, L F Skiffs, Henry Cummins, J H Huss, P S Knight, O S Dannls, M Roork, J E Owens, J Taylor, A Gesner, John W Gilbert, D H Jones, Thomas Taylor, C G Curl, E A Thatcher, Geo H Reddell, S M Cooke, C P Church, C S Woodworth, C M Parmenter, John O Nicklin, Thos Nicklin, A J Nicklin, J C Cartwright, R Williams, E M Engle, T McF Patton, H M Thatcher, A J Riely, A H Morgan—42 in all.

ARMS AND ACCOUTREMENTS ISSUED TO SAID COMPANY.

Rifled muskets, with bayonets	80
Bayonet scabbards	80
Cartridge boxes, with plates	80
Cartridge box belts, with plates	80
Waist belts, with plates	80
Cap boxes	80
Gun slings	80
Screw drivers	80
Wipers	80
Cone picks	80
Ball screws	8
Spring vices	8

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Rank	Residence.	Remarks
Volunteer Companies in 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade, continued					
Adolphus J. Riely	August 1, 1863.	August 1, 1863.	Captain	Salem	Commanding Co. B, known as the Salem Light Battery. This company is armed with two six-pounder guns, and are intended to act as flying artillery. No swords and accoutrements have yet been furnished the company. This company, when fully manned and armed, will be very effective. (The members now composing this company are a set of daring, resolute fellows, and would not allow their battery taken if the last man perished in the last ditch.)
James Warner	August 1, 1863.	August 1, 1863.	1st Lieut.	Salem	
John Woodbury	August 1, 1863	August 1, 1863.	2d Lieut.	Salem	
					By some informality, the muster roll of this company never reached this office

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank	Rank	Residence	Remarks.
Volunteer Companies in 3d Regiment, 3d Brigade.					
Abram Patterson	July 9, 1863	July 9, 1863	Captain	Eugene City	Commanding Co. A. This company is armed with rifle muskets, and bids fair to rank as one of the first companies in the State. This company has been furnished with 60 rifled muskets, with accoutrements.
John H. McClung	July 9, 1863	July 9, 1863	1st Lieut.	Eugene City	
John L. Luckey	July 9, 1863	July 9, 1863	2d Lieut.	Eugene City	

NAMES OF MEMBERS ENROLLED AT THE ORGANIZATION OF THE COMPANY.

J H Henderson, Joel Ware, O S Parsons, A W Stowell, James M Sharp, Jos T Luckey, John L Luckey, James Luckey, E T Wilson, C H Fox, T J Brattain, M Canaday, P B McCord, S N Luckey, William Smith, J W Atkinson, Marion Smith, N Matting, J Small, P M Curry Jr, J Smith, George Stowell, I M Whittemore, Wm A Moody, Keeler Farrington, W H Morgan, S H Christian, W W Parsons, John W Norwood, J W Newcum, O M Jackman, A S Patterson, W P Gardner, J J Walton Jr, J H Miller, John S Kincaid, Floy G. Vaughn, Wm E Long, Henry Long, C W Clarke, W S Munso, Wm. McVay, Wm H Smith, S G Thompson, R M More Jr.

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Rank.	Residence.	Remarks.
Volunteer Companies in 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade:					
Frederick W. Folsom	June 11, 1863	June 11, 1863	Captain	Lancaster	Commanding Co D, cavalry. This company organized with 46 men, and is represented as being a fine set of men, and, under the command of Capt. Folsom, is becoming quite well drilled, and only wanting in arms to make them what they should be, one of the best companies in the State
Joseph Williamson	June 11, 1863	June 11, 1863	1st Lieut.	Lancaster	
Wm. I. Baker	June 11, 1863	June 11, 1863	2d Lieut	Lancaster	

ENROLLED MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY.

George Marshall, W A Potter, A Summons, John Bentley, Thomas McCord, A J Bushner, E S Adkins, G C Smith, J W Bond, W F Lyons, W H H McClure, J H McClure, J W May, Wm Cummins, Chauncey Cummins, A J Zumalt, Wm A Baker, Henry Gaines, Lester Hulin, D A Johnson, J B Coney, B F Sharfs, F W Folsom, S B Cranston, J J Butler, J A Bushnell, O R Bean, Buman Hylam, J G Phillips, J M Lafferty, James Crow, J B Zumalt, Joseph Williamson, A D Hyland, Wm C Hamilton, S H White, E Wadsworth, B S Hyland, R Davis, J A Pitney, Allen Bond, J C Bushnell, R J Baker, D Watson, W L Tucker. Total, 45.

ROSTER—Continued.

Names.	Date of Commission.	Date of Rank.	Rank.	Residence.	Remarks.
Volunteer Companies in 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade—continued.					
John Rowland	August 4, 1863	August 4, 1863	Captain	Albany	Commanding Co. B, Infantry. This company is recently organized, and have been furnished with the rifle muskets, with appropriate accoutrements.
Archemides Hannan	August 4, 1863	August 4, 1863	1st Lieut.	Near Albany	
Samuel E. Young	August 4, 1863	August 4, 1863	2d Lieut.	Albany	

ENROLLED MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY.

E H Griffin, Thomas Monteith, S E Young, D M Thompson, William Smith, John T Owens, H T Godley, John Rolan, T C Winn, John Foster, Richard Fox, J W Godley, John Briggs, Wm Gray, E N Beade, Ashby Pearce, H N George, O P Thomkins, S M Needham, E G Froeland, Perry Watson, S Althouse, A Hannan, J W Purdam, W H Powell, S H Roberts, Wm Miller, G W Godley, D R Winters, S E Gray, Thomas Ford, Oren Rubarts, James Remkins, C C Godley, J W Metzler, C F Guy, W G Scott, Omer Sylvester, Wm Anderson, George Overman, J George, Nelson Wright, Dr Wm Miller, Wm Rilin, Isaac McClung, T A Riggs, S Cannon, Perry Spinks, E McFarland, J S Powell, T L Ramsay, S G Hammond, Wm McCready, G W Rowland, J W Jordan, Wm Tweedale, Jas Elkins, J J McFarland, Wm Caldwell. Total, 59.

LIST OF ARMS FURNISHED COMPANY.

Rifled muskets, with bayonets	80
Bayonet scabbards	80
Cartridge boxes, with plates	80
Cartridge box belts, with plates	80
Waist belts, with plates	80
Cap boxes	80
Gun slings	80
Screw drivers	80
Wipers	80
Ball screws	8
Cone picks	80
Spring vices	8

TOTAL AMOUNT OF ORDNANCE STORES SECURED AND ISSUED, SHOWING THE AMOUNT ON HAND.

	Cannon.	Rifled Muskets.	Old Muskets.	Cartridge Boxes.	Cartridge box belts with plates.	Waist belts with plates.	Gun Slings.	Bayonet Scabbards.	Cap Boxes.	Cone Picks	Screw Drivers.	Spring Vices.	Ball Screws	Ball Cartridges.
Total amount received from all sources, including the amount from Capt. Corbett,	4	482	205	482	482	482	482	482	482	305	48	48	48	16,000
Total amount issued	4	422	203	422	422	422	422	422	422	305	42	42	42	4,000
Total amount on hand, at Salem, ...	...	60	2	60	60	60	60	60	60		6	6	6	12,000

LIST OF ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES RECEIVED, AND FROM WHOM.

From Whom Received.	Date.	Cannon.	Rifled Muskets	Old Muskets.	Cartridge Boxes.	Cartridge Box Belt Plates.	Cartridge Box Belts.	Cartridge Box Belt Plates	Waist Belts	Waist Belt Plates	Bayonet Scabbards.	Gun Slings.	Cap Boxes.	Cone Picks.	Screw Drivers.	Spring Vices.	Ball Screws.	Ball Cartridges.	
Theodore J. Eckerson	May 20, 1863,	....	400	....	400	400	400	400	400	100	400	400	400	223	400	40	40	10,000	Six-pounder, brass, still in charge County Judge Lane Co.
By persons unknown	April, 1863	...	....	2	..	....	....	...	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	
In the hands of the County Judge, Lane County	.....	1	...	...	....	....	....	...	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	Turned over to Capt. Powell, Co. A, 1st Reg't, 2d Brigade.
H. W. Corbett	.....	...	82	....	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	8	8	.....	Now in charge of same.
County Judge, Jackson Co.	.....	1	...	35	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	..	.....	Muskets in the hands County Judge.
" " Benton Co.	.....	1	...	17	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	..	....	.....	Cannon in hands Salem Light Battery.
" " Clackamas	.....	...	....	40	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	Now in the hands of County Judge
Marion County	.....	1	...	...	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	Turned over to Salem Light Battery.
County Judge, Polk Co.	.....	...	...	36	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	Now in charge of the County Judge.
" " Douglas Co.	.....	....	...	75	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	.....	Now in charge of the County Judge.
Total	.....	4	482	205	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	305	482	48	48	10,000	

——There is quite a number of arms still scattered throughout the State, and not yet collected.

LIST OF ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES ISSUED, AND TO WHOM ISSUED, FOR THE YEAR 1863—TO SEPTEMBER 1ST.

To Whom Issued.	Date.	Ball Screws.	Spring Vices.	Swords.	Cannon.	Muskets.	Rifled Muskets.	Cartridge Boxes.	Cartridge Box Belt Plates.	Cartridge Box Plates.	Waist Belt Plates.	Bayonet Scabbards.	Gun Slings.	Cap Boxes.	Cone Picks.	Screw Drivers.	Ball Cartridges.	
Marion Rifles	June 5, 1863.	8	8				80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	1,000	
Co A, 3d Regiment, 2d Brig	June 5, 1863.	8	8				80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	1,000	
Co. B, " "	August, 1863.	8	8				80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	1,000	
Co. A, 1st " "	May, 1863.	8	8	4			82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	1,000	
County Judge, Multnomah consent to be issued to new Co now being organized	Sept'r 2, 1862.	10	10				100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		100		
Salem Light Battery					2													
County Judge, Lane County,					1													Never removed from his charge.
" Jackson "					1	35												" " "
" Benton "						17												" " "
" Clackamas "						40												" " "
" Polk "						30												" " "
" Douglas "						75												" " "
	Total	42	42	4	4	203	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	422	322	422	4,000	
Co. A, 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade over charged		2	2				20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20		This amount is still in the hands of Captain Corbett.
		40	40	4	4	203	402	402	402	402	402	402	402	402	302	402	4,000	

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT.

FOR THE YEAR 1864.

GENERAL HEAD-QUARTERS, STATE OF OREGON,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SALEM, September, 1864.

To His Excellency Addison C. Gibbs, Governor of the State of Oregon:

SIR—I have the honor to submit herewith the annual report of this office, showing—

FIRST—SCHEDULE A.

A roster of the commissioned officers of the First Regiment of Cavalry Oregon Volunteers, mustered into the United States service, together with the number of enlisted men, and the condition of the regiment at the present date; also the casualties of the regiment during the past year as per reports on file in this office, and an appendix showing the number of veteran volunteers.

SCHEDULE B.

A roster of the commissioned officers of the detachment of cavalry raised for four months' service, under proclamation of Governor Gibbs, per request of Brigadier General B. Alvord, under date of June 10th, 1864, together with the names of the enlisted men.

THIRD—SCHEDULE C.

A report of the Division Oregon Militia, for the year 1864.

FOURTH—SCHEDULE D.

A condensed statement of the enrolled militia of the State, including the report of the enrollment by Captain J. M. Keeler, Provost Marshal.

FIFTH—SCHEDULE E.

A statement showing the total amount of arms, ammunition, ordnance and ordnance stores in possession of the State, and the amount received, issued and remaining on hand.

SIXTH—SCHEDULE F.

A report of the military board of auditors of the state of Oregon.

While the government of the United States is engaged in quelling a rebellion of such magnitude as to cause the nation to shake to its very foundation, Oregon remains in a comparative peaceful condition.

The state is, however, alive to the vast interests at stake in the present struggle. During the past year, no state, comparatively, can show a record more fully devoted to the sustenance of the American government.

While the geographical position of this state denies the possibility of active co-operation with the army, it does not prevent its offering to the disabled and wounded soldier its many luxuries.

The state has raised for its general defense, but more particularly to prevent the incursion of Indians, a volunteer regiment of cavalry, which has been duly mustered into the service of the United States for a period of three years.

During the past year, the troublesome nature of the Snake tribe of Indians has rendered it necessary for the protection of life and property that this regiment should take the field against them.

On the 18th day of May, 1864, an engagement occurred on Crooked river, Oregon, between detachments of companys "B" and "D" and a party of Indians, in which the lamented Stephen Watson, second-lieutenant company "B," and privates James Markinson and Bennett Kennedy were killed.

The trouble from this quarter increasing, it was deemed necessary by the commanding general, Brigadier General B. Alvord, to call for an additional force of men to serve for a period of four months.

Under this order Lieutenant Olney succeeded in raising forty men, who were duly mustered into the United States service and ordered to the field.

In my report for 1863, I called your attention to the extreme low pay received by the soldiers serving in this state, and I would now most earnestly recommend that the Legislature, now about to convene, take this matter in hand and pass some law that will result in benefiting those soldiers, and be an inducement for other volunteers, should their services be required. California passed a relief bill for her volunteers in 1863, paying five dollars a month to each volunteer in addition to their regular pay.

In addition to an increase of pay per month to our volunteers, a bounty should be offered authorizing money or lands to be granted, corresponding to the bounties offered by other States to their volunteers.

The three years' term of the First Regiment Cavalry Oregon Volunteers expires in the month of March next, and owing to the present indications of Indian hostilities, as large a force, or even larger than we now have, will be demanded from Oregon, and some additional inducement must be held out, or it will become necessary to resort to drafting, in order to protect the lives and property of our own citizens.

That the citizens of Oregon are in favor of some law for the relief of our soldiers, and to offer further inducements for others to volunteer, is manifest in the liberal way they have voluntarily taxed themselves, in the way of donations to the Sanitary cause.

Should it become necessary to raise a force for a short period, as in the case of the four months' men commanded by Lieutenant Olney, I am of opinion that the volunteer militia companies now organized could be relied on almost to a man, provided they could be allowed to serve under the provisions of the militia

law of this state and I would recommend this plan to your Excellency, should occasion require it, for several reasons:

First—It would give our citizen soldiers that drill and discipline that could not be obtained otherwise.

Second—It would show an object for military organizations, and stimulate our patriotic citizens to continue the same.

Third—It would give them confidence in themselves, as a people, for self-protection.

You will see by referring to my report for 1863, that only seven companes had organized under the law. Now there are sixteen, having more than doubled in the past year. More companies would undoubtedly have organized could suitable arms been furnished. Many organized companies are without arms now, or only partially supplied. This defect is a most serious drawback to all military organizations, and must be remedied

Congress should be memorialized by our legislature, and our senators and representatives should be instructed to give this matter their utmost attention, for it will be impossible to keep up any military organization for any considerable length of time without arms; and I would also recommend, that our militia law be so amended that our volunteer companies can be fully supplied, not only with arms but full quota of tents and camp equipage and, if possible, uniforms, which uniforms should belong to the state, and commanders of companies made accountable therefor. The law should also be so amended, that rations for men, and forage for horses, should be furnished for military review, more especially for brigade review, on account of many companies having to travel a distance of sixty or seventy miles, which renders it very inconvenient and expensive to the soldier.

It is hoped that the tents and camp equipage now being procured by the military board of auditors for our organized companies, will prove of service and add new interest to those companies; yet as it will become necessary to pay for those articles out of the military fund, thereby depleting it, fears may be entertained that the pay of companies who have complied with the requirements of the law may have to be very much curtailed, and thereby prove a source of discouragement to them.

According to the returns made by the assessors, of the enrolled militia of this state, we have eleven thousand one hundred and ninety-two persons liable to military duty, and according to the enrollment made by the provost marshal of Oregon, (an abstract of which has been kindly furnished this office by Captain Keeler,) there are fourteen thousand nine hundred and fifty-seven persons liable to military duty and subject to the military tax, which, if paid, would raise a revenue amounting to twenty or twenty-five thousand dollars, which would have been sufficient had the poll tax been paid in accordance with the rolls now on file in this office, to defray the expenses attending the organization throughout the state.

I would recommend that the law be so amended that the assessor shall be made collector at the time in which he makes the assessment, and that the counties be made accountable for this tax, in the usual way it is for its civil tax.

The importance of a well organized militia is becoming more and more apparent through the United States, as the rebellion continues to exist.

Almost every state has amended its law to make the militia more effective, and it is hoped Oregon will continue in this work, so successfully begun, until we have an organization that shall be equal to any emergency.

In December, 1862, a general order was issued by command of your Excellency, to the several county judges of this state, directing them to call in the arms belonging to the state and in the hands of citizens.

In compliance with this order, the county judges proceeded to call in the arms in their respective counties, and have reported the result to this office, with the exception of Marion county.

Up to this date, no official information has been received why the judge of Marion county has thus failed to obey this order.

It is well known that many valuable arms belonging to the state are in the hands of citizens.

The military review which took place September 18th, 1863, at the state fair, is sufficient proof that we have a laudable military element in Oregon, which time and proper attention will develop, and though no company present had been organized ten months, yet such efficiency was shown in the manual of arms and in company movements, as would do credit to veteran soldiers, and much credit is due to commanders of companies for their untiring energy, producing in so short a period such good discipline.

On account of the extra amount of work in connection with this office at this season of the year, and in making up my annual report for the year 1864, I have employed clerk hire to the amount of thirty dollars, which amount I would respectfully recommend to be paid by special appropriation by the legislature, or from the military fund.

The staff and field officers throughout the state have shown a disposition to do all that could be done to promote the organization of companies—many of them having joined the ranks, and cheered with their presence the company drills. This has reference most particularly to the 2d brigade.

In the 1st and 3d brigades, it is presumed that the nature of the population (being mostly mining,) is the reason why no more companies have been organized.

And, in conclusion, I may add that the most pleasant relations have existed in all my officiail ntercourse, not only with your Excellency, but with the entire commissioned officers throughout the state, and hoping continuance of the same in future,

I am, sir,

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

CYRUS A. REED, *Adjutant General.*

A

ROSTER OF THE 1st REGIMENT OF CAVALRY OREGON VOLUNTEERS—1864.

FIELD AND STAFF.

NAME.	RANK.	STATION	REMARKS.
R. F. Maury	Colonel	Fort Boise, I T.	Commanding Regiment.
Chas. S. Drew	Lieut. Colonel	Fort Klamath, Oregon.	Commanding Post.
J. S. Rinearson	Major	Fort Dalles, Oregon.	
Sewell Truax	Major	Fort Lapwai, I T.	
Frank B. White	Adjutant	Fort Boise, I. T.	
Wm. H. Watkins	Surgeon	Fort Vancouver, W. T	
Horace Carpenter	Assist Surgeon	Fort Yamhill, Oregon.	
Jesse Robinson	Regiment Qr Master	Fort Boise, I. T	
Seth R. Hammer	Regiment Com.	Fort Lapwai, I. T.	

COMPANY A.

Name.	Rank.	Station
W. V. Rinehart	Captain	In the field
John W. Hopkins	1st Lieutenant	Fort Vancouver, W. T
Silas Pepoon	2d Lieutenant	In the field

In active service with Captain Curry's expedition into the Indian country, against the Snake tribe of Indians.

Number of commissioned officers	3
Number of enlisted men	63
Aggregate	66

COMPANY B.

Name.	Rank	Station
R. S. Caldwell	Captain	Fort Vancouver, W. T.
Charles Hobart	1st Lieutenant	Fort Boise, I. T.
	2d Lieutenant	

This company is stationed at Fort Vancouver, W. T.

The vacancy of 2d Lieutenant is caused by the death of 2d Lieutenant Stephen Watson, (on detached service with Captain Drake's expedition,) who was killed in action with the Snake Indians on Crooked River, Oregon, on the 18th of May, 1864.

Number of commissioned officers	2
Number of enlisted men	69
Aggregate	71

COMPANY C.

Name.	Rank.	Station.
William Kelley	Captain	Fort Klamath, Oregon
D. C. Underwood	1st Lieutenant	Fort Klamath, Oregon
Patrick McGuire	2d Lieutenant	Cape Disappointment.

This company is stationed at Fort Klamath, Oregon.

Number of commissioned officers	3
Number of enlisted men	87
Aggregate	90

COMPANY D.

Name.	Rank	Station
John M. Drake	Captain	In the field
John M. McCall	1st Lieutenant	In the field
James A Waymire	2d Lieutenant	In the field

This company is attached to Captain Drake's expedition against the Snake Indians A detachment of twenty-six men, under command of 1st Lieut J. M. McCall, 1st Cavalry, Oregon Volunteers, marched from camp at forks of Crooked river, May 17th, 1864, at 9½ A M., to attack a camp of Snake Indians. The attack was made in connection with a detachment of "B" Company, under command of 2d Lieut. Watson, at daylight on the morning of May 18th, in which Lieut Watson and privates Kennedy and Markinson, of "B" Company, were killed, and five privates wounded

Number of commissioned officers	3
Number of enlisted men	71
Aggregate	74

COMPANY E.

Name	Rank	Station
George B Curry	Captain	In the field
John T Apperson	1st Lieutenant	Fort Dalles.
James L. Curry	2d Lieutenant	In the field

This company is in active service in Captain Curry's expedition against the Snake tribe of Indians

Commissioned officers	3
Enlisted men	37
Total	40

COMPANY F.

Name.	Rank.	Station
Wm. I. Mathews	Captain	Fort Lapwai, I. T
James L. Steel	1st Lieutenant	Fort Lapwai, I T
John Bowen	2d Lieutenant	In the field.

This company is stationed at Fort Lapwai, I T.
Lieut. Bowen is on detached service with Captain Curry's expedition, per special orders

Commissioned officers	3
Enlisted men	56
Aggregate	59

COMPANY G.

Name.	Rank.	Station.
Henry C. Small	Captain	In the field.
William M. Hand	1st Lieutenant	In the field.
John F. Noble	2d Lieutenant	In the field.

This company is in active service with Captain Drake's expedition against the Snake Indians.

Commissioned officers	3
Enlisted men	72
Aggregate	75

Total commissioned officers	29
Total enlisted men	455
Aggregate	489

VETERAN VOLUNTEERS FOR THE FIRST REGIMENT OF CAVALRY, OREGON VOLUNTEERS.

Company.	Regiment.	Number
Company A	1st Oregon Cavalry	1
Company B	1st Oregon Cavalry	9
Company C	1st Oregon Cavalry	12
Company E	1st Oregon Cavalry	4
Company D	1st Oregon Cavalry	13
Company F	1st Oregon Cavalry	2
	Total	41

B

DETACHMENT OF CAVALRY UNITED STATES VOLUNTEERS, MUSTERED INTO SERVICE FOR FOUR MONTHS.

Detachment of Cavalry United States' Volunteers, called into the service of the United States by authority of the War Department, dated June 24th, 1864, from the 12th day of July, 1864, to serve to the 1st day of November, 1864, unless sooner discharged.

No.	Name	Rank	Age	Residence.	Period
1	Olney, Nathan	1st Lieutenant	39	Dalles	4 Months.
1	Olney, Orville	2d Lieutenant	32	"	"
1	Anzier, Pierre	Private	45	Washington Territory	"
2	Arquoitt, M	"	31	Wasco County	"
3	Brown, Charles L	"	21	Canon City	"
4	Butts, Wm W	"	23	Washington Territory	"
5	Barrett, Jerry J	"	31	Canon City	"
6	Blacker, J H	"	32	Washington Territory	"
7	Baptiste, Chas	"	21	Marion County	"
8	Baldridge, H	"	18	Wasco County	"
9	Cate, Andrew J	"	20	Canon City	"
10	Conturier, Wm	"	25	Dalles	"
11	Dunbar, E G	"	27	Canon City	"
12	Davis, John	"	33	Dalles	"
13	Dolon, Orren	"	26	"	"
14	Finch, Amos F	"	36	Canon City	"
15	Fox, Charles C	"	18	"	"
16	Gray, Joseph M	"	28	Dalles	"
17	Hall, John	"	19	"	"
18	Harper, Charles	"	27	Baker County	"
19	Haniger, C	"	36	Dalles	"
20	Haines, Isaac H	"	27	"	"
21	Hilborn, Ralph	"	31	"	"
22	Johnson, Samuel	"	26	"	"
23	McIntosh, A	"	31	"	"
24	Mallory, W E	"	28	"	"
25	McRay, Donald	"	25	Wasco County	"
26	Minor, Thomas T	"	36	Portland	"
27	Nichols, W W	"	33	Cascades	"
28	Pah, Frank	"	21	Portland	"
29	Russell, Wm	"	21	Dalles	"
30	Reynolds, A F	"	27	"	"
31	Smith, Alex	"	18	Washington County	"
32	Smith, P S	"	25	Dalles	"
33	Smith, Geo H	"	21	Walla Walla	"
34	Smith, Jas W	"	21	Washington County	"
35	Sero, Joseph	"	36	Dalles	"
36	St Martin, P	"	25	Olympia	"
37	Stubbe, Fred'k	"	33	Canon City	"
38	Teeter, N C	"	27	Cascades	"
39	Troy, David	"	24	Dalles	"
40	Weishaar, Jos	"	29	"	"

C

DIVISION OF OREGON MILITIA.

ROSTER OF THE MILITARY FORCE OF THE STATE OF OREGON.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
Gov. A C Gibbs	Commander-in-Chief	Portland.
Cyrus A Reed	Colonel Adjutant General	Salem.
Chester N Terry	Lieut. Colonel Assist A General	Salem.
Philip Schuyler	Major and A A General	Portland.
J B Underwood	Major and A A General	Eugene City.
Wm P Abrams	Major and A A General	Dalles City.
Richard Williams	Colonel Judge Advocate General.	Salem.
Ralph Wilcox	Colonel Surgeon General	Hillsboro.

AIDS-DE-CAMP.

L Powell	Lieut Colonel	Salem.
A G Hovey	do	Corvallis.
J H Mitchell	do	Portland.
David M Thompson	do	Albany.

MAJOR GENERAL.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
Joel Palmer	Major General	Dayton.
	Lieut Colonel	
Criss Taylor	Assist A General	Portland

AIDS-DE-CAMP.

Henry Warren	Major	Lafayette.
Thomas Charman	do	Oregon City.
Lorenzo Palmer	do	Dayton.
	Lieut Colonel and Surgeon	

FIRST BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
Elisha L Applegate	Brigadier General	
	Major and A A General	
	Capt and Aid-de-Camp	
	" "	
	Major and Surgeon	

FIRST REGIMENT, FIRST BRIGADE.

Name	Rank.	Residence.
James C Tolman	Colonel	Jacksonville
William W Fowler	Lieut Colonel	
	Major	
	Adjutant	
	Assist Surgeon	
	Sergt Major	

COMPANY A.

Ivon D Applegate	Captain	Ashland.
James Thornton	1st Lieutenant	do
C F Blake	2d Lieutenant	do

SECOND REGIMENT, FIRST BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence
Thomas J Beall	Colonel	Roseburg
David S Ransom	Lieut Colonel	Roseburg.
	Major	
E A Lathrop.	Adjutant	Roseburg.
	Assistant Surgeon	
	Sergt Major	

THIRD REGIMENT, FIRST BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
John V. R. Witt	Colonel	Josephine county.
	Lieut. Colonel	
	Major	
	Adjutant	
	Assistant Surgeon	
	Sergeant Major	

SECOND BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
Stephen Coffin	Brigadier General	Portland.
Philip Wasserman	Major and A. A. General	Portland.
Richard Wiley	Captain and Aid-de-Camp	Hillsboro.
Charles H. Hall	Captain and Aid-de-Camp	Portland.
	Major and Surgeon	

FIRST REGIMENT, SECOND BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
John McCraken	Colonel	Portland.
David P. Thompson	Lieut. Colonel	Oregon City.
	Major	
T. Brooks Trevitt	Adjutant	Portland.
Charles E. Calef	Assistant Surgeon	Portland.
	Sergeant Major	

COMPANY A.

W. S. Powell	Captain	Near Portland.
Samuel T. Kerns	1st Lieutenant	Near Portland.
Charles H Hill	2d Lieutenant	Near Portland.

COMPANY B.

Charles S. Mills	Captain	Portland.
William G. Young	1st Lieutenant	Portland.
T. B Borst	2d Lieutenant	Portland.

COMPANY C.

E. G. Randall	Captain	Portland.
Thomas A. Davis	1st Lieutenant	Portland.
Mark A King	2d Lieutenant	Portland.

COMPANY D.

F. C. Paine	Captain	Portland.
A. Rosenheim	1st Lieutenant	Portland.
S. Bergman	2d Lieutenant	Portland.

SECOND REGIMENT, SECOND BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
Isaac R. Moores	Colonel	Salem.
Rufus Mallory	Lieutenant Colonel	Salem.
T. M. Thompson	Major	Dalles.
Charles M. Cartwright	Adjutant	Salem.
	Assistant Surgeon	
	Sergeant Major	

COMPANY A.

Samuel E May	Captain	Salem.
Leroy S. Dyar	1st Lieutenant	Salem.
Charles M. Cartwright	2d Lieutenant	Salem.

COMPANY B.

C. P. Crandall	Captain	Salem.
James Warner	1st Lieutenant	Salem.
Milton R. Cox	2d Lieutenant	Salem.

COMPANY C.

John Cullen	Captain	Lafayette.
G. R. Duvan	1st Lieutenant	Lafayette.
Fred A. Crawford	2d Lieutenant	Lafayette.

COMPANY D.

I. M. Butler	Captain	Dallas.
Newman Garwood	1st Lieutenant	Dallas.
Asa Shreve	2d Lieutenant	Dallas.

THIRD REGIMENT, SECOND BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
Thomas Monteith	Colonel	Albany.
F W Folsom	Lieut Colonel	Eugene City.
John Rowland	Major.	Albany.
Wm H Smith	Adjutant	Eugene City.
Dr W H Hanchett	Assist Surgeon	do
George Marshall	Sergt Major	do
COMPANY A.		
William Smith	Captain	Eugene City
John H McClung	1st Lieutenant	do
John L Lucky	2d Lieutenant	do
COMPANY B.		
	Captain	
Archimedes Hannon	1st Lieutenant	Albany.
Samuel E Young	2d Lieutenant	do
COMPANY C		
Wm J Shipley	Captain	Corvallis
F Stillson	1st Lieutenant	do
E Allen	2d Lieutenant	do
COMPANY D.		
	Captain	
George W Larrison	1st Lieutenant	
Allen Bond	2d Lieutenant.	
COMPANY E.		
Stephen Rigdon	Captain	Near Eugene City.
Wm H Kelsey	1st Lieutenant	do
S H Saylor	2d Lieutenant	do
COMPANY F.		
Albert S Powers	Captain	
J M Evans	1st Lieutenant,	
J McLeon	2d Lieutenant	

THIRD BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank	Residence.
Orlando Humason	Brigadier General.	Dalles City.
James A Odell	Major and A A General	do
C R Meigs	Captain and Aid-de-Camp	do
Nathan Olney	do do	do
Dr Alden H Steele	Major and Surgeon	do

FIRST REGIMENT, THIRD BRIGADE.

Name	Rank	Residence
William Logan	Colonel	Dalles City.
Lawrence W Coe	Lieut Colonel	do
Otis S Savage	Major	do
	Adjutant	
	Assist Surgeon	
	Sergt Major	

COMPANY A.

Charles White	Captain	Dalles City
E F Humason	1st Lieutenant	do
M P Gillam	2d Lieutenant	do

SECOND REGIMENT, THIRD BRIGADE.

Name	Rank	Resident.
Eli Stewart	Colonel	Upper Umatilla Landing.
	Lieut Colonel	
Andrew J Kane	Major	
I W Case	Adjutant	do
John Teel	Assist Surgeon	do
	Sergt Major	

THIRD REGIMENT, THIRD BRIGADE.

Name.	Rank.	Residence.
W R Park	Colonel	Auburn.
John H Stevens	Lieut Colonel	La Grande
Thomas G Law	Major	
W J VanSchuyver	Adjutant	Auburn.
E A Stockton	Assist Surgeon	Auburn.
	Sergt Major	

D

ENROLLED MILITIA OF THE STATE OF OREGON.

1	Jackson County	832
2	Josephine "	411
3	Curry "	90
4	Douglas "	863
5	Coos "	134
6	Lane "	719
7	Linn "	1195
8	Benton "	348
9	Polk "	612
10	Marion "	1123
11	Clackamas "	597
12	Yamhill "	510
13	Tillamook "	37
14	Multnomah "	1599
15	Washington "	458
16	Columbia "	77
17	Clatsop "	104
18	Wasco "	249
19	Umatilla "	350
20	Baker "	878
	Total.	11,192

THE ENROLLMENT OF OREGON—PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL'S REPORT.

Sub-District.	County.	No. Enrolled.
1	Jackson	918
2	Josephine	381
3	Curry	79
4	Douglas	852
5	Coos	177
6	Lane	960
7	Linn	1491
8	Benton	608
9	Polk	598
10	Marion	1476
11	Clackamas	732
12	Yamhill	698
13	Tillamook	41
14	Multnomah	1831
15	Washington	638
16	Columbia	118
17	Clatsop	164
18	Wasco	1800
19	Umatilla	552
20	Baker	843
	Total	14,957

E.

ARMS, AMMUNITION, ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.

RECEIVED.	Cannon.	Rifle muskets.	Old muskets.	Cartridge boxes	Cartridge-box belts.	Cartridge-box belt plates	Waist-belts.	Waist-belt plates	Bayonet-scabbards.	Cap-boxes	Gun-slings.	Cone-picks.	Screw-drivers	Spring-vices.	Ball-screws	Ball cartridges.	Sabres	Sabre-belts.	Sabre-belt plates.	Yagers.
Theodore J. Eckerson		400		400	400	400	400	400	400	482	400	223	400	40	40	16,000				
Persons unknown			2																	
Judge Lane County	1																			
H. W. Corbett		82		82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	82	8	8					
Judge Jackson County	1		35																	
" Benton "	1		17																	
" Clackamas "			40																	
" Marion "	1																			
" Polk "			36																	
" Douglas "			75																	
" Multnomah "																				23
Gov. A. C. Gibbs																	360	360	360	
Total	4	482	205	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	305	482	48	48	16,000	360	360	360	23

ARMS, AMMUNITION, ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES—Continued.

TO WHOM ISSUED.	Cannon	Rifle muskets	Old muskets.	Cartridge boxes	Cartridge-box belts.	Cartridge-box belt-plates.	Waist belts.	Waist-belt plates.	Bayonet scabbards.	Cap boxes	Gun slings	Coue picks.	Screw drivers.	Spring vices.	Ball screws.	Ball cartridges.	Sabres.	Sabre belts	Sabre-belt plates	Yagers.
Co A, 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade		80		80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	8	8	1,000				
Co. A, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade		60		60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	6	6	1,000				
Co. B, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade		80		80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	8	8	2,000				
Co. A, 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade		60		60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	6	6	3,000				
H W. Corbett		22		22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	2	2					23
Judge Multnomah county																				
Co. C, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade		60		60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	6	6	1,000				
Co. B, 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade	2																40	40	40	
Co. B, 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade		60		60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	6	6	1,000				
Co. C, 1st Regiment, 2d Brigade		60		60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	6	6	1,000				
Judge Lane county	1																			
Judge Jackson county	1		35																	
Judge Benton county			17																	
Judge Clackamas county			40																	
Judge Polk county			36																	
Judge Douglas county			75																	
Co, A, 1st Regiment, 1st Brigade																	60	60	60	
Co. D, 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade																	50	50	50	
Co. C, 2d Regiment, 2d Brigade																	60	60	60	
Co. D, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade																	50	50	50	
Co. E, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade																	50	50	50	
Co. F, 3d Regiment, 2d Brigade																	50	50	50	
Total	4	482	205	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	482	48	48	10,000	360	360	360	23

ARMS, AMMUNITION, ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES—Continued.

	Recen'd	Issued	Remai'g on hand.
Cannon	4	4	
Rifle muskets	482	482	
Old muskets	205	205	
Cartridge boxes	482	482	
Cartridge-box belts	482	482	
Cartridge-box belt-plates	482	482	
Waist belts	482	482	
Waist-belt plates	482	482	
Gun slings	482	482	
Bayonet scabbards	482	482	
Cap boxes	482	482	
Cone picks	305	305	
Screw drivers	482	482	
Spring vices	48	48	
Ball screws	48	48	
Ball cartridges	16,000	10,000	6,000
Sabres	360	360	
Sabre belts	360	360	
Sabre-belt plates	360	360	
Yagers	23	23	

ABSTRACT OF DISBURSEMENTS FOR 1863–4.

DATE.	NAMES.	AMOUNT.
1863.	J. Brown, cleaning room, &c	$ 7 00
May 20	A. J. Riely's bill, packing guns	5 00
" 21	Jones, Reed & Co's bill, boxes for ordnance	7 75
" 25	A. B Shoemaker's bill, cleaning guns	10 50
June 8	Andrew Simmons' bill, hauling arms from Salem to Oregon City	20 00
" 15	J. L. Parrish & Co, blank books	48 00
" 15	N. O Parrish & Co., bill stationery	6 50
" 15	Matheney & Wright, bill wharfage	4 00
" 16	M. S. McCarty's bill, freight on ordnance	2 00
July 1	C. Adams & Co's bill, drayage	13 38
" 7	M. S. McCarty's bill, freight on ordnance	1 00
August —	Oregon Statesman, printing blanks	79 00
" 28	J. L. Parrish & Co, "Boy Soldier," (books)	16 67
" 28	N. O. Parrish & Co's bill, stationery	39 75
" 24	A. J. Riley's bill for hauling cannon	16 00
September 3	John Hamilton's bill, postage	11 88
December 28	N. O Parrish & Co's bill, stationery	6 09
1864.		
March 7	C. Adams & Co., drayage	3 75
" 8	Steamer Rival, freight on sabres	12 65
" 8	Steamer Enterprise, freight on 4 packages	9 00
" 9	Steamer Enterprise, freight on 4 packages	13 50
" 14	Steamer Onward, freight on 3 packages	1 00
" 15	N. O. Parrish & Co., stationery	8 50
		$342 92

Other disbursements of the military fund do not appear on file in my office, on account of being disbursed by the governor in person.

F

MILITARY BOARD OF AUDITORS.

SALEM, OREGON,
January 8th, 1864.

A meeting of the board of military auditors was held at the office of the adjutant general; and the whole board being present, Gov. A. C. Gibbs called the board to order.

On motion of C. A. Reed,

The seal of office, procured by the secretary of state, was adopted.

On motion of S E May,

The pay roll, or return, as reported by Capt W. S. Powell, co A, 1st reg., 2d brigade Oregon volunteer militia, was adopted, and ordered to be paid at the rate of two dollars per day to each man for each day's service rendered.

On motion of the same,

The return of Capt. A J. Riely's company, (co. B, 2d reg, 2d brigade,) was adopted, and ordered to be paid in like manner.

On motion of C. A. Reed,

The return of Capt S E. May's company, (co. A, 2d reg., 2d brigade,) was adopted, and ordered to be paid in like manner.

On motion of S. E May,

The return of Capt. Rowland's company, (co B, 3d reg, 2d brigade,) was adopted, and ordered to be paid in like manner.

On motion of S E. May,

It was ordered, that a warrant be drawn on the state treasurer, in favor of the captains of the preceding companies for the amounts due them, to be paid over to the men by their respective captains.

On motion,

The following bills were audited, and ordered to be paid:

Pittock & Co., bill for advertising call for organization of co. A, 1st reg., 2d brigade,.....	$ 2 50
C. H. Dray's bill for hauling tents from Fort Yamhill to Salem and back,.....	30 00

J. M. Pomeroy's bill for repairing cannon,.....	$ 7 00
J. B. Emery's bill do. do.	17 50
Benj. Strang's bill for camp equipage,.....	57 00
J. H. & I. R. Moores,.....	39 25
J. H. & I. R. Moores' bill for powder,.....	10 00
Capt. A. J. Riely's bill, paid for horse hire for cannon,.....	96 00

On motion,

The premiums awarded the several companies, during the review at the state fair, was ordered paid, as follows:

Capt. S. E. May's company,.....	$75 00
Capt. W. S. Powell's do.	40 00
Capt. A. J. Riely's do.	75 00

On motion,

It was ordered, that an order of two hundred and fifty-five and 50-100 dollars be drawn on the treasury in favor of C. A. Reed, for one and one-half months extra service in obeying call of the governor, January 8th, 1863, for the purpose of establishing recruiting offices, and in organizing military companies throughout the state.

On motion,

It was ordered, that an order of three hundred dollars be drawn on the state treasurer, in favor of W. H. Shields, for services as clerk, and assistant adjutant general, at Portland, for the term of three months.

On motion,

The adjutant general was authorized to procure suitable blanks for the use of the state militia and his office.

On motion,

The board of auditors adjourned, *sine die*.

[Signed] A. C. GIBBS, *President*.

[Signed] C. A. REED, *Secretary*.

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

OREGON STATE LIBRARY,
Salem, September 13, 1864.

To the honorable legislature of the state of Oregon:

In compliance with the requirements of an act entitled an "an act for the appointment of a librarian and defining his duties," approved October 17, 1860, the librarian herewith transmits his biennial report:

BOOKS NOW IN THE LIBRARY.

	No Vols.
Acts of Alabama.	3
Acts of Assembly at Wheeling, 1861-2	1
Acts of Indiana.	3
Acts of Kentucky, 1855 to 1864	9
Acts of Louisiana	7
Acts of Massachusetts, 1856.	2
Acts of Assembly of Virginia.	2
Acts of South Carolina	3
Acts of Texas	1
American state papers	35
Army Regulations, 1857	2
Army Tactics, Hardee's	1
Architect, Benjamine	1
Arms, small, U S	17
Adams, John, Life and Works of	2
Archives of Pennsylvania.	12
Agricultural Society of New Hampshire	3
Agricultural Society of Kentucky	1
Agricultural Society of California	1
Agricultural Society of Wisconsin	2
Agricultural Society of Michigan	1
Agricultural Society of Connecticut	3
Agricultural Society of Illinois	1
Agricultural Report of Ohio.	6
Agricultural Report of Maine.	3
Agency, Story on.	1
Bible, German	1
Bills of Exchange, Story on.	1
Contracts, Story on.	2
Conflict of Laws, Story on	1
Constitution, Story on the	2
Commentaries, Kent's.	4
Commentaries, Sharswood's, Blackstone's	2
Corporations, Angell & Ameson	1
Code, Howard's New York	1
Code, Maryland Pub. Gen	1
Code, Maryland Pub. Local	1
Code, Mississippi Revised	1
Code, Texas	1
Code, North Carolina Revised	3
Code, Tennessee	1
Congressional Globe	18
Catalogue, New York State Library	2
Catalogue, Massachusetts State Library	1
Catalogue, California State Library	1
Census of Iowa, 1856.	1
Colonial Records of Pennsylvania	16
Colonial Records of Rhode Island	1
Colonial Records of Connecticut.	1
Colonial Records of New Haven	1
Colonial Records of Plymouth.	2
Exploring Expedition, Wilkes'.	1
Dictionary, Bouvier's Law	2
Digest of New York Reports.	3

Digest, Abbott's New York
Digest of Maine Reports, Virgin
Digest, Purdon's
Digest, Mimt's
Digest, Mimt's Supplement
Digest of the Laws of the United States, Brightly's
Digest of the Laws of New Jersey, Nixon's
Digest, Texas
Digest of the Laws of Texas, Oldham & White
Digest, Iowa, Dillon
Digest, Bell's
Digest of the Statutes of Arkansas
Digest, Connecticut, 1858
Digest, U. S Supplement
Digest, Freeman's Illinois
Forms, Seaton's
Geological Survey of Kentucky
Geology of Vermont
Geology of Wisconsin
Geology of Arkansas
History of Indians of United States
Industry of Massachusetts, 1855
Infidelity, its prospec's and causes
Institutes, Bouvier's
Jurisprudence, Story's Equity
Jefferson's Complete Works
Laws of New Jersey
Laws of Pennsylvania
Laws of Maryland
Laws of Illinois
Laws of Georgia
Laws of Missouri
Laws of Dakota
Laws of Nevada
Laws of Kansas
Laws of Wisconsin
Laws of Texas
Laws of North Carolina
Laws of Iowa
Laws of Ohio
Laws of Ohio, Index to
Laws of Massachusetts, special
Laws of Vermont
Laws of Connecticut
Laws of Michigan
Laws of Tennessee
Laws of Oregon
Laws of New York
Laws of New York, Index to
Laws of Indiana
Limitations, Angell on
Law of Nations, Wheaton's
Law of Nations, Vattel's
Penny Cyclopedia
Public Documents
Partnership, Story on
Pleadings, Story's Equity
Prommissory Notes
Practice and Pleadings, Archbold's Criminal
Practice, Tillinghast & Sherman's
Practice, Howe's
Reports, Ohio
Reports, Indiana
Reports, Michigan
Reports, Illinois
Reports, Connecticut
Reports, Maine
Reports, Vermont
Reports, Rhode Island
Reports, Massachusetts
Reports, Massachusetts, Cushing's
Reports, Massachusetts, Allen's
Reports, Massachusetts, Pickering's
Reports, Massachusetts, Metcalf's
Reports, Massachusetts, Gray's
Reports, Pennsylvania
Reports, Maryland
Reports, New Jersey
Reports, California
Reports, New York, Johnson's Chancery
Reports, New York, Hopkin's Chancery

Reports, New York, Paige's Chancery	11
Reports, New York, Barbour's Chancery	4
Reports, New York, Anthon's Nisi Prius	2
Reports, New York, Caine's Cases	1
Reports, New York, Cuine's	3
Reports, New York, Johnson's Cases	3
Reports, New York, Johnson's	16
Reports, New York, Parker's Criminal	3
Reports, New York, Howard's Practice	10
Reports, New York, Denio's	4
Reports, New York, Hill's	7
Reports, New York, Cowen's	8
Reports, New York, Wendell's	21
Reports, New York, Comstock's	4
Reports, New York, Selden's	5
Reports, New York, Kernan's	2
Reports, New York, Smith's	11
Reports, New York, Barbour's Supreme Court	27
Reports, New York, Sanfords	5
Reports, Iowa	13
Reports, Wisconsin	10
Reports, Virginia	1
Reports, Minnesota	5
Reports, Louisiana	6
Reports, North Carolina	10
Reports, South Carolina	2
Reports, Georgia	7
Reports, Alabama	6
Reports, Mississippi	2
Reports, Texas	9
Reports, Arkansas	3
Reports, Missouri	11
Reports, Tennessee, Head's	2
Reports, Tennessee, Sneed's	4
Reports, Kentucky	44
Reports, Oregon	1
Reports, United States Supreme Court	23
Reports, Smithsonian, 1855 to 1862	9
Reversed Cases in Law and Equity, Lockwood	1
Register, Maryland, Wingate's	1
Statutes at Large, U. S.	8
Statutes, Illinois	2
Statutes, Louisiana	2
Statutes, Kansas Territory	1
Statutes, Minnesota	1
Statutes, Kentucky	2
Statutes, Ohio	2
Statutes, Vermont	1
Statutes, Massachusetts	1
Statutes, California	13
State Trials of United States, Wharton	1
Smithsonian Contributions to Knowledge	9
Sales, Story on	1

THE FOLLOWING ARE PAMPHLETS.

	NO VOLS.
Acts of State of Maine	13
Acts of State of Connecticut	28
Acts of State of Louisiana	3
Acts of State of Florida	4
Acts of State of Massachusetts	11
Acts of State of Rhode Island	4
Acts of State of Arkansas	2
Acts of Washington Territory	2
Acts of Utah Territory	1
Address of J. B Lindsly, Nashville, Tenn.	1
Address of John Sergeant	1
Address on Death of E. D. Baker	1
Appeal in behalf of the University at Nashville	1
American Geological and Statistical Society	1
Cancers—Can they be Cured?	1
Catalogue of Wesleyan University	1
Catalogue of Wallamet University	1
Catalogue of Nashville University	1
Catalogue of Wesleyan Academy, Massachusetts	1
Catalogue of California State Library	1
Catalogue of Cumberland University	1
Catalogue of Tennessee State Library	1
Catalogue of New Hampshire State Library	1
Codes, Oregon	1
Dudley Observatory	1
Design of the House of Refuge	1
Eulogy on Rev J T. Edgar	1
Geological Survey of New Jersey	1
Laws, Pennsylvania	1
Laws, New Hampshire	21
Laws, Delaware	1
Laws, Minnesota	6
Laws, Colorado	1
Laws, Rhode Island	11
Laws, Washington Territory	3
Laws, Vermont	1
Laws, New Mexico	2
Laws, Illinois	1
Laws, Arkansas	1
Laws, Florida	2
Laws, Oregon	23
Laws, Nebraska	2
Laws, Mississippi	2
Lecture by Richard Owen	1
Memoir of Samuel Breck	1
Man, Comb's Constitution of	1
Pilsen's Reply to Schalk	1
Principles of Philosophy	1
Phrenology and the Scriptures	1
Petition for Pardon of George Gordon	1
Public Documents	76
Reports of Florida	2
Reports on Pennsylvania Institution of the Blind	3
Reports, N. Y. State Library	3
Reports, Ohio State Library	1
Reports, Minnesota State Library	1
Reports, Northern Home for the Friendless	1
Reports, Tennessee Hospital for the Insane	4
Reports of United States Supreme Court	1

Reports on Pennsylvania Deaf and Dumb Institution	1
Reports on House of Refuge	2
Reports on Geology of Vermont	1
Reports on Philadelphia Orphan Society	1
Reports on State House Artesian Well, Ohio	1
Reports of State Librarian of Tennessee	2
Report of Comptroller of California	1
Report of Controllers of Pennsylvania Public Schools	1
Reports on American Geographical and Statistical Society	2
Report of Adjutant General of Kentucky	1
Report on Common Schools of Kintucky	1
Statutes at Large	282
Speech on Colleges, by P. Lindsley	1
Self-Instructor, Fowler's	1
The Present Crisis	1
Washington's Farewell Address	1
World's Temperance Convention	1

PROCURED BY PURCHASE.

Of the foregoing list, the following have been procured since the last report of my predecessor:

	NO. VOLS
Agency, Story on	1
Bills of Exchange	1
Code, Howard's New York	1
Conflict of Laws, Story on the	1
Constitution, Story on the	2
Contracts, Story on	2
Commentaries, Kent's	4
Commentaries, Blackstone's	2
Corporations, Angell & Ames on	1
Dictionary, Bouvier's Law	2
Digest, Abbott's New York	3
Digest, Minot's	2
Institutes, Bouvier's	4
Jurisprudence, Story's Equity	2
Limitations, Angell & Ames on	1
Law of Nations, Wheaton's	1
Nisi Prius, Anthon's	1
Pleadings, Story's Equity	1
Partnership, Story on	1
Promissory Notes, Story on	1
Reports, Connecticut, Day	30
Reports, Johnson's Chancery	7
Reports, Paige's Chancery	10
Reports, Metcalf's, Massachusetts	15
Reports, Pickering's, Massachusetts	24
Reports, United States Supreme Court	22
Reports, Massachusetts, by D. A. Tyng	11
Sales, Story on	1

PROCURED BY EXCHANGE.

	NO. VOLS.
Acts of Kentucky.	2
Acts of California	2
Laws of California	1
Laws of Illinois.	2
Laws of New Hampshire	1
Laws of Maine	1
Laws of Massachusetts.	1
Laws of Michigan.	1
Laws of Ohio	2
Laws of Vermont.	2
Laws of Maryland.	1
Public Documents.	217
Reports of Missouri.	2
Reports of Illinois	4
Reports of New Hampshire.	1
Reports of Maryland.	1
Reports of Wisconsin.	2
Reports of Maine	1
Reports of Kentucky.	1
Reports of Massachusetts, Gray.	1
Reports of Massachusetts, Allen.	2
Reports of California.	2
Reports of Pennsylvania.	2
Reports, Smithsonian.	1
Reports of Ohio.	1
Reports, Hopkins' Chancery	1
Reports of Michigan.	1
Reports of Vermont.	1

PAMPHLETS.

Acts of Congress.	2
Public Documents.	10

NEWSPAPERS.

The following newspapers are received and filed at the State Library;

NAME.	PUBLISHED AT
Oregon Statesman, daily and weekly.	Salem.
Oregon Arena, weekly	Salem.
Oregonian, weekly.	Portland.
Mountaineer, weekly,	Dalles.
Astoria Marine Gazette, weekly.	Astoria.
Albany Journal, weekly	Albany.
Oregon State Journal, weekly	Eugene City.
Pacific Christian Advocate, weekly.	Portland.
Oregon Sentinel, weekly.	Jacksonville.

REMARKS.

From the foregoing catalogue, it appears that the additions made within the last two years have enhanced the value of the library more than one hundred per cent.

Formerly the library consisted almost entirely of public documents; such books as no one wishes often to use. It is now supplied with some excellent sets of legal decisions, as well as some choice elementary law books.

As our state grows older, as learning becomes more generally and widely disseminated, the interest in the library of the citizens of all parts of the state increases

I would recommend that the legislature take such active measures for the improvement of the library, by means of procuring additional books, by adopting rigid and practical rules for the custody of the books, &c., as in its wisdom it may think the increasing interest demands.

By the act for the appointment of a librarian and defining his duties, he was allowed a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars per annum for his services. This was probably sufficient compensation for his services at that time, when the library contained but few books other than public documents—when the duties of the office consumed very little, if any, of his time; but now, when to attend to the office is, for two months of the year, a very arduous duty, and for the remaining ten months no trifling task, it is altogether insufficient. I would therefore respectfully ask that the salary of the Librarian be increased to $500 per annum.

Respectfully submitted,

P. L WILLIS, *Librarian.*

RAILROAD REPORT.

MR CHAIRMAN: The senate committee on incorporations, to whom was referred S. B. No. 14, entitled "A bill providing for the disposition of the proceeds of the public lands donated to this state for internal improvements, &c." would respectfully submit the following report:

Your committee consider that the proposition to divert either the proceeds of the said 500,000 acres of land, or the use of the said proceeds, from the common school fund, as provided in the constitution of the state of Oregon, would violate the spirit, if not the letter, of said constitution. And they consider it to be the duty of the legislature to preserve the interest or use of said fund inviolate, for the common school fund; wherefore, they recommend that S. B. No. 14 be indefinitely postponed, and herewith submit a substitute bill, and recommend that the bill pass—offering the following reasons in support of the same:

The question of a railroad through the Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue river valleys, and connecting the states of Oregon and California, has been quite freely discussed during the past year, and especially during the past summer, and much important information has been gathered relating to the subject; and before this legislature will adopt any legislation bearing upon the question, it will doubtless be necessary to lay the important and material facts, necessary to a proper understanding of the enterprise, fully before the senate, and to that end the committee has directed its labors.

That a railroad through the above named valleys is badly needed by the farmer and producer, must be obvious to the most careless observer; and the bare mention of a few facts is amply sufficient to set it forth in the strongest light.

During the few months past, while wheat was selling in San Francisco at $2 per bushel, the average price in the districts above alluded to, was about 75 cents per bushel, thus taking off $1 25 from the value of a bushel of wheat in San Francisco, and dividing it up among the teamsters, steamboat and steamship monopolies, middle-men, warehouse-men, &c., and giving the producer but three-eighths of the San Francisco price of wheat, for the rent of his land, and the labor of himself, teams and machines. The same inequality of prices will be found to prevail in the sale of all other articles of produce; and it can never be otherwise, so long as the present state of affairs continues. The farmer in Benton, Lane, Linn, or any other of the great agricultural counties, must, in order to sell his produce, either haul it to Portland, a distance varying from twenty-five to one hundred and fifty miles, or await the floods of the wet winter, and then draw it through the mud to the river, to go by steamboat. And it is extremely interesting to a farmer to trace his wheat, destined for the East India or European markets, through its many changes. If it is shipped at Salem, it goes by steamboat to Canemah; it is there transferred to the railroad around the

falls; passing over this road, it is reshipped at Oregon City for Portland; at Portland it is warehoused and reshipped to San Francisco; at San Francisco it is warehoused and reshipped to Liverpool, or other foreign market; and in exchange for this wheat, comes back the merchandise which has to pass through all these shipments, reshipments, warehousings, handlings, &c.; and the great wonder is, that against all these adverse circumstances, the Oregon farmer has been able to hold his own, and raise and educate his family. In southern Oregon, the obstacles to the exportation of agricultural products are so great as to amount to a complete embargo; and such must forever continue the condition of that country, at least so far as the most profitable part of the farmer's labor is concerned, until the country is tapped by a railroad, leading either to Portland or San Francisco. As farther illustrating the necessity of a railroad connection to the people of southern Oregon, we may mention the fact that the inhabitants of Josephine and Jackson counties have, in a single year, paid out as freight money on 1800 tons of merchandise imported, the sum of $179,700. This large expenditure would doubtless be reduced fully three-fourths, upon the construction of a railroad to the Rogue River valley from Portland.

These are some of the burdens that the farmers of Oregon are now struggling under, for want of the proper means of transporting their products to a certain market. That a railroad through the districts named, would entirely remove these burdens there can be no doubt. Railroads furnish speedy, certain, and economical transportation at all times. They depend on neither floods or tides. At all stations on the line, there is always a large and commodious warehouse belonging to the railroad company, and at which free storage for a reasonable length of time is always furnished to the farmer, and from which his wheat, flour, or bacon, &c., is loaded into the freight cars without charge; and at the terminus again, at the shiplanding or dock, the same freight is speedily transferred by the steam engine to the clipper ship, free of charge—all of which would reduce the transportation charges fully three-fourths from the present rates.

The direct pecuniary advantages of a railroad through Oregon may be briefly but more clearly set forth by a little calculation. Statistics carefully prepared by reliable men show that Polk county has this year produced one million bushels of wheat. Suppose that 600,000 bushels of this crop could be spared to the San Francisco market. At the prices heretofore prevailing since harvest, this was worth in Polk county about 75 cents per bushel, or $450,000. If there had been a railroad running through Polk county to steamship landing, this wheat would have sold in Polk county readily for $1 50 per bushel, or $900,000, making a clear gain of $450,000 to Polk county, on a single crop of wheat, and leaving a margin of 50 cents per bushel to transport the wheat to San Francisco—and all the direct result of railroad transportation. This calculation might be applied to wool, bacon, lard, oats, and especially to the article of hay. Oregon can ship no hay for want of means of transportation, while we have the ability and can produce the best hay in the world, and at a very large profit, if it could be cheaply transported to Portland.

Owing to these burdens on Oregon farming, it is a notorious fact that California is now importing grain for feed from the Atlantic states, cheaper than she can get it from the granaries of her neighbor Oregon. Some persons are disposed to berate and belittle Oregon farmers, for their want of energy in not supplying this San Francisco demand at such handsome figures, and our newspapers take up and echo the cry—"No energy, no industry," &c.; and while it is true that Oregon farmers are no better than they ought to be, it is not true that they will be found lacking in energy and industry to supply San Francisco, or any other good market, when the means for doing so is afforded them, so they can compete on an equal footing with the farmers of California or the eastern states.

Some persons contend that there is no market for Oregon produce, and that therefore a railroad could not help the Oregon farmer, as it could not bring him a better market than he now has. This is easily shown to be an error, for, in

addition to good home markets that would be eventually built up in large manufacturing towns that will follow the construction of a railroad, there is now already a very large foreign demand for the agricultural products of the Pacific coast, which is rapidly increasing, and in the China, Japan, Sandwich Islands, and Australian trade, it will become immense We copy from the market review of the San Francisco *Bulletin*, under date of July 11, 1864:

EXPORTS

Of Wheat and Flour from San Francisco, from January 1st, to June 30th, 1864.

	SACKS WHEAT.	BBLS. FLOUR.
To England	279,067	286
China	62,772	23,696
Japan	.....	924
Australia	57,558	18,259
Victoria, V I	930	12,840
Sandwich Islands	121	1,911
Mexico	15	5,796
Other countries	886	9,779

Such are the exports of the two articles, wheat and flour, from San Francisco to foreign markets, for the first six months of the present year. How much of this is Oregon produce we are unable to tell, as in the San Francisco exports no credit is given to Oregon for anything. But admitting that it is all California produce, we state the proposition as too plain for argument, that what will pay a California farmer will also pay an Oregon farmer, when he is furnished equal opportunities.

As to the cost of a railroad through the valleys above named, there are different estimates; but the most reliable and trustworthy are undoubtedly those prepared by men familiar with the business, and personally and intimately acquainted with the country through which the road is proposed. Careful estimates so prepared, place the entire cost of construction and equipment of the first section of one hundred miles, (commencing at Portland,) at not exceeding $35,000 per mile, or $3,500,000 for the first section.

This section of one hundred miles, when constructed, will not only add the cost of its construction to the taxable property on the assessor's list, but it will certainly increase the value of the real estate in the Willamette valley not less than *fourteen million dollars*, to say nothing of the increased value of the annual crops, the education and progressive tendencies and habits it would disseminate, and the new and active business life and energy it would give to the whole state.

Some persons insist that the road would not earn interest on the cost of its construction and pay its running expenses, and therefore any legislation we might adopt would be futile and accomplish nothing Those who so think, have but a limited and mean idea of the resources of our state. Statistics prepared on this subject, instantly dispel all such notions. An average estimate, based upon the statistics and estimates furnished by intelligent and reliable business men from all parts of the Willamette valley—teamsters, merchants, millers, and county officers—show that the present exports and imports of this valley, to and from Portland, are to-day not less than 80,000 tons per annum, and probably nearer 100,000 tons than the first figures; but to be safe, we will adopt the first named amount as the data of our calculation.

At present the carrying of this costs in actual money, (or in the time and labor of the farmer when he hauls it himself,) about $20 per ton. or to the whole valley the round sum of $1,600,000. A section of one hundred miles of railroad would transport the whole of this freight, and could do it for $5 per ton, or $400,000 for the whole amount; thus saving to the people, on the present business of the valley, the round sum of $1,200,000 annually.

To this $400,000 on freights, add $150,000 for passenger fares, and $50,000 for mails, (low estimates,) and we have $600,000 annual earnings on the first one hundred miles of road. (A comparative estimate on the business done by the California railroads, would make the earnings of the above hundred miles fully $1,800,000 The Sacramento valley railroad, only 22½ miles in length, earned last year $352,000)

Of the $600,000 earned, about 40 per cent. would be expended in running expenses, and 10 per cent on annual repairs, leaving $300,000 to pay interest or dividends on the cost of construction, which would just pay 8 per cent. on $3,500,000 dollars, (the estimated cost of construction,) and this rate of interest will entitle the bonds or stocks of the road to a preference in the eastern money markets.

It must be borne in mind that this calculation is based entirely on the present carrying trade of the valley, now done by teams, and steamboats at high water, and no allowance or estimate is made upon or for the increased business of the country which the road would produce, and which might safely be set down at (considering the present condition of the country) three or four hundred per cent. increase, and in this estimate, also, there is no allowance for the transportation of a single ton of hay, a single piece of timber, or a single pound of coal, which, upon the construction of the proposed road, would enter into the freight bills by tens of thousands of tons.

From these considerations, we look upon the proposed road, not only as a legitimate, business paying enterprise, but as a desirable and profitable investment.

STATE AID.

Upon the proposition of state aid to a railroad, there can be no well-founded opposition, so long as the aid proposed is such that we may give without infringing upon the provisions of the constitution. Nearly all the states of the Union have aided their railroads either with bonds or land, and in all cases to the great benefit of the state. The state of Minnesota has loaned its credit to aid in constructing railroads in that state, to the amount of $24,950,000 in state bonds.—Virginia gave $1,000,000 to three companies. Missouri has loaned its credit to railroads to the amount of $17,656,000. Ohio has invested many millions in the construction of canals, and other improvements California has agreed to pay the interest annually accruing on $500,000 of the Central Pacific R R bonds. So with all the western states, and it is unnecessary to enumerate precedents.

The bill herewith reported, providing aid for a road through the Willamette valley, is, although the aid proposed is small, the best inducement that the state can now offer. While it proposes a tax upon the whole state, yet it is to be borne in mind that the tax cannot be levied until the railroad company has expended near a million dollars in the state, and put in actual operation twenty miles of its road, so that when the tax is levied the construction of the road may be deemed a certainty, which, when completed, will add taxes to the treasury in amount greatly exceeding what we pay out. In addition to this, the return of the money loaned, with six per cent. interest added, is secured.

The particular location and extent of the road is not defined, and we think

this should be left to the company that will undertake to construct the road.—They will have to furnish a great majority of the capital, and having the greater interest and the best means of knowing the proper location, will undoubtedly locate it for the best interests of the trade and travel of the country It will be constructed the hundred miles, and as much farther as it will be profitable to do so. No legislation can induce men to build a road where it will not pay.

We think the bill should receive the support of every person desiring the development of the resources of the state, and the prosperity of the whole people.

JAMES M. PYLE,

Chairman Committee on Corporations.

SPECIAL MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

By act of September 4th, 1841, the state of Oregon is entitled to five hundred thousand acres of land.

Also the state is entitled to seventy-two sections for the use and support of a state university; to ten sections for public buildings, all salt springs, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining each; ninety thousand acres for agricultural colleges, also, to all swamp lands donated by act of March 12th, 1860, and reported as such by the commissioner of the general land office.

By act of the legislative assembly of this state, passed October 17th, 1860, the governor was authorized "to select the lands and salt springs granted to the state of Oregon," by the various acts of congress, but for the reasons set forth in his message following that date, the governor made no selections of land.

At the same session of the legislature, by act approved October 19th, 1860, any citizen complying with the provisions of said act was authorized to locate a claim containing not less than forty acres nor more than three hundred and twenty acres, as part of the five hundred thousand acres of land due this state. Under that act, one hundred and fifty claims were taken, and notice thereof filed in this office, amounting in the aggregate to twenty-two thousand one hundred and seventy-two and 38-100 acres. But before the next session of the legislature, instructions were received from the commissioner of the general land office, in effect that the part allowing locations in less quantities than three hundred and twenty acres, was in violation of the provisions of the act of September 4, 1841, and void. But by said instructions, it appeared that locations in less quantities than three hunered and twenty acres might be taken, provided the state accounted to the general government for the amount, the same as if three hundred and twenty acres had been taken.

Doubtless the legislature of 1862 considered the state, in good faith, bound to make good the locations thus made under the act of 1860, by such amendments to the law as would secure that object. Accordingly, by act approved October 15th, 1862, the legislature repealed the acts of 1860, and appointed the governor a land commissioner for the state and instructed him, where practicable to select other lands, adjoining claims taken in less quantities than three hundred and twenty acres, so as to make three hundred and twenty acres or more, and when that could not be done, to accountto the general government the same as if three hundred and twenty acres had been taken. The law also required that I should prepare and deposit with the register and receivers of the land offices in this state, and with the secretary ofstate, abstracts of the lands selected by settlers under the act of 1860. Such abstracts have been prepared and filed.

A great majority of the settlers who located lands under the act of 1860, acting under this impression that the law was void, neglected to pay the interest required under said act, and have abandoned their claims. Where such is not the case, I have made many locations adjoining the lands taken by settlers in less

quantity than three hundred and twenty acres, so as to comply with the act of 1862, and with the instructions of the commissioner of the general land office, which enables those who made locations under act of 1860, to perfect their title.

The law of 1862 also required that all persons entitled to land under act of 1860, should pay the sum of one dollar and a quarter per acre for the lands to which they were entitled. Accordingly I wrote to all who had located lands, asking them to make payment. Jesse L Lurchin responded by paying one hundred and sixty dollars in coin for one hundred and twenty-seven 17-100 acres located by him. Also thirteen others made payments in currency, and took receipts or deeds. The amount of money received, one hundred and sixty dollars in coin and one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three dollars and seventy cents in currency, has been paid to the state treasurer. See list of "land sold," hereunto attached

All others having neglected to respond—many having refused to pay interest and abandoned their claims, together with the fact that the state will sustain considerable loss by contending to account to the general government for less quantities of land, the same as if there were three hundred and twenty acres, I therefore recommend that section five of the act of October 15th, 1862, be repealed.

Under section 1, of act of October 15th, 1862, I was empowered and directed to locate all the lands to which this state is entitled. There have been and are many difficulties in the way of selecting lands for this state No lands can be selected until after the surveys are made and approved, nor until the maps and plats are made and deposited in the office of the register of the land district in which the land is situated. Yet under the donation and pre-emption laws, settlers in Oregon have been allowed to settle upon and hold lands before the surveys were extended over them. Again, pre-emption claimants have three months, after settlement, in which to file their notifications with the register of the land office. Hence, where lands are taken for the state, and abstracts thereof prepared, in accordance with the instructions of the commissioner of the general land office. and filed with the register, before approval, he is obliged to allow three months time before approval, in which pre-emption claimants may come in and prove a previous selection. And where such proof is satisfactorily made, the abstracts of the state commissioner must be changed accordingly. This makes delay and requires more care and labor on the part of the commissioner.

The best tracts of surveyed lands in Oregon, were taken before the admission of the state into the Union, which entitled her to the five hundred thousand acres of land. Since that time the surveys have been extended over some portions of the country east of the Cascade mountains.

As soon as the maps were filed with the register, I employed Col. D. P. Thompson, who had surveyed the Grand Ronde and Powder river country, to assist me in locating lands there; the locations could be made in that way at less expense to the state than any other. Accordingly all the good surveyed lands in these valleys have been located for the state.

Col. Geo. H Belden has also been employed by me to assist in locating public lands in Wasco and Umatilla counties, and to prepare abstracts. I have also selected the best of the surveyed lands in the vicinity of Klamath lake. The total amount selected for the state, to date, is three hundred and eighty-four thousand two hundred and thirty-two 24-100 acres. The entire expense to the state of such location has been one thousand and forty-two dollars and fifty-five cents. For particulars see "Abstract of expenses," hereunto attached. With the exception of sixty-nine dollars, the expenses have not been paid for want of an appropriation. I respectfully recommend that an appropriation be made to pay those expenses and such as may be reasonably incurred in future.

Upon ascertaining the strong probability that the state will not be able to obtain as much land as she is entitled to, which will sell very soon for one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, and believing that there were some settlers in Baker

county who would be likely to abandon their locations, as pre-emption or homestead claimants, and allow the state to select the same, I issued and sent to them a circular, stating in substance that if they would abandon their pre-emption and homestead claims, and allow their claims to be located for the state, it would be of great benefit to the state, and that I would recommend that such persons be allowed to purchase the same at government price. A number of persons have so abandoned their claims and made written application to purchase from the state. I have located all such lands for the state, and recommend that such persons be permitted to purchase those lands on as favorable terms as they could have obtained patents from the United States The circulars which I sent only referred to actual pre-emption and homestead claimants.

Yet over two hundred persons have made written application to purchase lands from the state at one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre in currency.

A great majority of them are not pre-emption or homestead claimants, but have set up their claims, as I am advised, since the location was made for the state.

It will add to the growth and prosperity of that section of country, if some provision can be made at this session of the legislature, for the sale to actual settlers of all the lands located as soon as such locations are approved; and I doubt not such is the wish of those who are most interested in the development of that section of country.

Again it will be well to consider what shall be done with the proceeds of such sales, and by whom sales should be made.

The act of March 4th, 1841, provides that the proceeds of the five hundred thousand acres donated to the states shall be expended for internal improvements; but the constitution of this state says. "All the proceeds of the five hundred thousand acres of land to which this state is entitled by the provisions of 'the act of September 4th, 1841,' shall be set apart as a separate and irreducible fund, to be called the common school fund," and congress admitted Oregon into the Union with that provision. All lands located by me have been designated as common school lands.

Article eight, section fifth, of the constitution, says: "The governor, secretary of state and state treasurer shall constitute a board of commissioners for the sale of school and university lands, and for the investment of the funds so arising; and their powers and duties shall be such as may be prescribed by law."

There are no swamp lands reported to this state by the commissioner of the general land office, hence no such lands can be located at present.

LIST OF LANDS SOLD, AND FOR WHICH DEEDS HAVE BEEN GIVEN UNDER ACT OF 1860 AND 1862.

Date.	Names of Purchasers.	No. Acres	Amount	No.	Remarks.
Sept. 24, 1863....	Wm. A. Fairchild	80	$ 100 00	145	Currency.
Nov. 14, 1863	Peter Rudio, assignee of J. P. Thomas	267 20-100	334 00	143	Currency.
Sept. 29, 1863	James M. Bird	160	200 00	129	Currency.
Sept. 29, 1863	James Fulton	320	400 00	128	Currency.
Nov. 14, 1863	Jonathan Jackson	140 90-100	177 00	124	Currency.
Nov. 23, 1863	Jones Whitney, assignee of W. L. Demes	77	97 00	115	Currency.
July 13, 1864	John M. P. Cook	200	250 00	144	Currency.
July 13 1863	W. C. Moody, assignee of H. P. Sweetser	40	50 00	116	Currency.
August 22, 1863.	W. R. Willis	120	150 00	37	Currency.
August 12, 1863.	Carsena Huntley	100 56-100	125 70	79	Currency
			$1883 70		

SALEM, *Oregon*, Sept. 7, 1864.

Received of A. C. Gibbs, governor of Oregon, ($1,883 70) eighteen hundred and eighty-three dollars and seventy cents in legal tenders, for lands sold as por above list, under act of the legislature of Oregon, approved October 19th, 1860. The lands were located for school purposes.

E. N. COOKE, *State Treasurer*.

ABSTRACT OF EXPENSES IN LOCATING PUBLIC LANDS.

July, 1863..	For ten days' services in writing on abstract of public lands, at four dollars per day, by Joseph Conway		$ 40 00
	For three-fourths day's services of W. H Shields, writing, at $5 per day		4 00
Jan'y, 1864..	For expenses of C. N. Terry, at Land Office at Oregon City		25 00
May, 1864..	For services of George H. Belden, as agent in selection of State lands in Wasco and Umatilla counties, thirty-three days at $5 per day	$165 00	
	For expenses of George H. Belden in locating lands	152 75	317 75
	For services of D. P Thompson, going to and from Baker and Umatilla counties and locating lands, forty-five days at five dollars per day	225 00	
	For thirty days' horse-hire, same time, two dollars per day	60 00	
	For his personal and traveling expenses	165 30	450 30
Aug., 1864..	For services of D P. Thompson in locating lands in Powder River Valley.		40 00
Aug , 1864 .	For services of George H. Belden in locating lands, twenty-five days at five dollars per day	125 00	
Aug., 1864..	For expenses of George H. Belden in locating lands	40 50	165 50
			$1042 55

By section 9th, of the act to provide for the expenses of the state government, passed October 16th, 1862, the sum of five thousand dollars was placed at my disposal, to be expended at discretion for the organization of the militia of the state. The amount drawn from that is four thousand two hundred and twenty-one dollars and fifty-one cents Included in that amount is the sum of fifty-five dollars, which have been returned into the treasury since the report of the secretary and treasurer, so that the actual amount drawn from that fund is four thousand one hundred and sixty-six dollars and one cent, leaving in the treasury the sum of eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and ninety-nine cents, liable to be drawn for military purposes Of that amount drawn, one hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents is in my hands, the balance has been expended as set forth in the abstract hereunto attached. It will be seen by reference to the abstract that most of this amount has been expended for the salary of the adjutant general of the state, and for three hundred and sixty cavalry sabers and the mountings and belts for the same The last legislature required me to appoint an adjutant general, and fixed his salary at eight hundred dollars per annum; but on careful examination of the act it was thought that there was no special appropriation for the payment of the same The duties of the adjutant general have been much greater than the casual observer might suppose and it could not be expected that he would serve without pay; and believing it was the intention of the legislature that his salary should be paid quarterly, I have allowed his salary to be drawn from this fund.

Portions of the quota of arms furnished the territory of Oregon, in some instances, were universally allowed to be scattered, and it has been impossible to call them all in. Cavalry companies were being organized and calling for arms. Accordingly I purchased in San Francisco, in October last, three hundred and sixty cavalry sabers at the price of two dollars and fifty cents each. They are not of the first quality, but they were purchased very low and are richly worth much more than that price The mountings and belts were purchased separately and are of the very best quality.

ABSTRACT.

1862.		
December 9	Asahel Bush, printing 200 copies Militia Law	$ 12 00
December 16	James Brown, for cleaning and putting down carpet in Adjutant's office	7 00
1863		
January 9	Adjutant General, salary from Nov. 13 to December 31, 1862	106 66
February 7	Asahel Bush, for printing letter heads for Adjutant General's office	7 50
May 9	Jones, Reed & Co., painting two signs for Adjt. Gen.'s office	6 00
May 26	A. B. Shoemaker, three days' work cleaning and repairing guns	10 00
June 1	Jones, Reed & Co, making fifteen boxes for gun locks	7 75
" 1	J. L. Parrish & Co, blank books for Adjt. Gen.'s office	48 00
" 5	A. J Riely, one and one-half days' work packing guns	5 00
" 12	Andrew Simmons, hauling arms from Salem to Eugene	20 00
" 16	N. O. Parrish & Co, pens, pencils and files for Adj't Gen.'s office	6 50
" 16	M G. McCarty, freight on three boxes of gun locks to Eugene	2 00
" 16	Matheny & Wright, wharfage and storage on guns	4 00
" 23	J. T. Hamilton, postage-stamps for Adj t Gen 's office	11 24
July 1	C. Adams & Co., drayage on ordnance	13 38
" 7	M G. McCarty, freight on one box of gun locks to Eugene	1 00
August 8	Crandall & Waite, 925 blank commissions	67 00
" 8	" " 100 " "	12 00
" 20	N O. Parrish & Co, stationery for Adj't office	39 75
" 29	J. L. Parrish & Co, 25 Tactics	16 67
September 1	A. J. Riely, expenses on cannon from Corvallis	16 00
" 4	John Barnet, hauling guns from Salem to Portland	15 36
" 3	J. T Hamilton, postage-stamps for Adjutant's office	11 88
" 5	A. B. Shoemaker, packing accoutrements, Albany Co.	3 00
1864.		
January 8	I. D. Applegate, freight on sabres and for 60 sabre-belts, from San Francisco	92 00
" 12	J T. Hamilton, postage-stamps for Adj't Gen.'s office	7 46
" 23	Steamer Rival, one package from Portland	2 00
" 23	Steamer Onward, freight from Portland	5 88
" 23	W. Adams, drayage on arms	1 50
March 8	Matheny & Wright, freight and drayage on arms	12 65
" 8	N. O. Parrish & Co., ink-stand, etc., for Adj't office	6 00
April 1	Uzafovage & Wright, freight on three packages arms to Corvallis	1 00
" 1	" " " four " " Eugene	13 50
" 1	" " " four " " Corvallis	9 00
" 5	N O. Parrish & Co., stationery for Adjutant's office	8 50
" 5	C Adams & Co., drayage on arms	3 75
" 23	J. T. Hamilton, postage-stamps Adj't Gen. s office	3 50
July 9	O. P. & Pub. Co., blanks	42 00
" 25	J. T. Hamilton, postage-stamps Adj't Gen. s office	6 50
1863.		
Jan. 1	C. A. Reed, salary Adjutant General	133 33
June 30	" " "	200 00
Sept. 1	" " "	200 00
Dec. 1	" " "	200 00
1864.		
March 1	" " "	200 00
June 1	" " "	200 00
Sept. 1	" " "	200 00
1863.		
April	Expenses to Eugene City of C. A. Reed, Adjutant General, for the purpose of organizing militia companies and assisting in recruiting service	59 25
June 1	Paid Ladd, Reed & Co., for one keg of powder for State Militia	3 50
" 7	Expenses of C. A. Reed, Adjutant General, going to and from Dalles City, for purpose of organizing militia companies and assisting in recruiting service	59 25
Sept 14	Paid Bell & Brown for ammunition for State Militia	32 00
" 18	C. Uzafovage, for 1,000 musket caps	5 00
" 17	Paid C A Reed, for wood and articles furnished the Militia at State Fair	10 50
" 24	Paid Smith & Cartwright, for ammunition for State Militia	42 50
October 27	Paid D Norcross, San Francisco, for 360 cavalry sabres, $2 50 each	900 00
" 27	Also 360 belt-mountings, $1 50 each	540 00
November	Paid for 300 cavalry sabre-belts	259 95
"	Paid steamer Pacific, for freight on sabres from San Francisco	16 55
"	Paid Wells, Fargo & Co., freight on belt-mountings	6 00
"	For cartage on sabres and belts	2 00
"	Paid John Sailor for packing guns	3 50
	Total	$3938 26

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SALEM, Sept. 22, 1864.

ADDISON C. GIBBS,
Governor of Oregon.

SPECIAL MESSAGE.

Gentlemen of the senate and house of representatives:

In my message of September 14th, I called your attention to the fact that most of the members of the 1st regiment of Oregon cavalry would be entitled to a discharge in a few months; that troops to take their place are needed and must be had. Under date of October 18th, Brigadier General Alvord, commanding district of Oregon, writes to me that, "for the defense of the frontier against Indians, it is necessary that the present military force in the district of Oregon should be maintained. I have been compelled to reduce Forts Colville and Lapwai to one company each, which is too small a force. The 1st Oregon Cavalry has performed the past summer, efficient and admirable service in that part of Oregon south of the Columbia river and east of the Cascade Mountains. Traversed in every direction by thousands of miners the last summer, the presence and activity of the troops has been of the utmost importance, in protecting that region against the Snake Indians." * * * * * * *
It has been found that this small force has been inadequate, and, in spite of it, depredations have been committed, particularly on the road leading from the Dalles to Boise, *via* Canyon City. To induce the filling up of Captain Olney's company, which was mustered into the service for four months, the patriotic citizens of Dalles City contributed largely from their private means.

No well informed man can truthfully say that troops are not needed "in the upper country," to say nothing of the necessity of having an adequate force to keep in check those who are disposed to bid defiance to law and the authority of the Government.

Heretofore but a small part of the quota due from Oregon has been called for. At least two regiments are due from this State.

I have this day been called upon by Major General Irwin McDowell, commanding department of the Pacific, acting under authority of the war department, for a regiment of infantry consisting of a thousand men, to be mustered into the service for three years, unless sooner discharged. This call is made for our own protection. None have been required heretofore to go east of the Rocky Mountains, and none will be hereafter. Were the facts otherwise, the call would have to be obeyed and the troops furnished. Troops may be raised in this State or elsewhere by volunteering or by draft. The latter is a just and proper method to be used when enough volunteers cannot be otherwise obtained, and is one to which enlightened nations not unfrequently resort. While this is so, when we take into consideration the small pay received by soldiers, and the fact that their services are for the benefit of all interested in the present and future welfare of this country, I think we ought to give volunteers a liberal bounty, and raise this regiment in that way. Suppose the avenues of trade are closed up by Indians and highwaymen east of the Cascades, the property-holders will be the greatest losers. Suppose those who are in favor of a Pacific Republic, or desire to unite the fortunes of the Pacific coast with the Southern Confeder-

acy, should, for want of troops, light the torch of the incendiary and inaugurate civil strife—the tax-payers will be the first and among the greatest losers.

General Alvord, in the letter before referred to, says: "I feel that it is very important for the public service, as I have continually represented to you for a long time, that the legislature of Oregon should pass a law giving bounty to volunteers. Every state has passed such laws."

Some states give bounties and additional pay. I therefore urgently recommend that a law be passed giving bounties to such volunteers as have been or may hereafter be called for; that one-third thereof be paid at the time of enlistment, one-third in eighteen months, and the balance at the end of three years; that to provide a fund for that purpose, I recommend that state bonds be prepared, payable at some future time—say ten years, with semi-annual interest; that the state treasurer be authorized to dispose of the same, under proper rules and restrictions. To bring these bonds within the reach of volunteers who may wish to receive bonds instead of money, so as to secure the interest and have good security, some of them ought to be issued of as low denomination as fifty dollars, with coupons attached. A tax of one-half mill on the dollar will in a few years redeem these bonds.

The debt thus created, and interest, will be due to our own citizens, and with the increase of population and wealth of our State, its payment by degrees within ten years cannot be injuriously felt.

I respectfully call your attention to the senate bill now before your honorable body, which proposes some important amendments to the militia law of this State, and recommend its passage.

Under the present agitated condition of our country, we ought not to relax our efforts to increase the force and efficiency of the state militia. Already it is a credit to the state and a "terror to evil doers" in sympathy with the wicked rebellion. A little money spent by way of prevention may save thousands of valuable lives and hundreds of thousands in property.

I have communications from Generals McDowell and Alvord, in which they express a strong desire to have our militia organization kept up and made as efficient as possible.

ADDISON C. GIBBS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, SALEM, October 20, 1864.

MRS. N. M. THORNTON'S LETTER.

FAIRMOUNT LAKE, October 29, 1864.

His Excellency, A. C. GIBBS, *Governor of Oregon*:

SIR—In accordance with the suggestions made by my husband in joint convention of both houses of the legislative assembly, on the occasion of a presentation to the State of a tomahawk with which the late Doctor Marcus Whitman and wife, early missionaries from the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, to Oregon, were massacred, on the 29th November, 1847, I herewith present to the State, through you, a lock of Mrs Whitman's hair. Very soon after the commencement of the war thus inaugurated, the provisional government sent Mr. Joseph Meek, as a bearer of dispatches across the plains, for the purpose of giving information to the government at Washington of the state of hostilities here, with the view of obtaining aid to repel the savage foe. On proceeding as far as Wialatpu, the scene of slaughter, he found the body of Mrs. Whitman had been very imperfectly buried by a savage, whose heart had been touched by the remembrance of one who had renounced the society of friends, the endearments of kindred, and the refined pleasures of civilization, to devote herself during the remainder of life, with her husband, to the mental culture and religious instruction of the heathen tribes in the far-off Oregon. Mr. Meek, having raised the body for the purpose of giving it more decent burial, severed from the head a lock of hair, which, in May, 1848, he gave to my husband, then at Washington City on behalf of the provisional government of Oregon. A part of this interesting and melancholy memento of the early history of the country, and of the dangers incident to its first settlement, Mr. Thornton transmitted to a sister of Mrs. Whitman's, Miss Prentice, then residing in Quincy, Illinois Another part he brought with him around Cape Horn, and upon arriving in Oregon, in May, 1849, confided it to my keeping, as a sad, precious relic of one with whose history and labor of love I had long been familiar, and also with a view of my ultimately presenting it to a state historical society of Oregon. The interesting ceremonies of the late joint convention suggested that a more appropriate disposition of it would be to give it to the State, as a fitting accompaniment of the tomahawk which had released her husband and herself from the toils and the trials of missionaries to the rest and rewards of Heaven. I therefore pray that to this end you will accept of it, in behalf of the State.

I am, sir, very respectfully, &c,

N. M. THORNTON.

INDEX TO HOUSE JOURNAL.

Assayers to be licensed. 13, 14, 82, 203
Agents and Factors 15, 20, 92
Arsenal. 28
Appeals regulation of. 33, 48
Administration Federal sustaining of 34
Assessors relating to. 38, 47, 67, 87, 226
Albany incorporation of 39, 47, 67, 100, 122, 180
Appropriation to pay Legislative Assembly and Code Commissioner &c . 113, 126, 147
Acknowledgement of Deeds in certain cases made valid 139, 212, 270, 271
Assessment and collection of taxes 177, 212
Agricultural College 170, 256, 257
Appropriation by State of block 109 in Portland . . . . . , 275
Appropriation general 202, 293, 294, 300, 325, 326
Adjudication of claims against territorial government 304, 326
Adjournment sine die. 328

Boone J. L , elected Assistant Clerk. 6
Bounty to volunteers 16, 134, 136, 158, 173, 174, 210, 214
Boundary eastern of Oregon, survey of 42
Bond L C , relief of 94, 127, 136, 194, 230, 272, 316
Benton county, relief of 169, 175, 190

Committee on credentials,. 3
" " " Report of 3, 4
Collins J. L., elected Chief Clerk. 5
Clergy of Salem, requested to open House with prayer 8
Committee to wait on Governor. 8, 13
Committee on joint rules 9, 13, 15, 16
Contracts, specific. 11, 50, 85, 86, 89, 91, 94, 95, 97, 100, 114, 119, 120, 123, 124, 125, 147
Code Commissioner 11
Communication from Secretary of State 11
Committees, standing. 12
Corporations, private 13, 101
Committee on Federal Relations 16
Chinamen, tax of. 16, 30, 48, 101, 137, 179, 222, 235, 290
Committee on printing documents 19, 21
Code of Civil Procedure. . 19, 22, 29, 36, 38, 47, 57, 68, 89, 94, 118, 134, 138, 177, 178, 191, 213, 214
Common Schools. 22, 176, 199
Committee on judiciary allowed clerical assistance. 24
Census 28, 30, 92, 105, 158
County Judges, salary of 29, 217
Constitution United States, amendment to. 39
Claims against the State and Territorial Government, adjudication of. 53
Capitol, building of. 54
Clackamas county, lines of 86, 128, 136, 158

Caton Geo R., relief of.....130, 170, 194, 195, 237, 316
Commissioners for Polk county.....130, 137, 159, 322
Collecting and compiling laws.....137, 159, 162, 165, 232, 316
Churches and literary, incorporation of.....137, 201, 203
Civil and criminal procedure in justices courts.....140, 154, 201
Clatsop county, relief of.....164, 165, 166, 170, 171, 185
Corporations foreign, tax on.....167
Code of criminal procedure.....197, 200
Constitution of Oregon, certain amendments to.....192, 197, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226
Claims against provisional government of Oregon, to provide.....192
Circuit and county courts, time of holding.....217
Canyon City, incorporation of.....244, 254
Certain counties, extending time of paying taxes.....316
Clergy of Salem, thanks to.....326

Dennis A. W., elected Enrolling Clerk.....6
Divorce, law of.....16
Debtors, fraudulent.....20
Douglas county, boundary of.....30
Domestic relations.....31, 155, 254
Dalles City, incorporation of.....32, 42, 66, 67, 87, 99, 100, 126, 180
Ditches and flumes.....79, 85, 89, 109, 110, 132
Davis H W., relief of.....127, 156, 170, 230, 263, 291
Douglas and Umpqua counties, consolidation of.....158, 161, 201, 207, 238
Descent of real property.....140
Douglas county, division of.....152, 168, 209, 222, 324
Divorce, petition in regard to.....160, 209, 219
Darrough John, relief of.....173, 194, 236, 326
District Attorney, regulate office of.....181
Dance houses, regulate and punish.....181, 186, 187, 237, 326
Districting state into senatorial and representative districts and increase the number of senators and representatives.....217, 246
Direct tax, relating to repeal of.....217, 218
Distances from county seats.....218
Disposition of several kinds of money received into the public treasury.....227
Donation and transfer of lands.....239, 240
Denlinger H., claim of.....252

Election, officers of house.....4
Evidence, law of.....10, 11
Eugene City, incorporation of.....14, 158, 210, 237, 326
Estrays.....29, 47, 67, 87, 161, 212
Estates, distribution of.....35
Escheats.....127, 136, 157, 231, 322
Election, officers of county.....181
Electors, president and vice president.....217, 284

Fisher C L., Sergeant-at-arms.....7
Ferries.....30
Fees of certain officers in counties east of Cascade mountains.....42
Fair grounds, protection of.....48
Fees of Officers and jurors.....65, 72, 132, 145, 173, 199, 208
Forcible entry and detainer.....139, 177, 178
Fire department, Portland.....217

Gale J. M., elected Enrolling Clerk.....6
Grant county, creation of.....47, 67, 87, 107, 108, 127, 159, 168
Gold dust, adulteration of.....181, 186, 187, 236, 326

Homesteads ... 15, 20, 96, 27
Hawthorne & Loryea, appropriation to ... 42, 66, 74, 129, 141, 180, 189
Hawthorne & Loryea, Governor to contract with ... 42, 58, 59, 60, 61, 68, 64, 65, 78
Hawaiian government ... 268

Insane Asylum ... 28, 29, 33, 51, 52, 75, 76, 77, 82, 118, 134, 179, 201, 205, 290, 326
Incorporations, not for pecuniary profit ... 30, 81
Incorporation, private amendment to ... 38, 74, 108, 109, 130, 186
Insane Asylum, support of ... 134, 138, 158, 203, 231
Indians and Half-breeds, to prevent running at large ... 138
Insurance Companies foreign, to fix and give security ... 139, 183
Insane Asylum, locating lands for ... 167, 177, 213

Josephine county, delinquences is cancelled ... 28
Johnson W C, relief of ... 28, 42, 82, 91, 176, 177, 213
Josephine county, boundary of ... 29, 66, 74, 104, 168, 196, 218
Jurors in county courts ... 28
Josephine county, relief of ... 65, 72, 162, 162, 171, 172 216, 218, 273, 316
Judgements against State, payment of ... 66, 74, 89, 91, 105, 134, 147, 153, 163, 316, 322
Jacksonville, incorporation of ... 114, 134, 178, 228
Justices of the peace, regulate office of ... 181
Joint convention, to elect Pilot Commissioners and others ... 197, 238, 259 260, 261, 262, 263

Landlord and Tenant ... 30, 81
Liens ... 33, 47, 69, 131
License to sell spiritious liquors in Coos, Curry, Josephine and Jackson, repeal of ... 42, 66, 74, 88, [228, 316
Legal tender notes, value of ... 79
La Grande, county seat of Baker county ... 83
Lands common school, sale of ... 136, 159
Lands, cede certain tide lands to the U S ... 162, 229, 316
Legislative Assembly, to fix time of session ... 181, 189
Library of State ... 235

Moores I- R, elected Speaker ... 5
Message from Governor ... 17, 18, 21, 22
Mining claims, ditches and flumes ... 16
Majority, to fix time of ... 23, 34, 44
Mill dams and Mills ... 30, 80, 116, 117 118, 163, 214, 215, 218, 324
Mortgages ... 33
Militia, to amend act of ... 34, 118, 134, 179, 229
Minors, prohibiting from giving or selling liquors to ... 42, 118, 134, 163, 229, 316
Municipal corporations to make title deeds ... 66, 72, 102, 115, 106, 322
Marriage ... 86
Mint U. S, branch of ... 252
Mint U. S branch, protest of ... 252, 253
Multnomah county, to amend act creating ... 275

Organization ... 3
Oregon Central Military Road Company, donating land to ... 11, 47
Officers of House allowed newspapers ... 11
Oath of allegiance ... 34, 189, 200, 239
Oysters, cultivation of ... 93, 128, 136, 158, 231, 274, 316
Officers, county regulating election of ... 217

Portland, incorporation of ... 10, 20, 41, 43, 121, 122, 123, 170, 174, 175, 179
Postage stamps, Secretary requested to procure ... 10
Penitentiary, regulation of ... 28, 198, 199
Prisoners, dicipline of ... 30, 217
Petition of Wm. Hoffman and others of Jacksonville in regard to lots in said town ... 32, 61

Provisons, inspestion of 33, 47, 68, 181, 142
Practice in courts, regulate same 33
Public instruction 73, 74
Provisional government, claims 75
Portland, Port of entry 84, 128, 187
Pilot Commissioners, report of 86, 249
Pilotage on Columbia and Willamet rivers 137, 180, 187, 233, 322
Pilotage on Umpqua river 137, 200
Polk county, commissioners for 130, 137, 159, 232
Penitentiary, locating lands for 167, 177, 213
Portland and Milwaukie Macadamized road, relating to 185
Portland, fire department of 217
Protest of Lane, Cox, Beall and Songer 260
Protest of Lane 284, 285
Prosecuting Attorney, fees of 318

Quartz mining, to regulate 34, 152, 180, 192, 235

Rules of last session, adopted 8
Reporters, invited to seats within the bar 10
Rules joint 13, 15, 16
Relations domestic 15
Revenue law 16, 22
Roads and highways 23, 66, 73, 85, 103, 104, 115, 128, 152, 153, 216, 325
Road and Ferries 20, 47, 67, 115
Representatives, joint return of votes 66, 134, 136, 159, 232, 316
Railroad 108, 112, 130, 144, 154, 260
Road from Portland to Dalles City 138, 202
Road from Dalles to Owyhee 138, 211
Revenue, increase of 320

Secretary of State, administered oath 4
Secretary of State, to furnish laws to members 9
Senator U. S., election of 10, 18, 19, 25, 26, 27
Stock male, from running at large 15, 29, 40, 59, 92, 104
Senate invited in Hall of House to hear the Governor's message read 16
School directors 34, 48, 71
Salmon, inspection of 34, 47, 68, 101, 128, 132, 199, 230, 310
Secretary of State, communication from 36, 37
Sureties, relating to 43, 47, 68, 166
Sovereignty and jurisdiction of State 43, 49, 71, 132, 164, 216
Surveyors, relating to 53
School tax, relating to 54, 66, 73, 195
Stockholderr, priviliges of 71
Surveyor of wood 134, 136, 159, 232, 240
School lands, relating to 174, 198, 233, 325
Suits against the State, authorized 188, 199, 238
Salem, incorporation of 206, 220, 221, 320
Schools common, relating to 221, 228, 324, 325
Superintendent public instruction 237, 287
State library 235
Secretary of State, thanks to 240
Speaker, thanks to 288

Thatcher E., elected Door-keeper 8
Taxes, collection of 19, 22, 34, 80, 143, 146, 148, 149, 150, 151, 161, 176, 177, 181, 182, 212, 213, 214, 322, 323
Trade marks 30, 79, 81, 82, 137, 138, 201, 239
Town plats, proprietors to record 42, 66, 73, 103, 160, 163, 178, 236

Treasurer State, to report condition of 70, 71, 78, 321
Treasurer, county..... . . . . 118, 135, 202, 203, 230 316
Taxes payment of, condition to vote 152
Turnpike, plank and macadamized roads, prohibition of 155, 174, 198
Treason, crime of 217
Treasury department, to regulate. 217, 283

Usury 13
Umatilla county, to amend act of 32, 57. 07, 87
Union, state of the 30, 63, 305
Umatilla incorporation of 42, 141, 147, 233
Union county, creation of 50, 126, 142, 143
Umatilla county, seat of justice 50, 63, 78
Umatilla county, special election in 66, 72, 102, 103, 159

Veto message.. . . . . 14, 15
Voters, qualification of 16, 30, 39, 44, 45, 46, 47, 84, 133, 147, 180, 193
Voting, to change mode of. 42, 119, 135
Veeder Aaron, relief of. 120, 170, 175, 199, 233, 316
Volunteers, bounty to.... . . . . 134, 136, 158
Voters engaged in rebellion not to vote. 139, 211, 241
Volunteers, resolution thanking. 243

Weights and measurers 15, 31, 147, 160
Walters E. L , relief of. 93, 127, 135, 185, 268
Whitman Dr., massacre of. 260. 261, 262, 263